

MEETING OF WALSALL HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO BE HELD IN PUBLIC ON THURSDAY 5 JULY 2018 AT 10.00 A.M. IN THE LECTURE SUITE, MLCC, MANOR HOSPITAL, WALSALL

For access to Board Reports in alternative accessible formats, please contact the Interim Trust Secretary via 01922 721172 Ext. 6838 or jackie.white@walsallhealthcare.nhs.uk

AGENDA

The Board of Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust has committed to undertake its Board Meetings in accordance with an etiquette that all Members have confirmed their agreement to. The purpose of the Etiquette is to enable the Board to make well-informed and high quality decisions based on a clear line of sight into the organisation.

ITEN	I	PURPOSE	BOARD LEAD	FORMAT	TIMING
1.	Patient Story	Learning		Verbal	10.00
СНА	IR'S BUSINESS				
2.	Apologies for Absence	Information	Chair	Verbal	10.30
3.	Declarations of Interest	Information	Chair	ENC 1	10.35
4.	Minutes of the Board Meeting Held on 7 June 2018	Approval	Chair	ENC 2	10.40
5.	Matters Arising and Action Sheet	Review	Chair	ENC 3	10.45
6.	Chair's Report	Information	Chair	ENC 4	10.50
7.	Chief Executive's Report	Information	Chief Executive	ENC 5	10.55
QUA	LITY IMPROVEMENT				
8.	Monthly Nursing and Midwifery Safer Staffing Report	Discussion	Acting Director of Nursing	ENC 6	11.00
9.	CQC Preparedness Update	Information	Chief Executive	ENC 7	11.10
10.	Annual Complaints Report	Approval	Acting Director of Nursing	ENC 8	11.20
11.	Quality and Safety Committee Highlight Report and Minutes	Information	Committee Chair	ENC 9	11.30
STA	FF ENGAGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT OF A	CLINICALLY I	LED ORGANIS	ATION	
12.	Update report on the assessment of the Clinical Leaders Development Programme	Discussion	Interim Director of OD & HR	ENC 10	11.40
13.	People & OD Committee Highlight Report and Minutes	Information	Committee Chair	ENC 11	11.50

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ITEM		PURPOSE	BOARD LEAD	FORMAT	TIMING	
BRE	AK – TEA/COFFEE PROVIDED				12.00	
FINA	NCIAL IMPROVEMENT					
14.	Financial Performance Month 2	Discussion	Director of Finance & Performance	ENC 12	12.10	
15.	Performance and Quality Report Month 2	Discussion	Director of Finance & Performance	ENC 13	12.20	
16.	Ultrasound business case	Approval	Chief Operating Officer	ENC 14	12.30	
17.	Performance, Finance & Investment Committee Highlight Report & Minutes	Information	Committee Chair	ENC 15	12.40	
DEVE	 ELOPING OUR CLINICAL SERVICES STRATE(GY				
18.	Partnership Update	Information	Director of Strategy & Improvement	ENC 16	12.50	
19.	Refresh of Trust Vision	Approval	Director of Strategy & Improvement	ENC 17	13.00	
GOV	ERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE					
20.	Audit Committee Highlight Report and Minutes	Information	Committee Chair	ENC 18	13.10	
21.	Charitable Funds Committee Highlight Report	Information	Committee Chair	ENC 19	13.20	
22.	Reflections from Meeting - Chair QUESTIONS FROM THE PUBLIC					
23.	DATE OF NEXT MEETING Public meeting on Thursday 2 August 2018 a Conference Centre, Manor Hospital	t 10.00 a.m. at	the Manor Lear	ning and		
23.	Exclusion to the Public – To invite the Press and Public to leave the meeting because of the confidential nature of the business about to be transacted (pursuant to Section 1(2) of the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960).					



MEETING OF THE PUBLIC TRUST BOARD – 5 th July 2018						
Declarations of Interest					AGE	NDA ITEM: 3
Report Author and Job	Jackie White Responsible D		Dai	nielle Oum		
Title:	Interim Trust	Secretary	Di	ector:		
Action Required	Approval	Decision	ı	Assurance a	nd In	formation X
				To receive and discuss	nd	To receive
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Boa	rd a	are asked to:		
	Note the rep	ort				
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	There are no risk implications associated with this report.					s report.
Resource implications	There are no	resource imp	olica	ations associat	ed w	ith this report.
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equality & diversity implications associated with this paper.					tions associated
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme					
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership					
	Improve our financial health through our					
	robust improvement programme Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts					















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The report presents a Register of Directors' interests to reflect the interests of the Trust Board members.

The register is available to the public and to the Trust's internal and external auditors, and is published on the Trust's website to ensure both transparency and also compliance with the Information Commissioner's Office Publication Scheme.



Register of Directors Interests at May 2018

Name	Position/Role at Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust	Interest Declared		
Ms	Chair	Board Member: West Midlands Housing Group		
Danielle		Board Member: Wrekin Housing		
Oum		Chair Healthwatch Birmingham		
		Committee Member: Healthwatch England		
Professor Russell	Non-executive Director	Director, shareholder: CloudTomo- security company – pre commercial.		
Beale		Founder & minority shareholder: BeCrypt – computer security company.		
		Director, owner: Azureindigo – health & behaviour		
		change company, working in the health (physical & mental) domains; producer of educational courses for		
		various organisations including in the health domain.		
		Academic, University of Birmingham: research into health & technology – non-commercial.		
		Spouse: Dr Tina Newton, is a consultant in Paediatric		
		A&E at Birmingham Children's Hospital & co-director		
		of Azureindigo.		
		Journal Editor, Interacting with Computers.		
		Governor, Hodnet Primary School.		
		Honorary Race Coach, Worcester Schools Sailing Association.		
		Non-executive Director for Birmingham and Solihull Mental Health Trust with effect from January 2017.		
Mr John Dunn	Non-executive Director	No Interests to declare.		
Ms Paula Furnival	Associate Non- executive	Executive Director of Adult Social Care, Walsall Council.		
	Director	Governing Body Member Walsall Clinical		
		Commissioning Group – in role as Director of		
		Adult Social Care.		
		Director of North Staffs Rentals Ltd		
		Member of West Midlands Clinical Senate (NHS)		
Mrs Victoria Harris	Non-executive Director	Manager at Dudley & Walsall Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust		
	21100101	Governor, All Saints CE Primary School Trysull		
		Husband, (Dean Harris) Deputy Director of IT at		
		Sandwell & West Birmingham Hospital from March 2017		



Name	Position/Role at Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust	Interest Declared
Mr Sukhbinder Heer	Non-executive Director	Non-executive Director of Hadley Industries PLC (Manufacturing) Partner of Qualitas LLP (Property Consultancy). Non-executive Director Birmingham Community NHS Foundation Trust (NHS Entity). Chair of Mayfair Capital (Financial Advisory).
Mr Philip Gayle Mr Richard Beeken	Non-executive Director Chief Executive	Chief Executive Newservol (charitable organisation – services to mental health provision). Spouse, Fiona Beeken is a Midwifery Lecturer at Wolverhampton University.
Mr Russell Caldicott	Director of Finance and Performance	Chair and Executive Member of the Branch of the West Midlands Healthcare Financial Management Association
Mr Daren Fradgley	Director of Strategy and Transformation	Director of Oaklands Management Company Clinical Adviser NHS 111/Out of Hours
Mr Amir Khan	Medical Director	Trustee of UK Rehabilitation Trust International Trustee of Dow Graduates Association of Northern Europe Director of Khan's Surgical Director and Trustee of the Association of Physicians of Pakistani Origin of Northern Europe
Mrs Louise Ludgrove	Interim Director of Organisational Development & Human Resources	Director of Ludgrove Consultancy Services Ltd.
Mr Philip Thomas- Hands	Chief Operating Officer	Non-executive Director, Aspire Housing Association, Stoke-on-Trent. Spouse, Nicola Woodward is a senior manager in Specialised Surgery at University Hospital North Midlands.
Ms Kara Blackwell	Acting Director of Nursing	N/A
Ms Jenna Davies	Director of Governance	N/A

Report Author: Jackie White, Interim Trust Secretary **Date of report:** 5th July 2018

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board are asked to note the report



MINUTES OF THE PUBLIC MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS WALSALL HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST HELD ON THURSDAY 7th JUNE 2018 AT 10:00 a.m. IN THE LECTURE SUITE, MANOR LEARNING & CONFERENCE CENTRE, MANOR HOSPITAL, WALSALL

Present:

Ms D Oum
Mr J Dunn
Mr S Heer
Mrs V Harris
Professor R Beale
Mr P Gayle
Mr R Beeken
Mr A Khan

Mr P Thomas-Hands Ms K Blackwell

In Attendance:

Mrs P Furnival Mrs L Ludgrove

Mr D Fradgley Ms J Davies Mrs J White Mr T Kettle Miss J Wells

Members of the Public 0 Members of Staff 2 Members of the Press / Media Observers 2 Chair of the Board of Directors

Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Chief Executive
Medical Director

Chief Operating Officer Acting Director of Nursing

Associate Non-Executive Director Interim Director of Organisational Development and Human Resources

Director of Strategy & Improvement Director of Governance Interim Trust Secretary Deputy Director of Finance Senior Executive PA (Minutes)

044/18 Staff Story

Dr Waterhouse Director of Medical Education, attended the meeting with Dr Hirushi Jayasekera and Dr Olivia Cooper, Foundation Year 1 Doctors to share with the board members, their experience of their placements at Walsall Healthcare.

Dr Waterhouse introduced the Junior Doctors and explained that there were currently 100 trainees within the Trust. The Trust strived to provide the best possible training and experience and making it an attractive place to work for trainees selecting their placements, encouraging working more imaginatively to recruit and retain.

Dr Hirushi Jayasekera and Dr Olivia Cooper gave a presentation providing positive feedback and identified areas for improvement from their experience which were;

Training and teaching

- Palliative Care
- Multi-Disciplinary Team Approach
- Enthusiasm and Teamwork

Opportunities for improvement were reported;

- Incident Reporting
- BLEEP Project
- Electronic System
- Rota Gaps
- Elements of teaching such as SIM real life.

The Junior Doctors also shared a video of other FY1's feedback and why they chose to work at Walsall.

Ms Oum thanked the team for attending and sharing their work with board members. Ms Oum added that the presentation was fascinating and was pleased to hear their experiences.

Questions and Comments

Mr Khan thanked the Doctors for their presentation and the fantastic work they were doing. Mr Khan expressed appreciation that the team not only highlighted problems, but provided solutions, adding that the electronic system was under review for consideration prior to the next intake of trainees.

Mrs Ludgrove was delighted to hear the positive feedback, particularly in relation to the hospital reputation and friendly atmosphere. Mrs Ludgrove queried if the FY1s had been involved in the Human Factors work? In response Dr Waterhouse explained that simulation teaching with all doctors needed to improve and would be included in the development of the curriculum with human factors. Quality improvement was the focus.

Mr Fradgley was encouraged by seeing how the FY1s worked through problems, detailing how to respond and resolve. Mr Fradgley offered support in developing electronic bleeps and would review the practicalities with his teams.

DF

Mr Fradgley asked what opportunities of continued pathways into place based care were available. Dr Cooper replied that the training pathway and community placements formed part of the FY2's training.

Professor Beale referenced a recurring theme from the Friends and Family Test in relation to communication with patients and asked what training they had received. Dr Cooper replied that there was a heavy communication skills focus at medical school which had put the trainees in good stead, though further development of those skills within the Trust training sessions would be welcomed. Dr Waterhouse agreed that training at medical school had been developed however more could be done within the Trust.

Mr Thomas-Hands gave credit to the teams asked how the

management team linked with junior doctors, in order to make changes and obtain new ideas and experiences in working and planning. Dr Waterhouse advised that the link to management was already being discussed with Mr Beeken.

Dr Waterhouse gave thanks to the team for sharing their story with the board members and requested a Non-Executive Director be aligned with the medical education base in order to embed at board level.

Ms Oum thanked Dr Waterhouse for her input and fresh approach towards education and training. Ms Oum encouraged closer working between the board and the junior doctors, advising that there was a Non-Executive Director vacancy currently under recruitment.

045/18 Apologies for Absence

Apologies were noted from Mr Russell Caldicott, Director of Finance & Performance.

Ms Oum formally introduced Ms Jenna Davies, Director of Governance who joined the Trust at the beginning of the week.

046/18 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations made.

047/18 Minutes of the Board Meeting Held in Public 3rd May 2018

The minutes of the meeting held on 3rd May 2018 were approved as a correct record.

Resolution

The Board approved the minutes of the meeting held on the 3rd May 2018 as an accurate record.

048/18 Matters Arising and Action Sheet

The Board received the action sheet and the following updates were provided;

195/17 Performance & Quality Report – A report was completed and reviewed at the last Trust Board meeting. Mr Beeken advised that each Executive Director had been asked to consider changes they would make to reports and to condense the number of indicators reported upon and the new format aligned to a new framework. Though the timeframe may shift, there was a commitment that the revised format and condensed indicators would be in place by mid-July 2018. Mr Dunn requested an early involvement prior to mid-July.

225/17 Patient Care Improvement Plan – Mr Fradgley updated that two meetings had now taken place with a further meeting planned in 2 weeks. Discussion would take place during the Private Trust Board meeting.

035/18 Performance & Quality Report – Ms Blackwell was arranging a

meeting with Mrs Furnival and would be conducting a review of the whole structure.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the progress on the action sheet.

049/18 Chair's Report

Ms Oum presented the report which was taken as read.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the Chair's report and update.

050/18 Chief Executive's Report

Mr Beeken presented the report, advising that there was an attachment which would form a regular feature, setting out the national guidance instruction requests which were received by the Chief Executive on a monthly basis. Mr Beeken highlighted the following key points;

Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme –

- Yesterday marked the end of an unannounced two day CQC inspection of maternity.
- Reaffirmed discussions were taking place in regards to the Patient Care Improvement Pan that appeared to have slipped somewhat in prominence.

Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership –

- The Pulsecheck Survey was launched on 4th June and closes on 22nd June 2018. Over 400 responses had been received to date which equated to around 10% of the workforce. The target was set at 50%.
- The Leadership Conference would take place on 6th July 2018 with an expected 250 Trust leaders attending the event. The new values framework would be launched at the event and workshops would be held dedicated to quality improvement leadership.

Ms Our recommended board members attendance the Leadership Conference, utilising the opportunity to engage with a large number of colleagues and input into the workshops.

Questions and Comments

Professor Beale commented that it may not be conducive to receive whole sets of guidelines contained within the report each month and suggested that they were uploaded to the Reading Room.

Mr Heer queried how the Trust could make CQC visits business as usual and sustainable rather than seeking outside help in order to prepare.

Mr Beeken replied that the Trust could only be removed from special measures by ensuring that the fundamentals of care were right.

Compliance and mandatory training was being taken seriously.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

051/18 Serious Incident Report

Ms Blackwell presented the Serious Incident report and highlighted the following key points;

- A new structured report would be introduced at the next Trust Board meeting.
- There was an increased trend in the number of serious incidents reported, the majority related to pressure ulcers.
- There were two patient falls that involved fractures and two incidents in relation to infection control.

Questions and Comments

Mr Gayle queried the number of tissue viability issues, in particular the increased number of heel ulcers.

Ms Blackwell replied that unstageable ulcers were not previously reported upon. There was a robust Root Cause Analysis process in place which included the CCG, though Ms Blackwell agreed that there needed to be increased pace in identifying incidents that were avoidable. Air mattresses were useful for pressure ulcers but were not effective for heels. Preventative work was underway to encourage keeping heels elevated. An improvement trajectory and on-going training in a number of languages were being introduced.

Ms Our reiterated that a number of work streams were ongoing to ensure accurate reporting and reassurance. The Quality and Safety Committee were to monitor progress and provide feedback to the board through the highlight report.

Q&S

Mr Dunn observed that only 14 near misses were reported, highlighting the need to be more proactive. Ms Blackwell replied that near misses within Pharmacy were recorded in-house and would liaise with them in terms of learning. Staff were being encouraged to report near misses.

Mr Heer raised concern in the increase in trends of serious incidents. Mr Beeken responded that moderate harm incidents had seen a small increase but stated that a large proportion related to pressure ulcers. The number of severe harm incidents remained low; overall the Trust remained within reasonable comparable parameters to other Trusts.

Mr Heer suggested reviewing benchmarking against other NHS organisations. Ms Blackwell replied that a review had taken place and the difference lay within how incidents were reported. The Trust documented two avoidable incidents during April 2018, which was comparable to others. Though it was not easy to obtain a benchmark figure, other peers in the area had been contacted to ascertain their reporting practice.

Ms Oum referenced an incident relating to anticoagulants and asked Ms Blackwell to ensure that learning from a previous similar incident had taken place. Ms Blackwell confirmed that there were two different issues and there had not been a repeat of a previous incident. Mr Khan advised that actions taken had been included in the audit programme of care groups and had been addressed by them. Detailed actions with completion dates would be presented to the Quality and Safety Committee. Mr Khan also confirmed that the incident differed to a previous incident, following which the policy was changed and was not a factor. Ms Oum asked for assurance to be Q&S provided to the Quality and Safety Committee.

Resolution

The Board:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- The Quality and Safety Committee would review actions and assurance.

052/18 **Monthly Nursing and Midwifery Safer Staffing Report**

Ms Blackwell presented the report and highlighted the following key points;

- The Trust was compliant with an overall fill rate achieving 90% during April 2018.
- Patient stay figures had improved but remained below in comparison to peers and national reporting.
- Work on e-rostering and e-rostering compliance was ongoing.
- An NHSI report was anticipated to be received during June and would be presented to board members at the July Trust Board meeting.

Questions and Comments

Mr Dunn noted the report contained many green areas but spend was still out of control. Mr Dunn stated that he expected a full report and action plan to address the current spend level.

Mr Beeken advised that there had been difficulties in extracting the report from the NHSI team and had therefore escalated to the national team. Without the report, work on expenditure could not progress. Upon receipt, the paper and recommendation would be reviewed by the Quality and Safety Committee and the Performance, Finance and Investment Committee in June the Trust Board in July.

Mr Dunn expressed concern that actions would not be implemented until Quarter 2 and would have an impact upon the overall sustainability position. Mr Beeken replied that some work streams were continuing following a number of detailed emails.

Mr Heer queried the date of the acuity tool rollout and how effectiveness would be managed. Ms Blackwell replied that the roll out would take place during mid-June and would be used daily with an appropriate accountability structure.

Professor Beale expressed concern in relation to low average care hours per day though staffing levels had risen and what actions were being taken to understand and make improvements.

Ms Blackwell advised that it would form part of the feedback from NHSI.

Ms Oum asked for consideration to making the best use of skills, ability and a realistic pace. Implementation would be during Quarter 2 and would need to be driven forward quickly.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

053/18 Patient Experience Report

Ms Blackwell presented the report that had been reviewed by the Quality and Safety Committee and highlighted the following points:

- The Friends and Family Test response rates for Outpatients and the Emergency Department had shown signs of improvement. Response rates remained low across maternity services, though there were also slight improvements.
- There was an increase in complaints in Quarter 4 with themes relating to communication, attitude and discharge. Refocus of communications would follow the launch of the new Trust values.

Questions and Comments

Professor Beale referenced that the Friends and Family Test response rates had improved though the feedback in general, though the Emergency Department remained poor.

Ms Oum suggested that a set of actions were reviewed at the Quality and Safety Committee.

Q&S

Ms Blackwell advised that a communications and attitude pilot had been completed with admin staff and would be rolled out to areas that received a high number of complaints.

Mr Beeken asked whether learning from complaints had been highlighted with the areas concerned. Ms Blackwell replied that discussions had taken place with the complaints team and feedback would be given at divisional reviews.

Ms Our observed that there was lots of information provided about positive work done but the report did not show a sense of targeted anticipated achievement.

Resolution

The Board:

Received and noted the content of the report.

054/18 Quality Account 2017/18

Ms Blackwell presented the Quality Account 2017/18 and sought to delegate authority to the Q&S Committee to approve the completed account at the June meeting prior to the submission deadline date of 30th June 2018.

Questions and Comments

Mr Heer asked for a highlight of work being to be produced in a format that could be used for the population and wider stakeholders.Mr Beeken stated that information from the account would be built into communications.

Mr Fradgley advised that learning had been taken forward from the previous year, informing that communications would be built upon following approval and cascaded with staff and publically.

The board members approved delegation to the Quality and Safety Committee.

Resolution

The Board:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- Approved delegation of approval to the Quality and Safety Committee.

055/18 Quality and Safety Committee Highlight Report and Minutes

Professor Beale presented the highlight report from the most recent meeting held on 31st May 2018, together with the approved minutes of the meeting held on 26th April 2018.

Professor Beal advised that steps had been taken to reduce the agenda, adding that presentations from divisions were not routinely necessary.

Questions and Comments

Ms Oum queried the assurance received in light of the rise of c. dificile cases. Mr Khan advised that the cases were unavoidable and there was no pattern. Mr Khan added that there had been a reported case of MRSA. A review was undertaken and established that the case was unavoidable and that the patient was already harbouring the virus. Until this reported case, the Trust had been MRSA free for over 1000 days.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

056/18 CCG Preparation

Mr Beeken presented the report which was taken as read.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

057/18 CNST Incentive Scheme Response

Ms Blackwell presented the report, advising that the Trust were

compliant of 6 out of 10 of the initiatives currently. By the end of June, the Trust would be compliant with 8 out of 10. The board members were asked to approve the report prior to submission to NHSI.

Questions and Comments

Mr Heer queried which initiatives were not compliant. Ms Blackwell replied that actions 1, 6, 8 and 10 were not yet compliant. Work was underway for completion by the end of Quarter 2 with a view to training compliance by the end of Quarter 3, due to the scale of the task.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report and approved submission.

058/18 Workforce Update

Mrs Ludgrove advised that a Kings Fund update would be provided at the next Trust Board meeting.

059/18 Financial Performance Month 1

The Financial Performance for month 1 was reviewed and the following key points were highlighted;

- Deficit of £2.4m in month 1, in line with the plan.
- CIP was behind plan in month 1, delivering £0.16m.
- Temporary workforce had reduced in month but remained high against the same period last year.

Questions and Comments

Mr Dunn expressed disappointment to the start of the year. It didn't appear as though lessons had been learnt on profiling the CIP. Mr Dunn stated that trajectory and spend on temporary staffing full year effect was worrying and asked to ensure that the financial recovery plan was reviewed at the Performance, Finance and Investment Committee in June. A plan was required in order to ensure delivery.

PFIC

Mr Beeken agreed with Mr Dunn's comments and shared concern. Work on temporary workforce was underway and hoped to be alleviated with rota discipline and annual leave reviews being undertaken by Ms Blackwell.

Mr Gayle observed that the Trust appeared to be in the same position as the previous year with temporary staffing. Medical and nursing staffing spikes during March. Mr Gayle queried what plans and assurance could the board receive.

Ms Blackwell replied that the previous report did show a reduction in temporary staffing during April, indicating a downwards trend, though there was further work to do with managing sickness and roster management. Mr Thomas-Hands stated that the Trust were in a better place in comparison to the previous year and were performing better. Theatres had improved but agreed that they were still not at the point anticipated but gave assurance that issues were being addressed. RTT performance was the highest it had been in two years with more patients being treated quickly. Fewer beds were also utilised in comparison to the same time the previous year. 4 hour performance currently stood at 89%.

Ms Oum observed that clearly a lot of work was underway but acknowledged that the Trust was not in a comfortable position. Ms Oum stated that discipline in preparation for divisional quarterly reviews assisted to pull process back and should be considered again.

Ms Oum recognised the work in progress but expressed concern about progress. Ms Oum asked for Mr Dunn, Mr Heer and Mr Caldicott to discuss and give consideration to the quarterly review and process used previously in terms of financial improvement.

Resolution

The Board:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- The Performance, Finance and Investment Committee would review the financial recovery plan.
- Mr Dunn, Mr Heer and Mr Caldicott to discuss progress and divisional quarterly reviews.

060/18 Performance and Quality Report Month 1

Mr Kettle presented the Performance and Quality Report for month 1 and highlighted the following key points:

- A&E Target 4 hour: April had a trajectory of 83% which was exceeded and delivered 86%.
- Cancer: All 8 metrics were achieved during March. Unvalidated performance for April showed non-achievement against 62 day referral to treatment.
- 18 week Referral to Treatment: Performance had improved to 85.89%.
- 3 cases of C. Difficile had been reported and 1 case of MRSA.

Mr Thomas-Hands advised that referral to treatment performance for May was on track to deliver 88%. A&E 4 hour performance had recently stood at 84/85% but had improved recently to 89%. ECIP were undertaking meetings with operational leads. All medical wards will be working to new ward principles from 15thJune.

Questions and Comments

Mr Beeken referenced the new breach allocation rules and cut off point of tertiary centre for cancer standards, querying how it was working.

JD/SH/RC

Mr Thomas-Hands advised that it was too early to say. A review would take place. A review with the cancer team would be arranged to mitigate risks as the new rules were open to interpretation. Feedback would be provided to the Performance, Finance and Investment Committee.

Mr Fradgley referred to the ECIP work and frailty pathway, stating that challenges had been experienced that would have an impact upon length of stay in the Emergency Department due to the pathway becoming fragmented. National advice had been sought and renewed links with community teams. The Trust had joined the acute frailty network and were working together with challenging front door figures.

Professor Beale advised that safeguarding training had been discussed at the Quality and Safety Committee in relation to a capacity issue within the Childs Safeguarding Team and was waiting funding from the CCG. Professor Beale queried whether the funding had been approved.

Ms Blackwell advised that there was an issue in terms of the capacity to deliver the multi-agency safeguarding training which was awaiting a response from the CCG.

Ms Oum advised that she had visited the team earlier in the week, who had advised her that there was difficulty experienced with releasing staff to attend training.

Ms Our observed that the midwife to birth ratio was still reported as red and asked what issues were hindering moving to green. Ms Blackwell replied that a discussion had taken place at the Maternity Oversight meeting. The national target was 100% and the Trust was performing at 99%.

Mr Heer advised that there were still some blanks contained within the balance scorecard. Mr Beeken agreed and advised that he had met with members of the Information Team the previous day and had discussed the need to align the measurable indicators to the organisation priorities and risks.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

061/18 Performance, Finance & Investment Committee Highlight Report and Minutes

Mr Dunn presented the highlight report of the meeting held on 30th May 2018, together with the approved minutes of the meeting held on 21st February 2018 and the extra-ordinary meeting held on 8th March 2018.

Mr Dunn advised that most of the highlighted points had been discussed during the agenda items covered so far. Mr Dunn reiterated his disappointment in regard to financial performance. The surgery team presented at the committee, which was well structured. Though there was lots of work to be done, there was a marked change.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

062/18 Partnership Update

Mr Fradgley presented the update and highlighted the following key points;

- Significant progress had been made with MDTs within Walsall.
 A number of practices were online with the right people. The number represented a 1/5th of practices.
- The project had a full time MDT coordinator and early results suggested that it was having a positive affect and increased pace of delivery.
- There were delays in the progress of the case for change for the Walsall Together business case for delivery in October 2018. There was a shared belief that the issued had been resolved which related to issues outside of the organisation which were complex and revolved around cultural issues and the ability to work together.
- Recognition of the benefits of the integration journey should not be delayed. Executives were looking to create a community division with adult services within the Trust and introducing an Integration Director.

Questions and Comments

Mrs Furnival supported Mr Fradgley's report and update. Item 5 of the paper outlined the structure and framework and assured that all were engaged. Development time with staff was proving successful, with 2 of the 4 localities working as integrated teams and health colleague's involvement. An advert had been released to appoint an Operations Director to work with intermediate care services.

Ms Oum noted the progress made and advised further discussion would take place within the private section of the Trust Board.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

063/18 Audit Committee Highlight Report

Mr Heer provided a verbal update of the meeting held on 30th April 2018. The following key points were highlighted;

- An extraordinary board meeting was held and reviewed the audit accounts following the last Audit Committee meeting.
- Audit received the year end final accounts and the opinion from auditors and the head of internal audit.
- The Extraordinary board committee approved the accounts and submitted prior to 29th May 2018 deadline.

Resolution

The Board received and noted the content of the report.

064/18 Annual Self certification provider licence

Ms Oum thanked Mrs White for her assistance ensuring that the Trust was compliant. The report was taken as read and approved by the board members.

Resolution

The Board:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- Approved and declared compliance with condition G6 and FT4.

065/18 Annual Report 2017/18

Mr Fradgley presented the report, advising that the Audit Committee recommended approval from the Trust Board. The audited report had been approved by internal audit, subject to some minor amendments. The narrative and compliance received approval by auditors.

The board approved the Annual Report 2017/18.

Resolution

The Board:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- Approved the Annual Report 2017/18.

066/18 Questions from the Public

Mr Lemord, Staff Representative referenced the financial plans and cautioned board members not make any knee jerk reactions in an effort to get back on track.

Mr Beeken replied that the Trust was in quality special measures which ultimately meant that the Trust could not impose financial constraint that impacted upon safety or experience.

The good use of resources, discipline and better productivity were key focus, though it was a slow burn process. Mr Beeken reiterated that patient safety and clinical effectiveness would not be put in jeopardy.

Mr Lemord advised that staff were under pressure and felt undervalued. Mrs Ludgrove replied that meetings took place regularly with staff representatives to discuss issues and concerns. There was clearly a focus on recovering the financial position and it was clear that there was a consistent and high profile emphasis on quality throughout the organisation and patient care.

Ms Oum thanked Mr Lemord for his comments.

Ms Oum took the opportunity to introduce Ms Suzie Loader who had joined the Trust as Improvement Director and wished farewell to Mrs Sue Holden.

067/18 Date of Next Meeting

The next meeting of the Trust Board held in public would be on Thursday 5th July 2018 at 10:00a.m. in the Lecture Suite, Manor Learning and Conference Centre, Manor Hospital, Walsall.

Resolution:

The Board resolved to invite the Press and Public to leave the meeting because of the confidential nature of the business about to be transacted (pursuant to Section 1(2) of the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960.





PUBLIC TRUST BOARD ACTION SHEET

Minute Reference/Date Item Title	Action Description	Assigned to	Deadline Date	Progress Update	Status
206/17 07/12/2017 Risk Management	Executive team to review the Corporate Risk Register to review the action required to address the large number of static risks.	Executive Directors	02/08/18	Update Work under way – further work required. Focus on monthly basis as executive team.	
	Trust Secretary to work with the Executive Team to review the number of risks on the CRR and to provide greater clarity on the risk descriptions.	Executive Directors & Trust Secretary	02/08/18	Update A review of the risk register will take place during May with a view to an updated risk register being presented to Board in July	
	Review Board Assurance Framework to ensure the right challenges were articulated with a view to there being fewer BAF risks.	Trust Secretary	02/08/18	Update The new Director of Governance together with the Trust Secretary is reviewing the BAF and a revised BAF will be presented in August.	
226/17 02/02/2018 Patient Care Improvement Plan	Further work on the action plan to be undertaken and brought back through the March Quality and Safety Committee and April Trust Board.	Interim Director of Nursing	02/08/18	Update The PCIP is currently under review with a specific focus on aligning the plan to KPIs.	
009/18 05/04/2018 Mortality Report	Consideration of a Medical Examiner and benchmarking process to be discussed at the Quality and Safety Committee.	Medical Director	03/05/2018	Update Being progressed through the Mortality Surveillance Group	



PUBLIC TRUST BOARD ACTION SHEET

Minute Reference/Date Item Title	Action Description	Assigned to	Deadline Date	Progress Update	Status
035/18 Performance & Quality Report	Ms Blackwell to liaise with Mrs Furnival regarding the offer of assistance in relation to multi-agency training.	Acting Director or Nursing	02/08/2018	Update Ms Blackwell and Mrs Furnival have a meeting in place to agree this action	
044/18 Staff Story	Mr Fradgley offered support in developing electronic bleeps issue raised by FY1s and would review the practicalities with his teams.	Director of Strategy & Improveme nt	02/09/2018	Update Meeting took place on the 2 nd June 2018.	
059/18 Financial Performance Month 1	Mr Dunn, Mr Heer and Mr Caldicott to discuss and give consideration to the quarterly review and process used previously in terms of financial improvement.	Director of Finance	05/07/2018		

Key to RAG rating

Action completed within agreed original timeframe	Action on track for delivery within agreed original timeframe
Action deferred once, but there is evidence that work is now progressing towards completion	Action deferred twice or more.



MEETING OF THE PUBLIC	TRUST BOA	RD – 5 th July	20	18		
Chair's Report					AGE	NDA ITEM: 6
Report Author and Job	Danielle Oum, Chair Responsible			Dai	nielle Oum, Chair	
Title:			Dii	ector:		
Action Required	Approval	Decision	1	Assurance a	nd In	formation
				To receive ar	nd	To receive X
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Boa	rd a	are asked to:		
	Note the report					
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	There are no risk implications associated with this report.					s report.
Resource implications	There are no	resource imp	olica	ations associat	ed w	ith this report.
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equality & diversity implications associated with this paper.					ions associated
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme					
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership					
	Improve our financial health through our X					
	Develop the on service in	robust improvement programme Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts				















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The report contains information that the Chair wants to bring to the Board's attention and includes a summary of the meetings attended and activity undertaken by the chair since the last Board meeting.

In keeping with the Trust's refocusing on core fundamentals, this report has been restructured to fit with the organisational priority objectives for the coming year.

With regard to the priorities 3 and 4, I have embarked on a programme of engagement with colleagues and stakeholders to communicate our organisational focus as well as gather perspectives and triangulate information to contribute to Board assurance.



Chair's Update

PRIORITY OBJECTIVES FOR 2018/19

1. Quality improvement

I met with volunteers at Goscote during Volunteer's Week. I was impressed by their commitment and the assistance they provide for the benefit of patients.

I am pleased to announced the appointment of 2 new Non-Executive Directors – Anne Baines and Alan Yates who will joining the Board in early July.

2. Financial improvement

I was pleased to chair an Extraordinary Board meeting to approve the Trust's Operational Plan which sets out our ambitions for the coming year.

3. Improving staff engagement and development of a clinically led organisation Unfortunately, a clinical Non-Executive Director was not appointed during recent interviews. A further advertisement will be made shortly.

Colleagues continue to be generous in accommodating me to work shadow and visit services. I am seeing high levels of professionalism and ambitions to improve services for patients. I am also seeing challenges facing colleagues delivering services on the frontline, providing important context when considering issues at board level. More visits are planned over the coming months.

4. Developing our Clinical Services Strategy through organisational collaboration I met with members of Healthwatch at a Quarterly Review meeting. I have met with several candidates ahead of the Medical Director and Director of Nursing Executive Director interviews.

Meetings attended / services visited

Learning Disability Team Regional Talent Board Head of Nursing – Surgery Maternity Oversight Meeting Medicines Team

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board are asked to note the report

Danielle Oum

July 2018



Chief Executive's report				AGE	ENDA ITEM: 7	
Report Author and Job	Richard Bee	eken,	Responsible	Ch	Chief Executive	
Γitle:	Chief Execu	Chief Executive Director:				
	Jackie Whit	e.				
	Interim Con	,				
		ірапу				
	Secretary	T=				
Action Required	Approval	Decision	Assuranc	e and Ir	nformation X	
			To receive	e and	To receive	
			discuss			
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Boa	rd are asked t	0:		
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline Resource implications	CEO Seek reque appre been will o actio The report of	 Receive the attachment which sets out national regulat guidance, instruction and best practice received by the CEO's office during May 2018 Seek assurance that the key actions in relation to regulat requests and best practice, are being taken forward by appropriate executive director. An assurance system have been established by the Interim Company Secretary which will oversee evidence of each key request having been actioned The report contains actions and information which are relevant all Trust strategic objectives and will, in some part, address Band Trust risks 				
Toodan oo iiii piiraan oo ii	this report			poac	5.10 mar 100p001 t	
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are n with this par	•	ality & diversity	implica	tions associated	
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our journey on patient safety and X clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme					
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership				Х	
	Improve ou	ır financial hea ovement progr	_	r	Х	
		clinical service		used	Х	

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Chief Executive's report

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of the reports is to keep the Board appraised of the high level, critical activities which the organisation has been engaged in during the past month, with regard to the delivery of the four organisational priorities for 2018/19. The report also seeks to set out to the Board, the significant level of guidance, instruction and best practice adoption we received during May 2018 and assures the Board through an allocation to the relevant executive director.

2. BACKGROUND

The Trust has agreed four priorities for 2018/19. These will drive the bulk of our action as a wider leadership team and organisation:

- Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme
- Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership
- Improve our financial health through our robust improvement programme
- Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts

3. PROGRESS AGAINST OUR FOUR OBJECTIVES

Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme

Our preparations for CQC inspection, including the new assessment process for "well-led" and "use of resources" continues at a good pace. Weekly meetings, chaired by myself, with Divisional and corporate leaders, focus on the quick wins we need to resolve (ie. Bed storage, environmental improvements, intensive oversight of our mandatory training compliance improvements) as well as the implementation of a wide ranging and 'three dimensional' quality audit process, which will assess ward and service capability against a wide range of quality indicators and PCIP evidence.

Suzie Loader, Improvement Consultant, is also working with Divisions to ensure that the PCIP, our quality improvement plan, measures outputs and wherever possible, outcomes. Through this process, we will develop a significant proportion of the quality element of our intended new integrated performance report/dashboard. Suzie is also developing the next phase of our Board development work on well-led, and a clear



announcement about next steps will be made shortly on this, once the Chair and myself have agreed the method and content.

Our maternity services received a 2 day unannounced inspection on 5th and 6th June, which colleagues in that service responded to well. The inspection team have now sent us a formal letter to give initial feedback, which was largely positive with regard to progress on the concerns raised in 2015 and 2017 inspections. We are, as yet, unclear about whether the CQC are planning a wider inspection, a focused inspection on key areas of risk or are purely concentrating their scrutiny on maternity services. I recommend that we continue to prepare the organisation to be "inspection ready", whatever final approach taken by the CQC emerges.

Improve our financial health through our robust improvement programme

There are two key developments to report here. Firstly, at our Private Board session last month, we accepted the Provider Sustainability Fund offer from NHSI and will be submitting a plan on 20/6 which reflects the control total we have agreed to. That is to work to a deficit plan of £15.6 million for 2018/19, which, net of a PSF contribution of £5 million, will leave the organisation with a deficit of £10.6 million at year end, assuming full delivery of the plan. I found the Board discussions on this to be both mature and diligent, carefully assessing the risks of the two options available to us. On balance, the capital benefits, fines immunisation and significant step towards financial balance and sustainability, were persuasive factors in our decision. The executive team will now work on the communications approach to the organisation on this, which we agreed at our team meeting on 19/6.

Secondly, the executive team, led by the work of the Chief Operating Officer, continue to work on whether there should be an amendment to our plan submission driven by a change to our approach to managing beds, bed occupancy and activity. Walsall Healthcare has the highest residual bed occupancy in the region, yet, like many Trusts, our ambitious plans for patient flow and length of stay improvement, are part of our financial plan, in the form of seasonal bed closures and savings on the associated staffing costs. Whilst this approach saves money, it necessarily artificially increases bed occupancy, making attainment of the ED improvement trajectory, increasingly difficult. Instead, we are closely examining whether the income associated with additional elective activity, combined with marginal reductions in the negotiated unit cost of supplementary nursing staff, can mitigate the CIP attributed to the bed flexibility plan. If so proven, we will be able to achieve a better balance between safe patient flow, ED standard attainment and financial delivery. I will be able to report on our conclusions with regard to this important consideration, next time.

Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership

Some strong candidates are coming forward for the key posts of Executive Medical Director and Director of Nursing. I am increasingly confident that we will make appointments to both posts at our recruitment process for each on 3rd and 4th July



respectively. The Medical Director and I continue our discussions with a key individual who could bring clinical leadership experience and new ideas for our MLTC Division, from outside the organisation. In the spirit of our new way of working, we are starting work with the Local Authority on a joint appointment to the Director of Community Services role, an essential precursor to the creation of a community division in the Trust, anticipating the Walsall Together business case conclusions. We are also in discussions with the Local Authority over the appointment of a joint Head of Therapy Services role, another important break from the tradition of managing such appointments purely along organisational lines.

At the time of writing, we continue to chase down responses to the LiA Pulsecheck survey of staff opinion and had, on 19/6, over 1400 responses. The deadline is 22/6. We feel a response rate of over 2000 will represent nearly 50% of the staff in the Trust and will be a statistically significant response, which should help us to tailor our plans on staff engagement and quality improvement, with more certainty.

Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts

All statutory partners have now agreed to the costs of both leadership team development and business case development, for Walsall Together. As aspirant host provider, we need to continue to push the provider board partners to the next stage in this key work, particularly focusing on engagement of primary care colleagues in the business case development, focusing on practical, patient centred benefits. The next provider board will be crucial, as it should be the first at which both LMC and locality GP representatives attend. It will be a vital litmus test of GP opinion about our methods and intentions.

At STP level, it is important to report back that there is unanimity of view between all STP partners, that the construct of an Integrated Care System in the Black Country should be firmly based on place based developments in care provision within each of the four boroughs. It was unanimously agreed that whilst there was potential for Black Country-wide resilience improvements in mental health, capturing more tertiary/cancer work from Birmingham and some elements of integration of acute hospital services, the biggest benefits would continue to be delivered through health promotion and preventative health and social care actions, within the four boroughs. At the health leaders STP meeting, each acute hospital Trust has committed now to undertaking or completing an acute service sustainability review so that we can be collectively clear about the services which would benefit from collaborative action, before the end of August 2018.

4. DETAILS

Board members are asked to note the report.

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – New National Guidance, Reports and Consultations.

NEW NATIONAL GUIDANCE, REPORTS AND CONSULTATIONS

The following guidance and policy actions, which have been received from the wider regulatory and policy system during June, have been sent to Executive Directors for review and decision on whether any actions are required for follow up or consideration by Board Committees.

No	Document	Guidance/ Report/	Lead
4		Consultation	
1.	Self-certify this month	Action	Director of Governance
	Trust are required to complete their self-certifying compliance with required governance arrangements under condition FT4 of the NHS provider licence by 30 June.		Govornance
	Guide to reducing long hospital stays New guidance on helping trusts deliver the new national ambition to reduce the number of beds occupied by long-stay patients by 25% by December 2018.	Guidance	Chief Operating Officer
	Leadership of allied health professions (AHPs) in trusts	Guidance	Director of HR
	Guidance and a self-assessment tool, to help the Trust identify areas for improvement and opportunities for strengthening AHP senior leadership.		
	Chief executive performance ratings in NHS trusts	Action	Director of OD & HR and Chair
	NHS Improvement's role to oversee all aspects of an NHS trust board's performance on delivering high quality care. As part of this role they are to review the proposed annual performance ratings of Chief Executives. Performance in 2017/8 should have been measured on delivery of organisational performance against NHS Improvement's Single Oversight Framework.		
	Completed templates are due by 5pm Friday 13 July.		
	Information on your analytical services and information teams	Action	Director of Finance & Performance

NHSI are creating a national database to communicate with those involved in information analysis, activity planning and corporate board and performance reporting. Details are required – see briefing		
Reducing reliance on medical agency staff: sharing what works New guide highlights common strategies trusts have used to successfully reduce reliance on medical agency spend.	Guidance	Director of Finance & Perofrmance / Medical Director
Patient experience improvement framework	Guidance	Director of Nursing
NHSI have published an evidence-based framework centred around Care Quality Commission key themes to enable boards and senior teams to continuously improve the experience of patients.		
NHS pay deal: trade union ballot result	Guidance	Director of OD & HR / Director of Finance &
New pay deal is due to be ratified on Wednesday 27 June and NHSI will work with NHS Employers to support trusts as the deal is implemented.		Performance
Performance of the NHS provider sector 2017/18	Information	All
Report on operational and financial performance shows despite experiencing the worst winter in a decade, frontline NHS staff and managers rose to the challenge and cared for more patients than ever before. However, this surge in demand affected performance in key areas, such as waiting times and reliance on temporary workers.		
Lord Carter's review highlights potential savings	Information	All
Lord Carter's review of the operational productivity of mental health and community health services found the NHS could save £1		

billion worth of efficiencies by 2020/21 by reducing unwarranted variations. The report, which was accepted in full by our board last week, has recommendations for national bodies and providers to implement over the next three years.	Information	All
Three new demand and capacity modelling tools NHSI have published three new demand and capacity modelling tools to help Trusts better understand demand, plan capacity across services and improve patient experience by making data-driven decisions.	Information	All
Prime Minister's speech on NHS funding commitment: 18 June 2018 NHS Providers have issued a briefing which summarises the announcements made by the Prime Minister Theresa May regarding the new five year funding settlement for the NHS, giving the service real terms growth of more than 3 per cent for the next five years.	Information	All
Health and Social Care Select Committee report - Integrated care: organisations, partnerships and systems NHS Providers have published a briefing from the Health and Social Care Select Committee (the Committee) regarding the inquiry into 'the development of new integrated ways of planning and delivering local health and care services. This timely inquiry focusses on the development of Sustainability and Transformation Partnerships (STPs), Integrated Care Systems (ICSs) and Accountable Care Organisations (ACOs). This briefing provides an overview of the Committee's key findings and recommendations.	Information	All



Monthly Nurse Staffing Report					AGE	NDA ITEM: 8	
Report Author and Job Title:	Kara Blackwo	Kara Blackwell Re			Kara	Blackwell	
	Acting Director of Nursing		Direct	Director:		Acting Director of Nursing	
Action Required	Approval Decision Assurance			ssurance and	and Information X		
				receive and scuss X		To receive	
Recommendation	The Trust Board are asked to discuss the information contained in this report, the current performance in relation to the national and local safe staffing and roster KPIs and the ongoing work being undertaken in relation to facilitating decision making in relation to the deployment of staff via the implementation of a daily acuity tool.						
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	BAF Objective No. 5: Establish a substantive workforce that reduces our expenditure on agency staff. Corporate Risk No 11 Failure to assure safe nurse staffing levels						
Resource implications	Resources are needed from all teams to focus on efficient scheduling of staff and the prompt action to resolve short staffing where possible. This includes resources from the departments that coordinate the temporary supply of staff.						
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	None						
Trust Strategy		journey on pati gh a comprehens	•		X		
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure X mature decision making and clinical leadership						
	Improve our improvement	financial health programme	through o	ur robust	Х		
	Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts						

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides an overview of the Nursing and Midwifery workforce during the month of May 2018 and is set out in line with the National Quality Board (NQB) Standards and Expectations for Safe Staffing published in 2016 under the headings of *Right Staff, Right Skills, and Right Time and Place.* The Trust performance against key national and local staffing indicators and a comparison to previous months is made. It also outlines the use of temporary registered nursing hours in May 2018 compared to the previous months.

The following key highlights are outlined in the report:

- Overall fill rates of 97% in May 2018
- Care hours per patient day (CHPPD) which have improved from the previous month, but are yet to reach the national average
- Significant reduction in the use of temporary staffing and a 26% reduction in agency cap breaches
- Reduction in informal bed base (boarding patients) and the positive impact this is having on CHPPD and patient safety
- Improved roster efficiency, timeliness of temporary staff requests
- Implementation of a daily acuity tool to aid the clinical decision making in relation to the deployment of staff

1.0 Introduction

The purpose of this report is to present to the board a review of ward nurse staffing level as directed by the National Quality Board (NQB 2016). The NQB has stipulated that; 'Boards must take full responsibility for the quality of care provided to patients, and as a key determinant of quality,take full and collective responsibility for nursing, midwifery and care staffing capacity and capability'. This report provides an overview of staffing for May 2018; it is set out in line with the NQB standards and expectations for safe staffing which includes the *Right Staff, Right Skills, and Right Time and Place* (NQB 2016) to provide assurance that arrangements are in place to safely staff our services with the right number of nurses and midwives, with the right skills, at the right time.

2.0 Right Staff

2.1 Safe Staffing UNIFY Data

The overall fill rate for registered staff in May 2018 was 97%, for CSW staff the overall fill rate was the same. The target of above 90% fill rate was achieved across both registered and unregistered staffing on both days and nights.

The monthly staffing fill rates for May 2018 submitted to Unify are outlined below.

Day				Night			
RN/Midwives		Care Staff		RN/Midwives		Care Staff	
%Bank	%Agency	%Bank	%Agency	%Bank	%Agency	%Bank	%Agency
32472.5	32383.4	24311	23371.9	26990.5	25687.5	18203	17898.5
Average Fill Rate - RN/Midwives (%)		Average Fill Rate - Care Staff (%)		Average Fill Rate - RN/Midwives (%)		Average Fill Rate - Care Staff (%)	
99.7%		96.1%		95.2%		98.3%	

Clinical Area Exception Reporting <90% Fill Rate

Those clinical areas with <90% fill rate for RNs or CSW on days or nights are reviewed below:

Registered Nurse Fill Rate Compliance < 90% by Clinical Area					
Ward	Fill Rate	Exception Report Comments			
Ward 15	89.9 % day	No incidents were reported in which staffing was a factor. The fill rate for CSWs was 116% on nights compensating for some of the gaps in RN shifts			
Ward 7	84% day	No incidents were reported in which staffing was a factor.			
Ward 9	65.8% night	This ward had use of extra capacity during the month which resulting in demand for higher numbers of RN staff from Bank/Agency which were sometimes unmet.			
Ward 21	87.1% night	Paediatric workforce used flexibly based on activity. No incidents reported in which staffing was a factor			

CSW Fill Rate Compliance <90% by Clinical Area					
Ward	Fill Rate	Exception Report Comments			
PAU	89.2% day	Paediatric workforce used flexibly based on activity. No incidents reported in which staffing was a factor.			
16	89.7% day	No incidents were reported in which staffing was a factor.			
18	85.6% day, 57.8% night	The staffing in HDU is applied flexibly to the demand in the area. No incidents were reported in which staffing was a factor.			
24/25	74.9% day/77.6% night	No incidents were reported in which staffing was a factor.			
Ward 23	79.5% day	Gynaecology ward uses staff from clinic areas to support workforce, this is used flexibly based on activity. No incidents reported in which staffing was a factor.			

2.2 Average Care Hours per Patient Day (CHPPD)

Care Hours per Patient Day (CHPDD) continues to be collated on a monthly basis and are reported as part of the Unify data report. The CHPPD for May 2018 was 7.3; this was an improvement on the previous month, although still below the national average, reported via the Model Hospital is 7.6 CHPPD and regional comparison of 7.5. The routine boarding of patients (placing additional patients on the ward, over and above the allocated bed spaces) will directly impact on the Trust CHPPD; there was a decrease in the boarding of patients in May 2018. In addition the Trust has the highest bed occupancy (100%) in the West Midlands and this impacts on the CHPPD reported.

2.3 Safe Staffing, Quality and Safety KPIs

No relationships were identified in May 2018 between the levels of staffing within the clinical areas and quality metrics although the senior nursing team reviews any correlation between clinical incidents concerning staffing and patient care.

Key Quality KPIs for those areas with <90% fill rate are outlined below:

Ward	Hospital Acquired Pressure Ulcer (unvalidated prior to RCA)	Falls with Harm	SI	Complaints	FFT Score
Ward 15	0	3	1	2	94.59%
Ward 7	0	5	0	0	98.21%
Ward 16	3	1	1	1	97.14%
Ward 18	0	0	0	0	100.00%
Ward 9	3	1	1	1	95.45%
Ward 21	0	0	0	0	91.01%
Ward 23	0	0	1	1	98.70%
Ward 24	0	0	0	0	100.00%
Ward 25	0	0	0	0	90.32%

Any gaps in staffing which may have impacted on care are already considered as part of the RCAs process for falls with harm and category 3, 4 and unstageable pressure ulcers. Those pressure ulcers reported in May are currently going through the RCA investigation process.

2.4 Evidence based workforce planning

In order to ensure the safe and effective delivery of patient care it is essential that we have the right establishment of posts and the right staff in place. The Safer Nursing Care Tool audit (SNCT) is undertaken bi-annually and should be used to guide establishment and skill mix setting for clinical areas, alongside professional judgement, peer benchmarking and nationally available staffing data. The SNCT audit was undertaken in Febraury 2018, analysis of this showed that the national tool had been modified in some areas which is not recommended. Based on the feedback from the NHSi review the SNCT which was due to be undertaken on June 2018 is commencing on 25th June will no modification from the national tool and the audit is being supported by the Senior Nurse for workforce to ensre the tool is applied equitably across all adult ward areas.

3.0 Right Skills

3.1 RN Recruitment

Current initiatives being undertaken in relation to RN recruitment:

- The Trust continues to advertise on a rolling basis for RN vacancies in the Medicine and Surgical Division
- Ad hoc recruitment events tailored to specialities such as AMU.
- The Trust also has overseas arrivals planned for the remainder of this financial year with an expected conversion to RN registered with the NMC within 6 months. The target for recruitment is 30WTE for this financial year. YTD 4 Overseas nurses have commenced (April/May) against a target of 6 nurses for this time period.

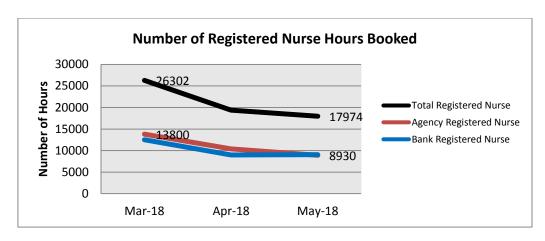
The current vacancies in May 2018 for RNs (excluding Theatres) is 72.83 WTE, in comparison there were 91.67WTE for the same period of May 2017. Comparing RN vacancies to same time period in the last financial year it is evident that the Trust has circa 20WTE less RN vacancies. However, there were an addition 2 funded wards still open in May 2017 which closed but then re-opened as additional. It is worth noting that at the time of writing this report one ward is still open and if this was funded then the vacacnies would increase and be equivalent to the same time period last year.

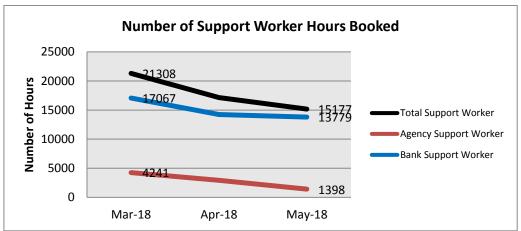
4.0 Right Place and Time

The senior nursing team and the finance team are currently working on the development of a Nurse staffing dashboard to enable all KPIs to be displayed and monitored; this will facilitate the management of performance against these KPIs. These dashboards will provide this data at individual ward, care group, Divisional and corporate level and the Divisions and care groups will be held to account through the monthly Divisional Reviews.

4.1 Efficient Deployment and minimising agency

There is a continued focus on reduction of agency staff across the Trust. There was a reduction in the use of agency registered nursing hours in May 2018 compared to the previous month. This has been driven by the closure of an additional capacity ward and the on-going work which is being undertaken regarding proactive rostering and management of short notice requests.





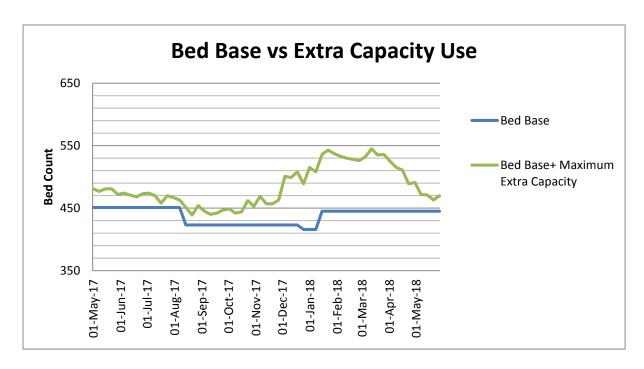
- There were 1408 less registered nurses (RN) temporary staffing hours used in May 2018 compared to April 2018. Overall there are now approx. 55WTE less temporary RNs being used in May than in March 2018.
- There were 1965 less CSW temporary staffing hours used in May 2018 compared to April 2018, this included 1523 less agency CSW hours. Overall there are approx. 40WTE less CSW used in May than in March 2018.

The number of NHSi Cap breaches and the use of Off Framework (Thornbury) also deceased in May 2018, with there being a 26% reduction in Agency Cap breaches decreasing from 347 shifts in April 2018 to 258 in May 2018. There was a significant reduction in the number of off framework shifts being used in May 2018, 5 compared with 26 used during April 18.

A RN HIT team (allocate on arrival) which has been introduced to help achieve a reduction in Tier 3 and off framework registered nursing usage. This commenced on 21st May18 but few shifts have been filled despite an increased rate of pay being offered as staff prefer to undertake bank shfts in their own clinicl areas.

4.2 Additional Capacity

The opening of extra capacity within the trust will impact upon the ability to fill staffing requirements when they are elevated as a result. The graph below shows the trend of extra capacity vs bed base over the last 12 months. The Executive Team are working collaboratively to develop a robust winter plan to plan for this during winter 18/19. At peak there were +90 extra beds in use on the acute hospital site.



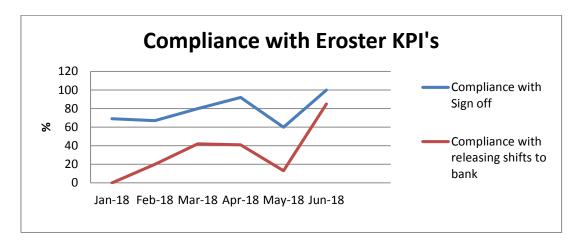
The number of bed days has been compared between April / May 17 and April / May 18. The table below demonstrates the comparative data showing that there were less bed days in May 2018 as a result of Ward 14 closing and other capacity areas being closed, with the exception of Ward 10 which remains open. There were also less bed days and beds open in May 2018 than the same period the previous year.

	April 17	May 17	April 18	May 18
No. Bed Days	15924	16044	16733	15118
Month end Bed count	496	509	488	470

4.2 Productivity Working and Eliminating Waste

Increased focus is now in place to ensure that all wards are producing effective, fair, safe and efficient rosters. Roster clinics are mandated monthly for the ward managers and matrons to attend and there is evidence that this is significantly improving roster efficiency (see graph below). Rosters are expected to be signed off 8 weeks in advance and immediately following sign off a request sent to the bank to fill roster gaps in order to optimise the possibility of filling these shifts with bank instead of agency. Any remaining gaps in the rosters are then released to Tier 1 agency at 2 weeks prior to the shift and any remaining gaps are risk assessed 12-24 hours in advance and alternatives to covering the sifts explored.

Eroster Sign-Off Improvements



Compliance with Eroster Sign off has improved with one period of decline aligned to when the roster periods and timescales were amended following the NHSi workforce review and porr attendance at the roster clinics that month. This has now improved with additional review clinics and an increased level of scrutiny by the Director of Nursing who attends the roster clinics.

E-roster Contract Hours utilisation

There have been some improvements in other KPIs which include management of contracted hours and skill mix. An internal assurance audit was undertaken in October 2017 and gave recommendations to improve Eroster KPI performance. A recommendation was made that the amount of contract hours unused on rosters needed to improve. From April to October 2017 the audit found that there were 11,994 nursing hours used used 11,994 nursing hours for which it has paid. In May 2018, on ward based Erosters there were 268 contract hours unused (average of 10 hrs per roster).

4.3 Efficient Deployment and Flexibility

The roll out of a daily acuity tool to all adult inpatient areas will commence on 25th May 2018. This will provide real-time visibility across the Trust of appropriate levels of staffing for our patients. The patient acuity and staffing data will be collected daily at 3pm (as recommended by NHSi). This will support decision making in relation to the deployment of temporary nursing staff or the need to move substantive staff to support patient care and safety in another area.

5.0 Recommendations.

The Trust Board are asked to note the information contained in this report, the current performance in relation to the national and local safe staffing and roster KPIs and the ongoing work being undertaken in relation to faciliatating decision making in relation to the deployment of staff via the implementation of a daily acuity tool.

The Trust Board are asked to discuss and challenge the content of this report, paying particular attention to the significant improvements in:

• Overall fill rates of 97% in May 2018

- Care hours per patient day (CHPPD) which have improved from the previous month, but are yet to reach the national average
- Significant reduction in the use of temporary staffing and a 26% reduction in agency cap breaches
- Reduction in informal bed base (boarding patients) and the positive impact this is having on CHPPD and patient safety
- Improved roster efficiency, timeliness of temporary staff requests



Quality Committee – 5 th July	2018							
Patient Care Improvement Pla	ın (PCIP) Upda	ate			AGE	NDA ITEM: 9		
Report Author and Job Title:	Shelley Price/Julie Romano Responsible Kara Blackwell							
	Divisional Gov	vernance	Dire	ector:	Acting Director of			
	Advisors				Nur	sing		
Action Required	Approval	Decision	1	Assurance and	d Info	ormation		
			7	To receive and	ł	To receive		
			C	discuss X				
Recommendation	The Trust Boa	ard is asked to:				1		
		the continuing duction of the P			ne PC	CIP and the planned		
		red to address				mpleting the actions ctions and regulatory		
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	The risk is that the Trust will not achieve an acceptable rating at the next CQC inspection. Corporate Risk No: 212 Umbrella Divisional Risks in MLTC, WCCSS and Surgery No: 1329, 705							
Resource implications		tains many act the individual a			mplic	ations of which are		
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	report conduc regulatory act	ted under the Hion is possible	lealt shou	h Act and CQC ild the Trust's r	reguatings	s worsen or		
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our clinical quality improvement Develop the comature decision improvement Develop the composition our firm of the composition of the composition of the composition output for the composition output fo	ignificant failings are exposed at the next inspection. Continue our journey on patient safety and linical quality through a comprehensive Inprovement programme Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure nature decision making and clinical leadership Improve our financial health through our robust Improvement programme Develop the clinical service strategy focused on ervice integration in Walsall & in collaboration						















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Patient Care Improvement Plan (PCIP) was developed following receipt of the Chief Inspector of Hospitals Inspection Report in December 2018. The Must and Should Do actions were assessed and developed by the managers of the core services and lead directors and included in the first cut of the PCIP in January 2018.

The Divisions have been active in managing the actions with their Care Groups but for the reasons stated in the report, it has not been possible to produce a revised version of the PCIP for review at this meeting. It will be available by the next meeting.

The PCIP is being developed further with on-line multiple user access to be made available, mapping of the actions to KPIs and audits taking place to produce a PCIP dashboard and following the workshop at the Trust Clinical Executive meeting, the addition of quick win actions to the PCIP.

A system to record and report on the progress with the actions is in development and this version of the PCIP will be used to populate it. The Improvement Consultant is devising a PCIP dashboard which links the actions to indicators and audits which will show whether the actions are effective in achieving the desired results.



Patient Care Improvement Plan (PCIP)

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of the reports is to inform the committee of the progress made in achieving the must do and should do actions identified in the Chief Inspector of Hospitals Report published in December 2017. Theses have been incorporated into the Patient Care Improvement Plan (PCIP).

2. BACKGROUND

The PCIP was constructed in January / February 2018. The Divisional Management Teams led the work to provide actions which addressed the must and should do actions identified in the CQC report. It also includes the regulatory breaches. The actions related to Maternity were mapped to the Maternity Improvement Plan and any additional issues raised in the report added so there was one plan held by the Care Group. This included the actions taken in response to the Section 29a notice.

As previously reported, while this approach deals with issues identified at the inspection, a different approach needs to be taken to achieve a good or outstanding rating at inspection. As part of this work, the PCIP actions are being mapped to existing indicators and audits to produce a PCIP dashboard which will demonstrate whether the actions are achieving the desired outcome. The Improvement Consultant is leading this work.

A system to record and report on progress with the actions is under construction.

The Divisional Quality Governance Advisors have worked with the Divisional Management Teams to inform this progress report with the June 2018 position. This information will be transferred into the system following this report.

3. DETAILS

The revised PCIP is provided with this report. The summary sheet shows the position for each of the core services and includes the regulatory actions and additional actions.

3.1 Maternity Improvement Plan

The Maternity Improvement Plan is reported separately and is not provided here in detail, the plan also integrates all actions required from National Patient Surveys so that quality, safety and patient experience are managed through one action plan. Progress against this and the Section 29A notice is also reported via the Maternity Oversight Committee. The RAG rating for Maternity Improvement Plan differs from the RAG rating in the PCIP, therefore for clarification of progression.



3.1.1 Section 29A Update

Section 29A Warning Notice	Detail	KPI	Status	Comment
	Monitoring, recording and escalation of concerns for CTG requires significant improvement			Weekly audits on CTG compliance being carried out and reported at Maternity Oversight meeting.
	There are insufficient midwives with HDU training to ensure women in HDU are cared for by staff with the appropriate skills	Plan to have 2 EMC midwives competent in HDU care rostered onto each shift.	idwives competent in DU care rostered onto on each shift, and the due to sickness this	
	Safeguarding training is insufficient to protect women and babies on the unit who may be at risk			SG Children Level 1 – 100% Level 2 – 100% Level 3 93% SG Adult Level 1 – 100% Level 2 – 96% Level 3 – 96%
	There are insufficient numbers of suitably qualified staff in the delivery suite and on the maternity wards	,		Acuity is monitored x3 daily and discussed at safety huddles, any actions needed are addressed















3.1.2 Summary of Maternity PCIP Progress against Must and Should Do Actions (also includes other actions identified by the Care Group as requiring action also listed)

Theme	Action Con gained	nplete and assurance		nenced, some slippage or raited, expected to time	Action commenced but considerable delay			
	May	June	Мау	June	May	June		
Safe:	26	29	13	10	1	0		
Effective	12	15	10	10	3	0		
Caring	3	3	3	3	0	0		
Responsive	6	6	5	5	0	0		
Well Led	3	4	3	3	0	0		
Total	50	57	34	31	4	0		

3.2 Regulatory Breaches (applicable to all services across the Trust)

Regulatory Breach	Detail	KPI	Status	Comment
Regulation 12 HSCA	Thromboembolism assessments	95% are assessed		Target achieved for last 3 months.
(RA) Regulations	were not carried out for all patients at	on admission March		On-going work required to embed and
2014 Safe care and	risk.	2018.		sustain this performance as at present PDN
treatment				still overseeing and chasing compliance
Regulation 18 HSCA	There were high levels of nursing staff			Current RN vacancy rate is 9.79% (April
(RA) Regulations	vacancies across acute services. This			18). Model Hospital reports Regional
2014 Staffing	meant the provider was not			Vacancy rate of 12.5% and National as
	providing sufficient numbers of			10.66% so the Trust is below these.
	suitably qualified staff to keep patients			Initiatives Include:
	safe			-Rolling recruitment to Band 5 posts

			-Guaranteed jobs for Student Nurses with offer made in Year 1 -Ongoing development of new roles, 1st Wave TNAs qualify January 2019 -Retention initiatives including development of PDN roles in Divisions to support staff development Staffing closely monitored via -Monthly reports to Board of Unify Fill Rates and exceptions/Quality KPIs -Model Hospital comparison -Implementation of daily acuity tool - Biannual SNCT audit and recommendations to Board
Regulation 12 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safe care and treatment	12 (2)(a) Not all staff were compliant or completed timely assessments for patients- in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005.	Compliance Mandatory training By March 2018 Compliance with MCA when completing DNA CPR decisions by March 2018.	On-going improvements required in training across all disciplines and completion of DNACPR Audit performance has decreased since last CQC Inspection and requires on-going work to address MCA assessment as part of DNACPR process Consent audit being undertaken July 2018 with feedback at MAC and TMB
Regulation 12 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safe care and treatment	The critical care environment had only one isolation room. This provision was not meeting the needs of patients so was not sufficient to maintain safe management of infectious patients.	Revised SOP February 2018 New build October 2018.	SOP has been revised and audits to be undertaken to measure compliance to the SOP. New build on target for December 2018 opening.
Regulation 12 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safe care and treatment	Staff were not up-to-date with mandatory training. There were a number of modules that had completion rates	90% compliance by 30 th June 2018.	All Divisions receiving monthly stats for compliance in their areas. Monitored and challenged as part of Divisional Review process which will be monthly going forward



Regulation 12 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safe care and treatment	significantly lower than the trust's target. Blind cords were not secured in all of the rooms at the child development centre	By March 2018. Risk assessment Permanent solution to be implemented. Audit of compliance.	Risk assessment and enquiry with Estates for securing the blinds. Daily checks to be undertaken. Outstanding action to be completed. Compliance reported to Care Quality Group
Regulation 13 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safeguarding service users from abuse and improper treatment		Achievement of targets for all levels of Children and Adult Safeguarding by end June 2018 Level 1=95% Level 2 & 3=85% PREVENT=85%	As of 18/06/18 Compliance achieved for: Level 1 Children Safeguarding = 99.84% Level 1 Adult Safeguarding =99.92% Level 3 Children's Safeguarding = 88.94% Level 3 Adults Safeguarding = 85.27% However: Level 2 Children's Safeguarding = 77.45% Level 2 Adult Safeguarding =80.36% PREVENT Level 3 =80.44%



Regulation 17 HSCA
(RA) Regulations
2014 Good
governance

Staff were not consistently completing patient records. There were trust documentation that was not completed. Staff were not always signing entries. There were a number of entries where there were signatures, printed names, dates, and job roles missing. Not all records were legible or were kept secure at all times.

Patients' records were taken home by the community children's nursing team when they were not returning to the office. We were not assured of the confidentiality or security of records Secure accurate, complete contemporaneous records by 1st March 2018.

Develop a work stream plan to

address the physical condition of the paper records by 31st March 2018

Confirm Trust strategy for EPR by 30th June 2018.

There needs to be further work undertaken as a priority to ensure that documentation is completed in line with Trust Policies and National Professional Regulatory Body Standards

Divisions are auditing documentation, but this remains poor although use of stamps is slowly improving

Actions being undertaken:

- -Multidisciplinary documentation audits
- -DivDON/matron scrutiny at ward level and as part of Ward Review Process
- -Focus of next Nursing Forum with senior Nurses
- -PDN/Quality Team daily reviews on ward and support/reminding staff of responsibilities regarding standards of documentation
- -Revised Nursing Assessment Documentation currently being finalised for launch August 2018



3.3 Summary of Divisional Progress against Must and Should Do Actions (other actions identified by the Divisions as requiring action also listed)

	Must			Should			Regulation			Additional						
Core Service																
Children & Young People	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	6	5	2
Community Services - Adults	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Services - Children	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	12	0
Critical Care	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
End of Life Care																
Maternity and Gynaecology					Monito	red thro	ugh Ma	ternity	Impro	vement	Plan					
Medical Care	0	2	0	0	0	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Outpatients & Diagnostic Imaging	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surgery	0	2	3	0	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Urgent & Emergency Services	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corporate																
Totals																

We are using a RAG rating to show whether progress is on track or not. The **Status:** following definitions will be used to record progress:

= Complete

= Target date missed / actions unachievable

= Target date not met - there is a significant risk of the action not being completed by that date

= Action on target for completion by the expected date



4.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The Committee is asked to:

- Note the continuing development of the PCIP and the planned introduction of the PCIP dashboard
- Consider the progress made to date in completing the actions required to address the Must/Should do actions and regulatory breaches.





MEETING OF THE TRUST BO	ARD – 5 TH JU	JLY 2018					
Annual Complaints Report				AGE	NDA ITEM: 10		
Report Author and Job Title:	Garry Perry		Responsible	Kar	a Blackwell		
	Head of Pat	ient Relations	Director:	Act	ing Director of		
					rsing		
Action Required	Approval	Decision	Assurance a		•		
Action Required	Approvai	Decision					
			To receive ar	nd	To receive		
			discuss X				
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Board	l are asked to:		1		
	_						
			d progress made.		-ti		
	2. 10 a	pprove service o	development recon	nmena	ations		
Does this report mitigate risk	There are no	o risk implication	ns associated with	this rep	oort.		
included in the BAF or Trust							
Risk Registers? please outline							
Resource implications	There are no	n resource impli	cations associated	with th	nis renort		
Trescurse implications	There are in	o recedence implic		with th	по горога		
Legal and Equality and	There are no	legal or equalit	ty & diversity implic	ations	associated with this		
Diversity implications	paper.						
Operational Objectives	Continuo ou	r journoy on no	tiont safety and				
Operational Objectives 2018/19		r journey on pa ty through a cor			Χ		
2010/13		it programme	ripiciiciisive		X		
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure						
	mature decision making and clinical leadership						
	Improve our financial health through our robust						
		t programme					
			strategy focused o				
			ll & in collaboration	1			
	with other Ti	นอเอ					

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The NHS and Social Care Complaint regulations 2009 require NHS bodies to provide an annual report on complaint handling and consideration, a copy of which must be available to the public. The attached annual report provides details of complaints and concerns received by Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust between 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018.

During 2017/2018 a total of 3661 contacts were received by the Patient Relations Team which included a total of 313 written complaints (KO14a) about care which were received by the Chief Executive.

The work with divisions and 'profile raising' of the need to negotiate timeframes with the complainant has resulted in a year end position of 85% of all complaints responded to within timeframe agreed with the complainant.

The main themes identified from the concerns raised include: appointments (927) an increase of 21 on the previous year, clinical care, assessment and treatment 690 (an increase of 85), communication (222), information (277) and staff attitude (125).

Planned Initiatives for 2018-2019:

A full action plan for Patient Complaints and Patient Experience is currently being developed, some actions already identified and being worked up /planned include:

- Complete work with the Paediatric department in producing a child friendly leaflet for children and parents in addition to drafting a new Patient Leaflet that better informs complainants of the process
- A customer care pilot using the "hand in hand" approach in partnership with John Lewis has been undertaken. Following the launch of the new Trust Values in July 2018 there will be a planned extension of this programme to address those issues identified from the FFT, complaints and National Surveys around attitude, communication and information.

Annual Complaints Report

1.0 Introduction

The NHS and Social Care Complaint regulations 2009 require NHS bodies to provide an annual report on complaint handling and consideration, a copy of which must be available to the public. The attached annual report provides details of complaints and concerns received by Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust between 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018.

The report identifies both the numbers and themes of formal written complaints reported as KO14a to the HSCIC (Health and Social Care Information Centre).

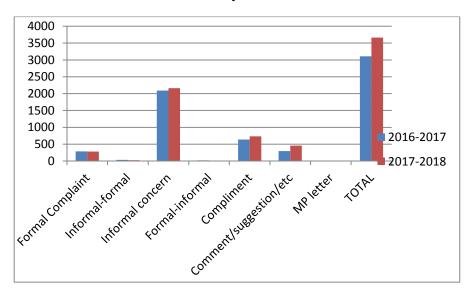
The Patient Relations Team manages complaints, concerns and compliments received on behalf of the Trust. The Team strives to be as responsive and proactive to queries and concerns as possible managing a caseload that averages 14 contacts per working day each year. Working closely with Divisional teams and staff of all levels, the team seeks to maintain an appropriate level of contact with the complainants and where required external agencies; responding in a way that is both 'person centered' and effective in addressing the complainants concerns.

This report provides information on the types of feedback received by the Patient Relations Team in the past year 2017/2018 it highlights some of the actions taken as a lesson learned and looks forward to continuous improvement in the way we respond to patients and their carers when they are often at their most aggrieved.

2.0 Activity

During 2017/2018 a total of 3661 contacts were received by the Patient Relations Team which included a total of 313 written complaints (KO14a) about care which were received by the Chief Executive. This figure includes 280 written complaints, 8 MP letters and 25 informal to formal converted complaints (7 complaints were withdrawn). There has been an overall reduction in 2017/2018 of complaints compared to the previous year. Throughout this report 'K041a' written complaints are referred to as 'complaints' and these are managed through the Trust's complaints process and reported guarterly to the HSCIC (Health and Social Care Information Centre).

Complaints and Patient Relations Team Activity 2017-2018:



3.0 Complaints

This section details Formal Complaints received during 2017/18.

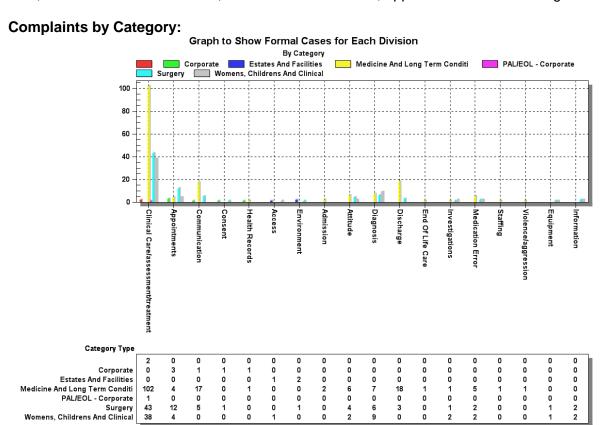
3.1 Complaints by Division

There has been an overall reduction of 9 complaints compared to the previous year 2016/2017.

The Divisions of Medicine and Long Term Conditions (MLTC) and Surgery continue to receive the highest number of complaints generated the greatest number of complaints. Medicine and Long Term Conditions accounts for 52% of all complaints received, with Surgery accounting for 25% and Women's Children's and Clinical Support Services WCCS 19%.

3.2 Complaints by Complaint Category

During 2017/2018, the main themes emerging from the formal complaints received related to clinical care, assessment and treatment, communication/attitude, appointments and discharge.



4.0 Formal Complaints and Concerns

4.1 Formal Complaints Response Times and Outcomes

Approval for a new timeframe was agreed with local resolution targets in July 2016 identifying a 10, 30 and 45 working day timeframe based on agreement with the complainant and the level of seriousness afforded.

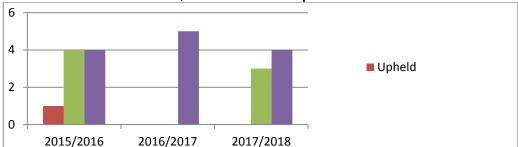
The work with divisions and 'profile raising' of the need to negotiate timeframes with the complainant has resulted in a year end position of 85% of all complaints responded to within timeframe agreed with the complainant. This is a significant improvement from a year end position of 51% in 2016/2017. On 6 occasions during the last 12 months the Trust also achieved 100% completion.

Outcomes of Formal Complaints

In 2017-2018 a total of 258 complaints were resolved, 20 were upheld with 97 not upheld and 141 partially upheld.

In 2017/18, a total of 8 cases were referred to the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO). There are no cases open from the previous year 2016/2017. The outcome figures are shown below; in one case the outcome is yet to be determined.

PHSO Cases and Outcomes, Year on Year Comparison:



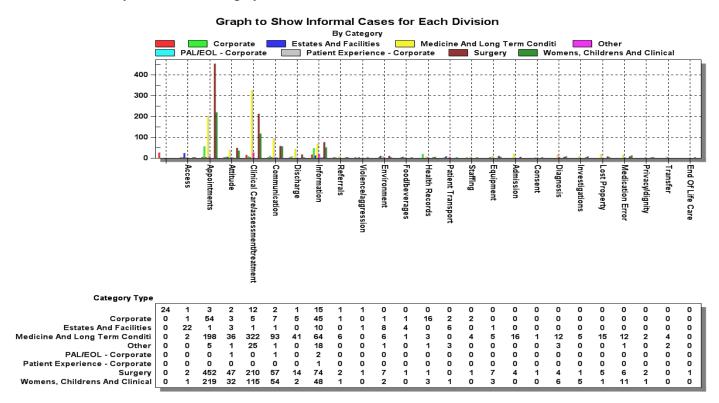
Themes emerging from these complaints to the PHSO included:

- Concerns highlighted with regard to clinical care assessment and treatment
- Poor communication
- Inadequate pain management and poor nursing care

4.2 Informal Concerns

There were a total of 2627 informal concerns received during 2017/2018 (including 8 formal to informal conversions and 455 queries/comments/cases referred on). Surgery equated for 34% (899) of the total activity, with MLTC 32% (859) and WCCSS 19% (505).

Informal Concerns by Division and Category:



The main themes identified from the concerns raised include: appointments (927) an increase of 21 on the previous year, clinical care, assessment and treatment 690 (an increase of 85), communication (222), information (277) and staff attitude (125).

5.0 Lessons Learned from Complaints and Concerns

Some of the lessons learned arising from complaints and concerns include:

1. A patient felt that her surgical stocking was too tight after her operation and that this caused her wounds which required redressing regularly:

One of the Trust's surgical wards composed a checklist for all patients regarding the use and monitoring of ted stockings, this checklist ensures a patients stockings are checked regularly. The checklist documents what action has been taken by staff, any change and the current condition of the patient's legs and feet. This check list was taken to quality board and has since been rolled out across other wards. If this checklist had been in place during the patients stay on the ward it may have encouraged a conversation and would have allowed closer monitoring. The stocking checklist is now in every patient folder who is wearing TEDS for VTE prevention.

2. Patient raised concerns in relation to answering the telephones in the Outpatient (OPD) Therapies Department

Following this concern being raised changes were made to the OPD therapies department and a receptionist allocated to oversee this.

3. Concerns were raised over confusing signage regarding the escalators in the main atrium of the hospital

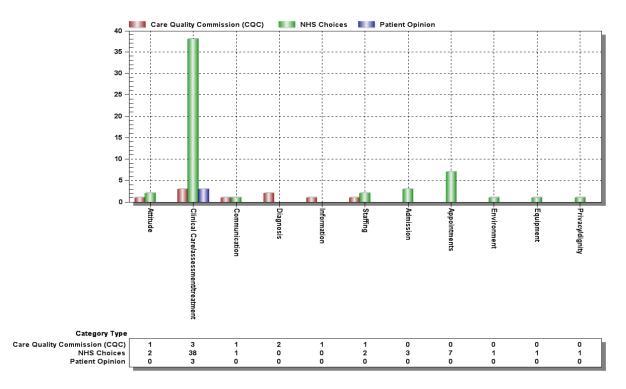
This signage was changed to make users aware of direction of travel

6.0 Patient Opinion/NHS Choices/CQC

Since April 2017 there have been 68 comments made about the Trust via the NHS Choices/Patient Care Opinion website. This includes 22 Compliments. The key category type is Clinical Care, Assessment and Treatment, appointment queries, communication and attitude. This mirrors the feedback received via all categories of complaint and concern. Feedback posted on the NHS Choice/Patient Opinion website is acknowledged with a request to contact the Trust to discuss the situation further offered. In terms of CQC we have 9 patient concerns logged – some of these have also come in as Formal complaints and were investigated accordingly.

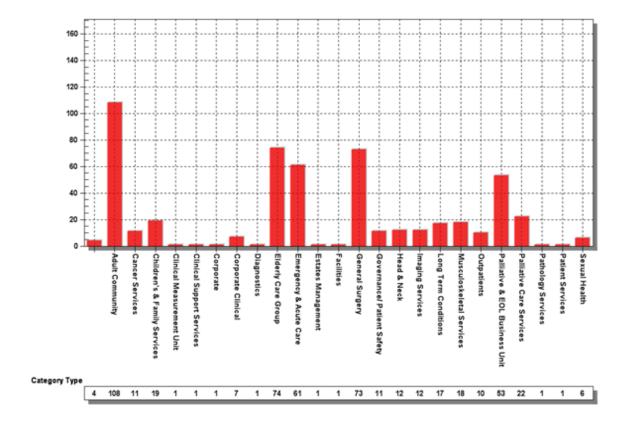
Where no contact is made with the Trust directly, feedback is provided directly to the CQC following investigation for contact to be made with the person raising the complaint.

Category Type NHS Choices/Care Opinion/CQC



7.0 Compliments

In 2017-2018 there were 734 compliments received by the Trust (the figure is 756 when including the compliments made via the Patient Care/NHS Opinion website). Adult Community Care accounted for the majority of compliments recorded. Areas involved are informed of the types of comments of appreacition received and where appropriate they are referred for a recogition award via the Trust recognition scheme.



8.0 Complaints Monitoring and Reviews

8.1 Complaints Monitoring Review Panels

The Complaints Monitoring Panel was set up in October 2015 with the purpose of the panel to assist the Trust in improving complaints handling procedures and help to improve standards in decision making. The panel is led by lay members with professional advice provided as and when required. Since its inception the panel has grown in confidence and as a result set up two sub-groups to focus its attention. One sub-group looks at the complaints process, and issues relating to quality. The other sub-group carries out reviews of cases which are proving difficult to resolve where an independent review is offered.

The panel has continued to meet throughout the year and has undertaken the following:

- Completed Complaints Investigation Masterclass training
- Reviewed PHSO cases to gain a better understanding how complaints are investigated at that level
- Led a workshop that reviewed a sample of complaint responses, response satisfaction survey findings and equality monitoring data
- Contributed to the development of a revised complaints information leaflet, and supported and reviewed a draft unreasonable behaviour guideline

8.2 Complaint Satisfaction Questionnaire

The Trust feedback survey is based on the 'I' statements outlined in the user-led vision (PHSO). Answers are requested using a scale of 0-5 with 0 as completely disagree and 5 completely agree. Feedback received is outlined as follows based on 15% return rate (49 responses):

- Making a complaint was straight forward=86%
- I knew I had the right to complain=89%
- I knew that my care would not be compromised by making a complaint=92%
- The staff who spoke to me regarding my complaint were polite and helpful=86%
- My complaint was acknowledged within 3 working days=79%
- I was informed about the complaints process=91%
- I was informed of any delays and updated on the progress=83%
- I received a resolution in a time period that was relevant to my case and complaint=91%
- I am happy with my overall response time to my complaint=85%
- I feel the Trust has taken my comments on board and have made changes to improve the things that I was unhappy with= 74%
- I would complain again if I felt the need to=100%

8.3 Equality Monitoring

An equality monitoring form is issued at the point of acknowledgement with 14% (44) returned in 2017/2018.

- 95% of service users who responded to our survey where white British, the remaining 5% where Black Caribbean and Asian.
- 82% of service user who responded to our survey where age 51 plus (36% being 51-60), only
 4% where under 30. We are hoping to see an increase in range by using a survey monkey which will allow service users the opportunity to complete a form online
- 71% of service users stated their religion was Christianity, 4% Hindi, 4% spiritual and 21% did not wish to say, or had no belief.
- 70% of responses were received back from females, 26% men and 4% did not wish to state.
- 77% of patients were heterosexual, 8% bisexual, 4% Gay, 4% Lesbian, 7% did not wish to state.
- Relationship status was varied, with the highest response being married (56%)
- 30% of service users would consider themselves to have a disability.

9.0 Conclusion

Activity levels throughout 2017/2018 has increased however it is important to note that local resolution handling has improved, the Trust is getting consistently better at responding in a timely

way and improving processes. In 2018-2019 the team will focus on actions to address some of the consistent themes associated with complaints including communication, attitude and information/discharge issue and a detailed action plan is currently being developed.

MEETING OF THE PUBLIC TRU	IST BOARD -	5 th July 2018						
Quality and Safety Highlight Repo	ort			AGENDA ITEM: 11				
Report Author and Job Title:	Kara Blackw	ell	Responsible	Professor Russell Beale				
	Acting Direct	tor of Nursing	Director:	Non-Executive Director				
Action Required	Approval	Decision	Assurance an	d Information				
			To receive and discuss X	d To receive				
Recommendation	The Trust Boreport.	pard are asked to	note and discuss the	information contained in this				
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	safety of care	Link to Board Assurance Framework Risk Statement No.1 'That the quality an safety of care we provide across the Trust does not improve in line with our commitment in the Patient Care Improvement Plan'						
Resource implications	_	required for the outlined the contractions and Safety	• •	nt programme were raised as				
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	Compliance with Trust Standing Orders							
Trust Strategy		r journey on pati gh a comprehen:	X					
	·	•	ganisation to ensure clinical leadership	X				
	Improve our improvement	financial health t programme						
		clinical service s ration in Walsall	١					

The report provides a highlight of the key items discussed at the most recent Quality & Safety Committee meeting held on the 29th June 2018 together with the confirmed minutes of the meeting held on 31st May 2018 (appendix 1).

Key items discussed at the meeting were:

- The 5 CDiff cases YTD and the concerns in relation to the target of 17 cases for the year
- The Winter Plan overview and the positive impact that this plan will have with the planning taking place earlier in the year
- The approval of the Quality Account by the Committee
- The learning from Health and Safety incidents including the RIDDOR reported staff incidents, and whether all incidents where staff have been assaulted resulting in injury are reported as serious incidents
- The Safer Nursing Care Tool Audit (SNCT) was currently being undertaken using the
 nationally recommended tool, and it was acknowledged that there had been some
 local interpretation of the national tool previously, this had also been identified by the
 NHSI report who outlined in their review that the SNCT was not being used
 accurately on a consistent basis across all ward areas

The meeting held on the 29th June 2018 was quorate and chaired by Professor Beale.

1.0 Introduction

The Quality & Safety Committee reports to the Trust Board on a monthly basis following its meetings. The Board receives the approved minutes from the previous Quality & Safety Committee meeting and a highlight report on the key issues raised at the most recent meeting.

2.0 Key items from the meeting held on 29th June 2018

The Committee was quorate and discussed a number of items. Minutes will be provided to the Trust Board in August 2018. The highlights for the Trust Board to be aware of are as follows:

3.0 Performance and Quality Report

The Performance & Quality report was presented and the following updates were noted:

- CDiff rates with 5 cases reported against a target for the year of 17 cases.
- Performance for the Dementia screening assessments has decreased, this was being addressed with the clinical teams
- FFT in Outpatients and Inpatients was noted to have declined this month. The
 Matron in Outpatients is now sending the FFT results to speciality teams for actioning
 as well as the work she is undertaking to improve this. Ensuring patients are offered
 the opportunity to complete the FFT is included on the Discharge Checklist to prompt
 the teams, the ward areas are also awaiting delivery of iPads to use for completion of
 the FFT.
- There was a discussion about pressure ulcers and the difficulties in benchmarking these as they are recorded differently in different organisations, e.g. the recording of a pressure ulcer as hospital acquired range from 6 hours post admission to 72 hours making comparison between organisations more difficult. NHS Improvement released a new definition and measurement framework for implementation in April 2019 which will aid comparison in the future.
- Safeguarding Training compliance had improved, at present the Trust is now compliant with level 1 and 3 Adult and Children Safeguarding training but level 2 training remains below the 85% target
- The committee discussed the drivers of poor performance and the actions required to address this.

4.0 Annual Complaints Report

The Annual Complaints report was presented and the following points were noted:

- The number of complaints remained comparable with the previous year (with only 9 less formal complaints reported)
- The clinical areas reporting the highest number of complaints and the themes of these complaints remained the same
- The Complaints team are currently pulling together a work plan for 2018-2019 which
 includes the further role out of the customer care approach which will be delivered in
 the Emergency Department, a medical ward and surgical ward following the launch
 of the new Trust Values in July 2018.

5.0 The Winter Plan

A presentation of the Winter Plan was presented. The key points highlighted included:

- The current plans for winter 2018/2019 which outline the likely admitted medicine bed demand which can be expected in 2018/2019 and the impact of these and mitigating actions being developed across the health economy to address this
- The plans to maintain 1 ward throughout the year and recruit to this ward to avoid the
 negative impact of bed occupancy which is consistently 100% and the related impact
 this has on the quality, safety and patient experience of care
- The engagement of external partners in this process
- The re-launch of Red to Green and Safer on the adults wards
- The ongoing support from ECIP

6.0 Monthly Safe Staffing Report

The following key points were noted and discussed:

- The overall fill rates for May 2018 exceeded the 90% target set for both day and night shifts. Exception reports for individual areas where this target was not achieved did not report any incidents /omissions in care linked to staffing
- The Care Hours per Patient Day (CHPPD) improved in May 2018 but remained below peers in the Black Country and nationally,
- The NHS Improvement report of the nursing workforce was received in the 3rd week of June 2018.
- Roster compliance KPIs improved in May 2018
- The daily acuity tool was implemented on 25th June 2018, further work continues to embed its use into the daily decision making around the deployment of staff
- The Safer Nursing Care Tool Audit (SNCT) was currently being undertaken using the
 nationally recommended tool, and it was acknowledged that there had been some
 local interpretation of the national tool previously, this had also been identified by the
 NHS Improvement report who outlined in their review that the SNCT was not being
 used accurately on a consistent basis.

7.0 Quality Account

The Quality Account was discussed and the report was agreed by the Committee.

8.0 PCIP Update

It was agreed at the previous meeting that the Quality and Safety Committee would receive a monthly update report for the PCIP. The report was provided to the committee and included:

- The good progress being made in maternity in relation to their PCIP
- An update on the regulatory breaches was provided
- Progress was being made against these breaches however, further work was required particularly in relation to documentation
- Divisional update in relation to the 'must' and 'should' do actions was outlined

 The development of a system to record and report all actions continues to be pursued

9.0 Risk Management Report

The report was presented and discussed:

- The two surgical serious incidents were discussed
- The reduction in acquired pressure ulcers noted for May 2018
- The learning from Health and Safety incidents including the RIDDOR reported staff incidents, and whether all incidents where staff have been assaulted resulting in injury are reported as serious incidents
- The agreement that RIDDOR incidents, investigations and outcomes/actions should be reported through to the Quality Committee
- The discussion including the development of the Patient Safety Report and the focus on learning from incidents and SIs

10.0 Conclusion/Recommendations

The Committee identified the following items for escalation to the Board:

- The 5 CDiff cases YTD and the concerns in relation to the target of 17 cases for the vear
- The Winter Plan overview and the positive impact that this plan will have with the planning taking place earlier in the year
- The approval of the Quality Account
- The learning from Health and Safety incidents including the RIDDOR reported staff incidents, and whether all incidents where staff have been assaulted resulting in injury are reported as serious incidents
- The Safer Nursing Care Tool Audit (SNCT) was currently being undertaken using the
 nationally recommended tool, and it was acknowledged that there had been some
 local interpretation of the national tool previously, this had also been identified by the
 NHSI report who outlined in their review that the SNCT was not being used
 accurately on a consistent basis across all ward areas.



APPENDIX 1

MINUTES OF THE QUALITY & SAFETY COMMITTEE HELD ON THURSDAY 31ST MAY 2018 AT 9.00 A.M ROOM 10, MLCC, WALSALL MANOR HOSPITAL

Present: Professor R Beale Non-Executive Director (Chair)

Mrs K Blackwell Acting Director of Nursing

Mr R Beeken Chief Executive

Mrs V Harris Non-Executive Director

Mr N Rashid Divisional Director, MLTC (On behalf of the

Medical Director)

Mr P Thomas-Hands Chief Operating Officer
Mrs J White Interim Trust Secretary

In Attendance: Mr A Aldridge Emergency Care Improvement Programme

(ECIP), NHS Improvement (Up to item

28/18 only)

Miss S Garner Executive Assistant (minutes)

Apologies: Mr P Gayle Non-Executive Director

Mr R Caldicott Director of Finance & Performance

Mr A Khan Medical Director

23/18 Welcome and Introductions

Professor Beale welcomed everyone to the meeting.

24/18 **Quorum**

The meeting was quorate in line with Item 6 of the Committee Terms of Reference; The Committee will be deemed quorate to the extent that the following members are present: At least two Non-executive Directors, The Medical Director, The Director of Nursing and the Chief Executive or the Chief Operating Officer

25/18 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations of interest.

26/18 Minutes of the Meeting Held on Thursday 26th April 2018

Resolution

The minutes of the meeting held on 26th April 2018 were agreed as a true and accurate record.

27/18 Action Sheet and Matters Arising

The Committee reviewed the live action sheet and the following updates were noted:

- 155/17 Work was underway by the A&E Delivery Board to review the Winter Plan 2017-18 which was being overseen by Mr Thomas-Hands and a report would be provided in June. The Winter Plan for 2018-19 was also being developed and would be finalised by the end of June. Winter 2018-19 was expected to begin at the end of October therefore the Trust were being proactive in the approach to developing the plan.
- 197/17 The report on the equipment replacement programme had been deferred to June due to inaccuracies identified between the Trust's asset register and wedical devices database. Work was on-going to ensure that an accurate baseline was available to finalise the equipment replacement programme. Mr Beeken confirmed that urgent equipment was being replaced whilst this work was on-going.

Resolution

The Committee received and noted progress on actions included on the live action sheet.

28/18 Emergency Care Improvement Programme

Mr Aldridge introduced himself to the committee and confirmed that he had now been identified as the Improvement Manager for the ECIP work being undertaken with the Trust. He had recently taken over from his colleague, Lucy Roberts, who was now on sick leave. Mr Aldridge was working on setting up meetings with key leads for the programme to ensure he was up to date with the work his colleague had started.

Committee members were advised that a gap analysis had been undertaken by the ECIP team in January and a concordat agreement had been developed and signed off by the Trust. The agreement outlined 5 key workstreams in relation to patient flow, and ward processes including embedding the Safer bundle and the principles of Red to Green. The team had also recommended that the Trust undertake a review of its site management processes. Mr Thomas-Hands highlighted that the Trust had acted on the initial recommendations and key leads had been identified for each workstream. An additional pathway had also been agreed in relation to operational processes. The Urgent and Emergency Care Operations Group would receive updates on progress with each pathway on a monthly basis which would be reported into the A&E Delivery Board.

Professor Beale queried whether timescales had been agreed for

delivery of each part of the plan. Mr Thomas-Hands confirmed that each pathway would be reviewed at the first meeting of the operational group next week and project plans would be received with an update on metrics and timescales for completion.

Mr Rashid confirmed that he also chaired a weekly meeting to receive updates on the pathways to ensure that progress was being made. He explained the importance of embedding processes prior to the next winter period and ensuring the pace remained throughout the summer months. The bed management process had also been streamlined to improve efficiency. Mr Beeken raised concerns in relation to the current approach for bed management planning throughout the night and identified that patient information provided through the PAS system would need to be accurate to improve this. He also queried the timeframe for progress with the ward processes pathway including standardising of ward rounds and ensuring medically fit patients were discharged. Mr Rashid confirmed that good progress was being made with this; further work was required in some areas.

Mr Aldridge confirmed that he had reviewed processes in acute medicine during the previous year and identified that the implementation of the Red 2 Green approach had been seen to be overly dependent on clinical time and had not been particularly well received. Mr Thomas-Hands confirmed that this was the case and the Red 2 Green approach would be built into the ward processes pathway to avoid resistance from clinicians.

Professor Beale thanked Mr Aldridge for the update on the ECIP work and requested that Mr Thomas-Hands provide a brief update on progress being made to the committee for the next few months. Mr Aldridge was also invited to attend.

PTH

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the update on the Emergency Care Improvement Programme and it was agreed that a brief update on progress being made would be provided to the committee for the next few months.

29/18 Performance & Quality Report

Mr Rashid presented the Performance & Quality report and highlighted that there had been 5 cases of C. Diff year to date. In April, Two cases were reported on Ward 15 and one case on ward 17, following an RCA cases were deemed unavoidable. A further 2 cases had been reported in May on ASU, representing a period of increased incidence, an RCA would be completed for both cases, and the ward was being relocated to enable a deep clean of the area to take place. One MRSA bacteraemia was

reported in Critical Care in April, the RCA deemed this to be unavoidable. Members raised concerns that the C. diff target for 2018-2019 would be exceeded if the number of cases continued. Ms Blackwell highlighted that the number of cases was being monitored through the Infection Control Committee on a monthly basis and was also being picked up at the weekly serious incident meetings. The Committee agreed to monitor the number of C. diff cases reported at the next meeting to identify whether the period of increased incidence had continued.

Concerns were also raised regarding the deterioration in completion of the Electronic Discharge Summaries (EDS). A multidisciplinary audit on documentation was planned to be undertaken across the Trust with specific actions to address improvement following this. There were also plans to allocate an accountable consultant for each ward to work with the ward manager and team to oversee all aspects of ward performance and improvements. Mr Beeken confirmed that feedback on the audit and actions taken would be provided to the committee to provide assurance that individuals were being held to account. Ms Blackwell agreed to confirm the timeframe for the audit.

KB

Professor Beale recognised that compliance with safeguarding training was currently below the Trust target. Ms Blackwell confirmed that this was now being managed on a weekly basis and a revised target had been agreed with the CCG. The committee also noted the capacity issues within the children's child safeguarding team and a business case had been developed and was awaiting a decision from the CCG.

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the content of the Performance & Quality Report.

30/18 Trust Quality Executive Report

Ms Blackwell presented the report from the Trust Quality Executive held on 25th May and highlighted issues in relation to current ESR and training data being up to date. A discussion had taken place regarding the option of having a Manager Self Service element on ESR so that data could be updated by individuals and signed off by their line manager. It was agreed that an amnesty of local records would be required to enable ESR to be up to date. It was also recognised that there were other systems available to the Trust to record training data. The committee recommended that the People & Organisational Development Committee oversee a programme of work to ensure that data available in ESR was accurate and up to date and also consider other options for recording data.

POD

Discussions had also taken place at the Trust Quality Executive regarding infection control and cleanliness concerns and the divisional teams were working with the infection control team to improve compliance with environmental audits and a trajectory for improvement would need to be agreed. Further work was also required in relation to prioritisation of areas for cleaning and additional recruitment of domestic staff was expected to support with this.

The Preventing Future Deaths report and the risks associated with this were also escalated to the committee. Ms Blackwell explained that the report had been received in relation to a gynaecology patient with a retained pessary who had been lost to follow up. The main concerns were in relation to patient safety risks associated with the follow up back log and work continued to reduce the back log.

Mr Beeken highlighted that the PCIP was currently being used to measure progress against the key issues and would remain in place until the integrated improvement programme had been developed and implemented. He raised concerns that the committee had not been sighted on progress with the PCIP to date. Ms Blackwell confirmed that this had been discussed at the TQE meeting and the divisions were currently updating progress against the 'must' and 'should' do actions; the corporate actions against the regulatory breaches were also being updated. It was agreed that the PCIP would need to receive increased scrutiny monthly via the newly formed Trust Management Board and an update on progress would be included in the highlight report to the Quality and Safety Committee.

KB

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the report from the Trust Quality Executive and recommended that the People & Organisational Development Committee oversee a programme of work to ensure that data available in ESR was accurate and up to date and also consider other options for recording data.

31/18 Maternity Oversight Committee Update

The committee received the Maternity Oversight Committee update which highlighted progress on elements of the section 29A warning notice, details of the maternity PCIP and the maternity dashboard. The Oversight Committee had requested that some of the measures in the section 29A warning notice be included on the dashboard in future.

There was a further debate at the oversight committee about whether an incident should be reported when a HDU competent

midwife was not available on shift. It was agreed that an incident would be reported if a patient required HDU input and a trained midwife was not available.

The committee also received an update on the CNST Incentive scheme which would need to be signed off by the Trust Board prior to submission to NHS England.

Mr Beeken raised concerns in relation to the level of detail discussed at the Oversight Committee due to the high level of assurance being provided by the team on a monthly basis. He suggested that the service were potentially ready for a reinspection.

Committee members recognised that there had been a cultural improvement within the department following the changes to the senior nursing and clinical leadership. Mr Beeken advised that he had met with the consultant, midwifery and management teams to inform them of next steps being taken by Edgcumbe. A programme of work had also been agreed with the Royal College of Midwives and a plan was in place to bring both workstreams together facilitated by Edgcumbe.

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the Maternity Oversight Committee Update.

32/18 Trust Quality Account 2018-19

The draft Quality Account was shared with members and it was noted that due to the tight timeframe for approval, the Trust Board would be delegating responsibility to the Quality & Safety Committee to approve the final version in June. The document had been shared with key stakeholders for comments and the committee were advised that comments received from Health Watch and CCG colleagues had been supportive and objective.

Professor Beale requested that the final version be circulated to members as soon as possible to enable members to consider the document in detail prior to sign off at the next meeting.

KB/ ALL

Resolution

The Trust Quality Account 2018-19 was received and noted by the Committee.

33/18 Risk Management Committee Information & Escalation Report

Mrs Blackwell presented the Risk Management Committee Information and Escalation report and the following points were

highlighted:

- There were 2 serious incidents in relation to patients who had fallen and sustained serious harm. An RCA had been undertaken for both and themes had been identified in relation to completion of falls assessments.
- There had been an increase in the number of pressure ulcers reported, there were 17 incidents reported in April, however it was noted that there was a delay with the RCA and validation process. Further work was being done to improve this and reduce the delay.
- Compliance with Duty of Candour had improved and a new leaflet had been rolled out to support with informing patient relatives quickly.

Professor Beale raised concerns regarding the current process for duty of candour and queried whether a rapid investigation should be undertaken prior to enacting duty of candour to avoid confusion with patients and their families. Ms Blackwell confirmed that national guidance suggested that patient's families were informed that there was a potential issue as quickly as possible before an investigation was undertaken. She agreed to look into this further and consider whether practice could be changed and Mr Beeken recommended that a discussion take place with the Trust's Quality lead at NHS Improvement. Feedback would be provided at the next meeting.

KB

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the Risk Management Committee Information & Escalation Report.

34/18 Monthly Nursing & Midwifery Quality & Staffing Report

Ms Blackwell presented the monthly report and the following points were highlighted:

- The overall fill rates for April 2018 exceeded the 90% target set for both day and night shifts. Exception reports for individual areas where this target was not achieved had not reported any incidents /omissions in care linked to staffing.
- The agency and bank hours used reduced in April due to bed closures. There was an on-going focus on roster compliance, particularly, in the Emergency Department and AMU.
- Overall Thornbury usage reduced significantly in April and shifts that were covered with Thornbury staff were in relation to 1-1 care being provided for CAMHS patients.
- The report was being developed further in line with NQB guidance.

Mr Beeken highlighted that the Board had been focusing on

temporary workforce usage recently and the executive team had agreed to provide clarity on this in line with the NHS Improvement review undertaken. It was recognised that the financial views were being overseen at the Performance, Finance & Investment Committee, and the committee agreed to oversee the quality perspective of this work. The report would be shared with both committees at the end of June prior to submission to the Trust Board in July.

Concerns were raised in relation to the reduction in care hours provided to patients which did not correlate with the 90% compliance with fill rates. Ms Blackwell confirmed that further work was being done with NHS Improvement to ensure data was being submitted correctly.

Ms Blackwell identified that she planned to provide a brief report on staffing every month to the committee with a more detailed report being provided on a quarterly basis which would include an update on recruitment and retention and analysis of the Model Hospital data. A daily acuity tool was now being utilised and would identify any issues in relation to care being provided. Professor Beale suggested that it would be useful to include the quality impacts of this in the report.

KB

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the Monthly Nursing & Midwifery Quality & Staffing Report.

35/18 Tissue Viability Overview Report

Mrs Blackwell presented the Tissue Viability Overview report and the following points were noted:

- There was some uncertainty in relation to the requirements from the Tissue viability service across community services, specifically in relation to nursing homes and practice nurse bases.
- The wound care group had been working to review and monitor formulary which had generated some savings for the Trust and ensured that patients were getting the equipment required.
- Some issues had been identified in relation to training being provided in the hospital. Discussions were on-going with the divisional nurses to deliver the training more effectively on the wards.
- There had been an increase in stage 2 pressure ulcers reported compared to the previous year. An increase had also been seen throughout the year in relation to unstageable ulcers. Reporting of unstageable ulcers had commenced in April, therefore, a benchmark was not yet available.

Members raised concerns in relation to lost TNP pumps across the Trust which was causing financial impacts. Ms Blackwell confirmed that the equipment was booked out by the surgery team, however, was often not returned. It was suggested that the implementation of an equipment coordinator role would support with this. Mr Thomas-Hands suggested that this be looked at more widely to monitor equipment across the whole Trust.

Professor Beale queried whether there was a process in place to monitor the PFI building to enable re-claims for any issues not resolved by the provider. Mr Beeken confirmed that there was not currently a process in place for this, however, external advice was being sought in relation to the PFI contract and the team in estates were being restructured to enable the contract to be performance managed.

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the Tissue Viability Overview Report.

36/18 Mortality Report

Mr Rashid presented the Mortality report and the following key points were noted:

- HSMR data was reported at 102.5 and SHMI at 127.25.
- There were no specific themes around mortality against diagnosis.
- Advice notification received from Imperial College London in relation to deaths due to electrolyte disturbance, these were small numbers and may have been related to coding.
- A review of certain groups of deaths was being undertaken, this related to the poorer performing specialties including respiratory and acute medicine.
- The Trust was looking at implementing a medical examiner role, to review all deaths and refer the ones that required further analysis. The business case for this was being developed. It was suggested that the management of the duty of candour process be included in the medical examiner role.
- Feedback on learning from mortality reviews was discussed at the mortality surveillance group to consider wider trends. The key themes around deaths in the 0-1 day length of stay group had been reviewed and the majority of patients should not have been brought into hospital in the first place. Actions were being addressed with community colleagues and the wider health economy to identify these patients and ensure advanced care planning was in place.

Professor Beale identified that the report provided good assurance that learning was being embedded from the mortality review process. Mr Beeken raised concerns that the mortality indicators were monitored against a moving average which reflected the national acuity changes in winter and therefore the increase in deaths reported during December 2017 – February 2018 was concerning. Mr Thomas-Hands highlighted that concerns had also been raised at the A&E Delivery Board and were being picked up as part of the hospital avoidance pathway. Mr Beeken agreed to have a discussion with Mr Khan about triangulating the data to get a better understanding of the Trust's position and request an update in the next report.

RB/AK

Resolution

The Mortality Report was received and noted by the Committee.

37/18 Patient Experience Quarterly Report

Ms Blackwell presented the report which outlined patient experience and complaints data for quarter 4. The following points were noted:

- The Friends and Family Test (FFT) response rates improved for quarter 4 for Outpatients and ED
- ED 'would recommend' scores trailed behind the national results and an action plan overseen by the ED matron was in place
- Response rates in maternity remained low but the 'would recommend scores increased in quarter 4 and the 'would not recommend' reduced significantly
- There was an overall increase in the number of complaints and concerns received in quarter 4, the themes around complaints had not changed and included clinical care/assessment, attitude, waiting times and communications.
- 97% of complaints were responded to within the agreed timeframe.

There was a further discussion about the persistent themes of complaints, particularly in relation to communication and attitude and it was recognised that there needed to be an increased emphasis on the lessons learnt from complaints and actions to address these. Professor Beale highlighted that there was a need for the Trust to outline the expectations of staff in relation to how they communicate information and manage their behaviour. There was a further suggestion of including charger lockers for mobile phones in the Emergency Department which would potentially improve patient's experience.

Mr Thomas-Hands highlighted that with the implementation of the

Red 2 Green initiative, there was an expectation that patients were informed of where they were in their journey through the hospital. It was hoped that this would also improve communication with patients. Concerns were also raised in relation to the increase in the number of formal complaints per 10,000 spells in March for elective activity. Mr Thomas-Hands confirmed that there had not been a large amount of elective surgeries cancelled during this point and agreed to look into the reasons for this spike.

PTH

Resolution

The Committee received and noted the Patient Experience Quarterly Report.

38/18 Items for Referral to the Trust Board

Resolution

The Committee resolved that the following items would be referred to the Trust Board at its meeting on the 7th June 2018:

- The increased number of C. Difficile cases reported year to date
- The plans to report monthly on the PCIP progress going forward
- The nursing work-stream and pending NHS Improvement report from their review of nurse staffing at the Trust

39/18 Any Other Business

There was no other business.

40/18 Reflections on Meeting: Post Meeting Questions from Trust Meeting Etiquette and Proposals for Trust Board Walks

Utilising the Post Meeting Questionnaire agreed as part of the Trust's meeting etiquette Professor Beale sought feedback from the members and attendees. The responses were noted and would be taken into consideration for future meetings.

41/18 Date & Time of Next Meeting

Thursday 28th June 2018, 9:00am Seminar room, route 126



MEETING OF TRUST BOAR	D, 05 July 20)18					
Update on outcomes of develop	mental reviews	for Divisional	Dire	ectors July	AGE	NDA ITEM: 12	
2018							
Report Author and Job	Louise Ludgrove, Interim Responsible Louise Ludgrove Interim Director of OD and HR						
Title:	Director of O	D and HK	Dir	ector:	and I	im Director of OD HR	
Action Required	Approval	Decision		Assurance a	nd In	formation	
				To receive a	nd	To receive	
				discuss			
Recommendation		recommende	d to	o note the con	tent c	of the Report for	
	information.						
Does this report mitigate	BAF, No 8;	That we are n	ot s	uccessful in o	ur wo	rk to establish a	
risk included in the BAF or	clinically-led,	engaged & e	mp	owered culture	€.		
Trust Risk Registers? please outline							
Resource implications	There are no	resource imp	lica	ations.			
Land and Fauction and	Thous ous us	land an anul	4	and diversity in	!:	4:	
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no	legal or equil	ty a	and diversity in	npiica	itions.	
Operational Objectives				ent safety and	X		
2018/19	clinical qualit improvement	y through a co	omp	orenensive			
	Develop the	culture of the			Х		
	ensure mature decision making and clinical						
	leadership Improve our	financial heal	th t	hrough our	Х		
	robust impro	vement progra	amr	me			
	•			rategy focuse	d X		
		tegration in W with other Tr					
	Johnsonation	50101 11	4011	•			















Update on outcomes of developmental reviews for Divisional Directors July 2018

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide the Board with an update on outcomes from developmental reviews for Divisional Directors.

2. BACKGROUND

The Trust introduced a clinically led model in September 2016 with the appointment of three clinical Divisional Directors, each of whom was allocated 4 programmed activities per week to deliver their duties as a Divisional Director. This was alongside their clinical commitments.

Initial development was put in place through a development programme delivered by Academyst which covered broad topics including understanding of the wider NHS systems, service improvement approaches and use of resources. This was followed up in 2017 by a Kings Fund programme for the Teams of Three, including Divisional Directors.

The Board agreed in August 2017 that following completion of the programmes, a review would be conducted with each Divisional Director to establish their learning against five key objectives, through the development outlined above and based on their experience of having worked in the roles for a period of time.

3. DETAILS Process

The first phase of this review process was to run a 360 degree feedback exercise for each Divisional Director from prescribed individuals within their structures (both senior and junior to them) based on establishing their learning against five key objectives: Strategic leadership, financial management, best practice standards in provision of safe care, cohesive team working and implementation of governance processes across Divisions.

The output from this feedback was fed back to each Divisional Director by the Interim Director of OD & HR through a discursive, coaching approach.

The next phase required the Divisional Directors to deliver a presentation to a Panel of Executive and Non-Executive Directors, outlining their learning against the five key objectives. This phase combined the presentation of their self-assessment against these objectives with a viva conducted by a group of Executive and Non-Executive Directors, intended to explore areas of achievement and further support going forward.

Output

The output from the above review stages revealed a largely consistent picture of significant development over a period of 18 months since individuals were appointed into these leadership roles. Each Division had its own particular aspects of challenge relating to those services within it but the broader experience of all three Directors



identified rapid exposure and commensurate development of skills across consistent areas of focus. Examples of these include:

Participants collectively reflected significant benefits from the Kings Fund Development programme; all had engaged with and accepted responsibility for the rapid development of cultural change within their Divisions; recognition of the role of the Divisional Director in modelling behaviour and challenging inappropriate behaviour from colleagues; significant emphasis on close and effective team working amongst the three Divisional Directors, within Teams of Three and across Divisions; recognition of the need to empower their Care Group leaders and teams and provide support to them; a need to rely on clinical colleagues to support provision of services; a focus on improvement and aspirational service developments: responsibility for care of team members and themselves; responsibility for all staff within their Divisions and not just medics; leading a multi professional approach to care and new roles; responsibility for financial management, delivery of CIPs and productivity; exposure to ownership of organisational pressures; responsibility for governance across their Divisions; understanding of the need to develop accountability across teams and to develop a Quality Improvement approach to service delivery; ongoing individual reflection on progress in delivering all of the imperatives described above.

Next steps

The development of a clinically led model within any organisation is an ongoing process and takes considerable time to learn and mature to achieve maximum benefit. Ongoing development and reflection on the changing needs for these roles in a time of rapid change within the external environment is essential.

It has become clear through this process that each of the three Divisional Directors has made significant individual progress in their development within their roles and consideration is currently being given to appropriate further targeted development on an individual basis.

The recent introduction of a Trust Management Board is a significant step towards recognising the partnership between the Executive and the clinical leadership and enabling discussions to take place and decisions to be made on a shared basis.

It is intended to reflect on the findings demonstrated in this report to review the role of senior clinical leaders going forward, in order to ensure that the Trust supports them effectively and enables individuals to make their most effective contribution to our journey going forward.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

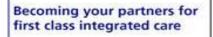
The Board is recommended to note the content of the Report for information.

Report Author: Louise Ludgrove, Interim Director of OD and HR

Date of report: 27/06/2018



MEETING OF TRUST BOAR	RD, 05 July 20)18						
People and Organisational D	evelopment C	ommittee hig	hlig	ht report	AGE	NDA ITEM: 13		
Report Author and Job		Louise Ludgrove, Interim Responsible Ph				Philip Gayle,		
Title:	Director of O	D and HR	Dir	ector:	Non-	Executive Director		
Action Required	Approval	Decision		Assurance a	nd In	formation		
				To receive an	nd	To receive		
				discuss				
Recommendation	The Board is information.	recommende	ed to	o note the con	tent c	f the Report for		
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or						affing levels		
Trust Risk Registers? please outline	No 8. That w	e are not suc	ces			establish a clinically		
	No. 11. That	I and empowe our governar QC Well Led s	ce	remains "inade	equat	e" as assessed		
Resource implications	There are no	resource imp	lica	ations raised w	vithin	the Report.		
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	Compliance	with Trust Sta	ndi	ng Orders.				
Operational Objectives 2018/19		y through a c		ent safety and orehensive	X			
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership							
	Improve our	financial hea			Х			
	Develop the on service in	robust improvement programme Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts						















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

To inform the Board of key issues discussed at People and Organisational Development Committee.

2. BACKGROUND

The report highlights the key issues discussed at the People and Organisational Development Committee meeting held on 18 June 2018.

3. DETAILS

The meeting was quorate and was chaired by Philip Gayle, Non-Executive Director and Chair of the Committee.

Key issues discussed were:

- 1. The Committee discussed content within the Trust Annual Plan relating to Equality, Diversity & Inclusion. It was agreed that this should include our commitment as a Trust. It was noted that this narrative had been supplied for the Plan.
- 2. It was noted that applications had been received for the E, D& I secondment post currently being advertised on a six month basis. Louise Ludgrove also advised that it was intended to create a permanent position for this role within the restructure of the OD & HR Directorate. Louise reported that agreement had been reached at Director level to bring together the two arms within the Trust relating to E, D & I for patients/public and for staff. This would enable a more robustly resourced position and ensure consistency across the approach for all.
- 3. Marsha Belle reported that she was currently drafting a strategy document for the next EDIC meeting, which has now been moved to monthly frequency in order to better enable progress.
- 4. Philip Gayle reported that he had sourced attendance at EDIC from Walsall Council and that this had contributed a valuable perspective to discussions which would enable closer working and beneficial contacts going forward.
- 5. Sebastian Smith-Cox delivered a presentation covering the impact of a recent Learning into Action event around E, D & I, which had also been supported by staff side. The event had sold out within days of being advertised and it was intended to run a further event later this year.
- 6. Sebastian also provided a powerful account of the experience of participants in the Leadership Academy's Stepping Up programme and detailed the benefits that his participation in the programme had delivered for him as an employee of the Trust.
- 7. Sandra McShane presented a report to the Committee on the Workforce Key Performance Indicators. She updated on the outcome of a deep dive into fluctuating performance on sickness absence during the last quarter and identification of the key drivers of this change, linking to outbreaks of Norovirus, flu etc. Sukhbinder Heer suggested the introduction of a score card, identifying the impact of winter



effect, ward closures, vacancy levels and ward closures as a monitoring tool towards delivering improvements.

- 8. Daren Fradgley noted the importance of ensuring that mandatory training is relevant to individual roles. He reported that the Quality Academy had run a session within mandatory training in line with Sukhbinder's suggestion at Trust Board, acknowledging the relevance of mandatory training to individual roles and considering how to make subject matters relatable and interesting for attendees.
- 9. Karen Bendall updated the Committee on the current and developing position around delivery of Mandatory Training targets and reported on the various initiatives relating to the rapid improvement of performance in this area.
- 10. Amir Khan presented an update report on Consultant vacancies and noted that the implementation of new roles was being explored to provide some longer term solutions in covering vacancies where we were unlikely to recruit. It was noted that the present work around sustainability reviews was actively considering these issues and Daren Fradgley reported that it was anticipated that the outcome of this work would be presented to Executives in July and to Board Committees in August.
- 11. Kara Blackwell updated the Committee on the latest position relating to agency usage in nursing. Sukhbinder Heer expressed his concerns around the level of assurance relating to controls for agency spend and Louise Ludgrove reminded the Committee that a formal report from the external NHSI review was awaited. It was anticipated that this would bring clarity to the discussions moving forward.
- 12. Marsha Belle provided an update on the introductory work around new roles. She noted the support being provided by the Transformation team working with Divisions in taking forward this work and the group discussed the importance of cultural development in enabling services to consider effective deployment of alternative roles as a means of addressing long term workforce shortages.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board is recommended to note the content of the Report for information.

Report Author: Louise Ludgrove, Interim Director of OD and HR

Date of report: 26/06/2018



TRUST BOARD								
FINANCE REPORT MONTH 2					AGE	NDA ITEM: 14		
Report Author and Job Title:	Tony Kettle Responsible			sponsible	Rus	ssell Caldicott		
	Deputy Direct	or of Finance	Dir	ector:	Dire	ector of Finance		
Action Required	Approval	Decision	1	Assurance and	Info	ormation		
				To receive and		To receive		
				discuss X				
Recommendation	To inform members of the Performance Finance & Investment Committee of the financial performance of the Trust for the year to date May 2018 (M02). Noting and endorsing the recommedations within the report for recovery of the financial performance to plan.							
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline								
Resource implications	potential overs	spends driven Trust ability to	by to sec	ncial plan, largely emporary workfo cure additional ca int capital investr	rce a apital	and CIP delivery. I resources from		
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no l paper."	egal or equalit	y &	diversity implicat	ions	associated with this		
Operational Objectives 2018/19	clinical quality improvement Develop the c	ulture of the or	npre gan	hensive isation to ensure	.	Х		
	Improve our fimprovement Develop the conservice integration with other Tru	X						

Executive Summary

1. Purpose of the report

Becoming your partners for first class integrated care













To inform members of the Trust Board of the financial performance of the Trust for the year to date May 2018 (M02)

2. Background

The Trust has adopted a financial plan for the 2018/19 financial year that delivers an £18.6m deficit. The key component for achievement being delivery of a £13m Cost Improvement Programme and mitigation of overspends incurred in the 2017/18 financial year (largely associated with use of temporary workforce).

The Trust has subsequently accepted an improved offer of control total at £10.6m deficit (£15.6m excluding Provider Sustainability Funding - PSF)

3. Details

The Trust has attained the following financial performance as at May 2018:

- Deficit of £4.5m in YTD (£0.2m adverse variance to plan)
- CIP delivered £1.1m YTD behind plan by £0.3m (£0.6m non-recurrent)
- Temporary workforce costs for May totalled £1.8m (£0.4m higher than May 2017)

The Trust is required to reduce this run rate in order to deliver the planned outturn for the financial year, key risks being:

- CIP delivery of £13m for the year (noting the phasing into the later part of the year)
- Overspends continue, driven by temporary workforce
- Disputed 2017/18 balances by the commissioner

Actions being taken:

Financial Recovery Plan (owned throughout the Trust) presented to an Extra-ordinary Performance, Finance & Investment Committee, components being:

- Monthly income and expenditure trajectories (by Division and expense category)
- Temporary workforce annual expenditure profile (Medical and Nursing focus)
- Mitigations discussed within PFIC (to include sale of assets modelled)
- Cost Improvement Programme delivery (ahead of profile to remove risk to delivery at close of the financial year)
- Communication strategy

Focus placed upon delivery of Improvement Work-streams (productivity & efficiencies) with weekly meetings with the Chair for Performance, Finance and Investment Committee

4. Capital

Capital schemes are progressing (ICCU complete November 18 / Maternity commenced May 2018 and ED prioritised by STP (local providers and commissioners of healthcare)

5. Recommendations

Members are asked to note the reported performance to month 2 and the action being progressed to ensure robust enhanced monitoring and delivery of the 2018/19 financial plan.

6. Appendices

Please see attached finance report



2018/19 Finance Report May 2018 (Month 2)

Becoming your partners for first class integrated care











2018/19 Finance Report: (Month 2)	Page
Key Messages	3
Overall Summary and RAG Assessment	4-5
Temporary Staffing Analysis	6-7
Cost Improvement Target Achievement	8
Capital Programme	9
Statement of Financial Position	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11









Key Messages

Financial Month 2 plan.

- · Trust has set a plan to deliver an £18.6m deficit for the financial year
- At month 2 the Trust has a deficit of £4.5m (£0.2m off plan)
- Trust is required to reduce this run rate significantly to attain plan

CIP

- The Trust's Cost Improvement Target for the year £13m
- YTD Month 2 total savings of £1.1m delivered (£1.4m plan) of which £0.6m non-recurrent
- Increasing births delivered at the Trust will off-set £0.25m of the non-recurrent delivery

Bank, Agency & Locum

- Spending on temporary workforce is £1.8m for the month (£0.4m higher than May 2017)
- Nursing £0.1m and Medical £0.3m higher than prior year

Capital Developments

- Maternity works commenced in May (£5.6m) and the ICCU development is set to open in November 18
- The Emergency Department development was ranked as a priority for investment by the STP in month

Financial Risks

- CIP Delivery for the year (£13.0m target) requires traction on the 'Improvement Work-streams'
- Overspends in month 2 continue (largely temporary workforce) giving a run rate risk

Management of the financial risks

Financial Recovery Plan (owned throughout the Trust) presented to an Extra-ordinary Performance, Finance & Investment Committee, components being:

- Monthly income and expenditure trajectories (by Division and expense category)
- Temporary workforce annual expenditure profile (Medical and Nursing focus)
- Mitigations discussed within PFIC (to include sale of assets modelled)
- Cost Improvement Programme delivery (ahead of profile to remove risk to delivery at close of the financial year)
- Communication strategy
- Focus upon delivery of Improvement Work-streams (productivity & efficiencies) with weekly meetings with the Chair for Performance, Finance and Investment Committee
- Enhanced scrutiny in meetings with the Divisions to assure plans are robust and Quality Impact assessed









Summary Financial Performance to May 2018 (Month 2)

Financial Performance - Period ended 31st May 2018									
Description	Annual Budget	Budget to Date	Actual to Date		Variance				
	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000				
Income									
NHS Activity Revenue	227,981	37,340	37,240		(100				
Non NHS Clinical Revenue (RTA Etc)	1,025 6.856	186	132		(54				
Education and Training Income	-,	1,166	1,258		9:				
Other Operating Income (Incl Non Rec)	7,419	1,349	1,518		168				
Total Income	243,281	40,042	40,148		106				
Expenditure									
Employee Benefits Expense	(175,420)	(28,869)	(29,066)		(197				
Drug Expense	(7,398)	(3,074)	(3,045)		29				
Clinical Supplies	(17,475)	(2,929)	(2,984)		(54				
Non Clinical Supplies	(15,544)	(2,661)	(2,720)		(59				
PFI Operating Expenses	(5,081)	(881)	(856)		25				
Other Operating Expense	(26,441)	(3,279)	(3,353)		(74				
Sub - Total Operating Expenses	(247,360)	(41,693)	(42,024)		(331				
Earnings before Interest & Depreciation	(4,079)	(1,652)	(1,876)		(224)				
Interest expense on Working Capital	51	9	7		(2				
Interest Expense on Loans and leases	(8,012)	(1,586)	(1,612)		(25				
Depreciation and Amortisation	(6,560)	(1,093)	(1,007)		86				
PDC Dividend	0	0	0		(
Losses/Gains on Asset Disposals	0	0	0		(
Sub-Total Non Operating Exps	(14,521)	(2,671)	(2,612)		59				
Total Expenses	(261,881)	(44,365)	(44,636)		(271)				
RETAINED SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(18,600)	(4,323)	(4,488)		(165)				
Adjustment for Gains on Donated Assets			(21)	Ī	(21				
Adjusted Financial Performance (Control Total)	(18,600)	(4,323)	(4,509)		(186				

Division	YTD Budget £000's	YTD Actual £000's	Variance £000's	Narrative
MLTC	10,146	10,814	(668)	MLTC overspent as a result of nursing wards and specialist areas (£0.6m) and Medical agency cover for Elderly/Respiratory Care.(£0.15m).
SURGERY	8,701	8,940	(239)	Surgery overspends are within Nursing £0.1m and medics £0.1m (Anaesthetics)
WC & CSS	11,396	11,224	172	WCCSS is underspent by £0.2m driven by vacancies within Therapies, off-setting medical overspends (£0.1m) within Paediatrics and income underperformance.
ESTATES AND FACILITIES	2,550	2,518	32	Division has delivered ahead of plan

Financial Performance

- The Trust attained a deficit of £4.5m at month 2 against a plan of £4.3m, which results in an unfavourable YTD variance of £0.2m.
- The contracted income shows an unfavourable variance to plan of £0.1m, the underperformance occurring in clinical support. However, this is net of the over-performance on elective that has generated CIP recurrently in month 2 in excess of £0.1m.
- The Trust has agreed a contract with Walsall CCG commissioner which provides for financial certainty on Emergency Inpatients, Rehabilitation and contract fines & penalties. The remainder of contracts with commissioners are on a cost & volume basis providing opportunity to deliver efficiencies through increased income.
- Expenditure is overspent £331k YTD. The main area of overspending is pay owing to the continued use of high cost temporary staffing in Medical (£358k) and Nursing (£782k).
- The Trust Board has adopted a revised deficit plan of £10.6m for the financial year (after receipt of £5m Provider Sustainability Funds - PSF)

CIP 2017/18 Delivery

- The Trust's Annual Cost Improvement Programme requirement is £13m.
- The Trust has delivered £1.1m CIP to month 2 (plan £1.4m) £0.6m non-recurrently.
- An element of the non-recurrent delivery reflects the delays in the Trust increasing Obstetric activity to cap (so will be off-set by recurrent income delivery).
- Non-recurrent delivery places increased pressure on future financial sustainability.

Cash

- The Trust's planned cash holding in accordance with borrowing requirements is £1m.
 The actual cash holding is £1.28m.
- The interest payable on the increased borrowing adds to future savings requirement.
- The level of interest currently payable on borrowing to date and to service the current financial plan is circa £2.3m for the year.

Capital

 The year to date capital expenditure is £1.1m, with ICCU set to complete in November 2018, Maternity works commenced in May 2018 and the Trust Emergency Department development prioritised in month by the STP (local commissioners and providers of healthcare).

Temporary Workforce

Total expenditure on temporary workforce is £1.828m (May 2018) which represents a £86k reduction on the April total following the reduction in capacity

The Trust continues to spend resource in excess of historic performance (£1.42m May 2017) and this is driving levels of overspend within the Divisions.



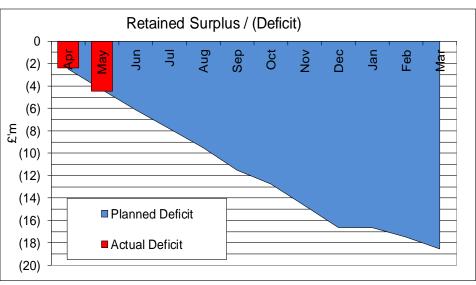


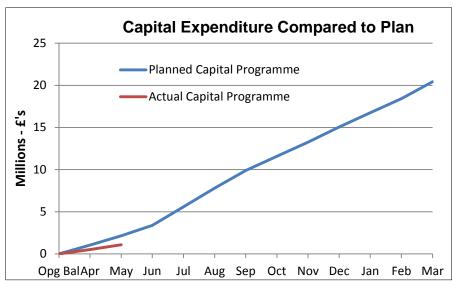


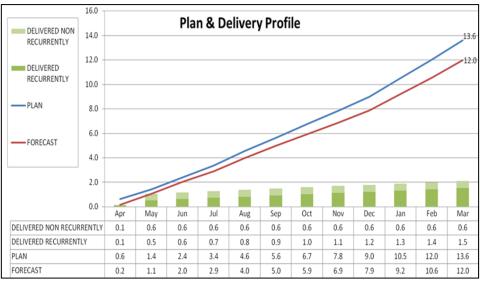


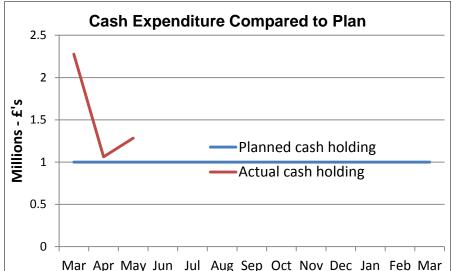


Overall Summary and RAG Assessment continued











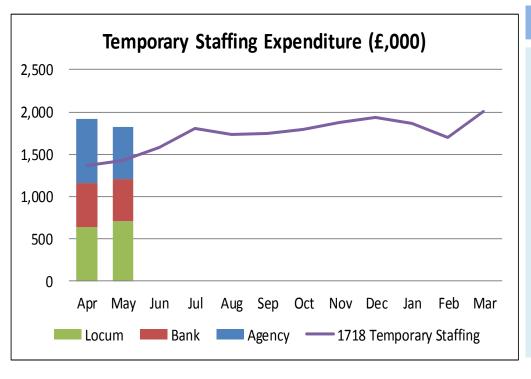








TEMPORARY EXPENDITURE 2018/19

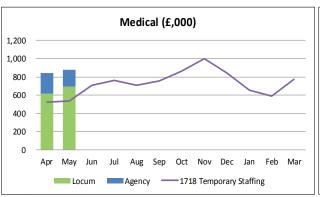


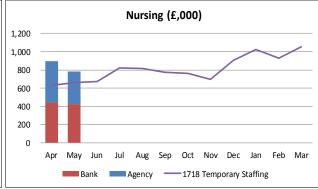
Commentary

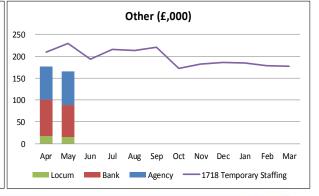
- Temporary staff costs totalled £1.8m in May 2018 (£1.9m April 2018), of which agency is £0.623m.
- The NHS Improvement target for the Trust is to spend no more than £6.5m on agency in 2018/19. This is a £0.5m reduction on the 2017/18 target and £1m reduction on 17/18's outturn.
- The Table below shows an annual forecast for temporary workforce spending:-

Description	2018	2017/18	
	YTD May £000's	Annual £000's	Annual £000's
Temporary worker	1,828	22,867	20,830
Agency	1,377	8,670	7,503

Total spend in May 18 (£1.8m) is significantly higher than the same period last year (£1.4m May 2017).

















TEMPORARY WORKFORCE EXPENDITURE 2018/19

Agency						17/	18							18/19	
	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total	Apr	May	YTD
Staff Group	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Medical Staff	189	280	213	153	194	174	317	215	169	163	126	2,306	223	187	410
РТВ	18	21	19	23	11	15	-6	1	14	14	14	150	12	9	21
Nursing & Midwifery	330	301	332	432	264	367	244	392	555	404	352	4,221	455	359	814
Other Staff Groups	87	59	77	84	83	62	89	78	53	60	36	827	63	68	131
Agency Total This Year	625	660	641	692	553	618	644	686	791	641	527	7,504	754	623	1,377
Agonoy Fotal Fine Fotal	020	000	V	502	000	0.0	U 11	000		V 11	<u> </u>	1,001		020	.,0
Monthly Movement	199	35	(19)	51	(139)	65	26	42	105	(149)	(114)		226	(131)	
Bank						17/	40							18/19	
Dalik	Mav	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total	Apr	Mav	YTD
Staff Group	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Medical Staff	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	1,000	0	0	0	0
PTB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
Nursing & Midwifery	330	370	489	382	511	393	454	512	467	526	705	5,525	442	425	867
Other Staff Groups	72	79	91	85	104	79	83	93	105	84	107	1,083	84	74	158
Other Starr Groups	72	,,,	31	03	104	73	03	- 33	103	04	107	1,005		, ,	130
Bank Total This Year	402	449	580	466	616	473	537	605	571	610	811	6,608	526	499	1,025
Monthly Movement	(85)	46	131	(114)	149	(143)	64	68	(34)	39	201		(285)	(27)	
Locum						17/								18/19	
	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total	Apr	May	YTD
Staff Group	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Medical Staff	348	430	551	553	561	691	683	630	486	425	645	6,414	617	691	1,308
PTB	51	35	30	22	21	16	17	14	13	20	18	299	15	13	28
Nursing & Midwifery	0	0	0	0	0	0		0				0	0	0	0
Other Staff Groups	0	0	0	0	0	0		0			3	4	2	1	3
Locum Total This Year	399	465	581	575	582	707	700	644	499	446	667	6,718	635	705	1,340
Monthly Moyomant	(55)	66	116	(6)	7	125	(7)	(56)	(145)	(53)	221		(32)	70	
Monthly Movement	(35)	00	110	(6)	/	125	(7)	(36)	(145)	(53)	221		(32)	70	
Grand Total	1,426	1,574	1,802	1,733	1,750	1,798	1,881	1,935	1,861	1,697	2,005	20,829	1,914	1,827	3,741
Total Monthly Movement	60	147	228	(69)	17	47	83	54	(74)	(163)	308		(109)	(87)	



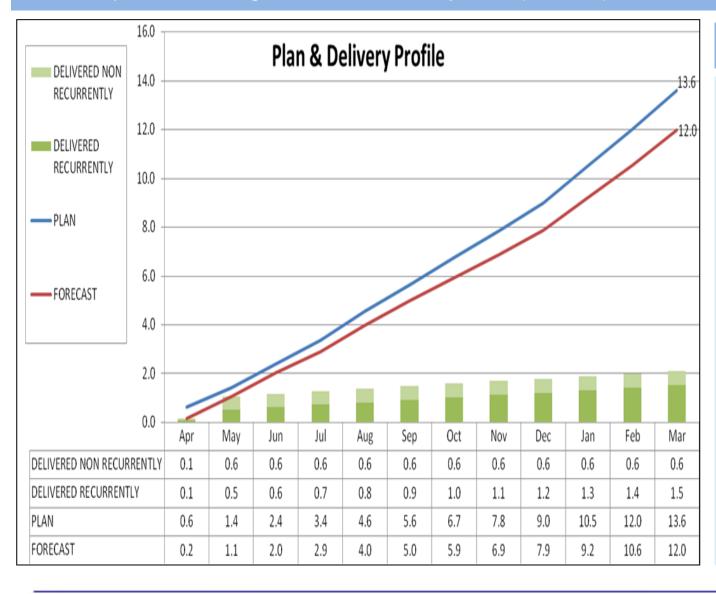








Cost Improvement Target Achievement: May 2018 (Month 2)



Headlines & Commentary

Cost Improvement Programme Target for 2018/19 is £13m.

YTD Delivery

- Delivered £1.1m at month 2 (May)
- Plan to deliver £1.4m, giving an under-delivery of £0.3m
- Of the total savings £0.6m is delivered non-recurrently
- Non-recurrent delivery will be off-set by £0.25m for increased Obstetric activity (births).

Full Year Plan

- The full year delivery forecast totals £12m (current shortfall against plan £1m) with a number of schemes still remaining as medium to high risk.
- Work continues with the programme to support the delivery of schemes.
- The full year value of the month 2 schemes is £2.1m, of which £1.5m is delivered recurrently.











Capital Programme

Capital Schemes 2018/19	2018/19 Plan £'000	Actual Expenditure 2018/19 £'000	Remaining Balance £'000
Estate			
Life cycle – estate maintenance	1,101	112	989
Integrated Critical Care Unit	2,907	738	2,169
Maternity	5,600	74	5,526
Emergency Department	10,000	8	9,992
Medical Equipment Replacement	516	0	516
Information Management & Technology			
Hardware & Software	100	41	59
Total Mobile	100	104	(4)
Contribution to SLR	0	0	0
Total Cost of Capital Schemes	20,324	1,077	19,247

Commentary

- Total planned capital expenditure is £20.3m
- Major schemes are the Integrated Critical Care Unit (ICCU) £3m & Maternity and Neo-Natal Unit £5.6m
- The ICCU scheme is set to complete November 2018, Maternity building work commenced 21st May
- The Emergency Department (ED)
 was planned to incur £10m of costs.
 However, revised estimates place
 this value at £2m for the year
- The ED scheme has been provisionally ranked as a priority for investment by the STP (council, providers and commissioners of healthcare)
- The Outline Business Case (OBC) for the ED development is with NHS Improvement for review.
- The Trust is seeking additional capital resource to support further medical equipment replacement in year.











Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Financial Position			
	as at 31/03/18	as at 31/05/18	Movement
	£000	£000	£000
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant & Equipment	138,291	138,360	69
Intangible Fixed Assets Total Non-Current Assets	1,311 139,602	1,369 139,729	58 127
Current Assets			
Receivables & pre-payments less than one Year Cash (Citi and Other) Inventories Total Current Assets	17,214 2,277 2,277 21,768	18,698 1,283 2,361 22,342	1,484 (994) 84 574
Current Liabilities			
NHS Payables less than one year Payables less than one year Borrowings less than one year Provisions less than one year Total Current Liabilities	(7,817) (22,885) (60,740) (432) (91,874)	(2,291) (29,743) (66,031) (432) (98,497)	5,526 (6,858) (5,291) - (6,623)
Net Current Assets less Liabilities	(70,106)	(76,155)	(6,049)
Non-current Assets Receivables greater than one year	1,054	1,872	818
Non-current liabilities Borrowings greater than one year	(127,859)	(127,243)	616
Total Assets less Total Liabilities	(57,309)	(61,797)	(4,488)
FINANCED BY TAXPAYERS' EQUITY composition :			
PDC	58,318	58,318	-
Revaluation Income and Expenditure In Year Income & Expenditure	16,023 (131,650) -	16,023 (131,650) (4,488)	- - (4,488)
Total TAXPAYERS' EQUITY	(57,309)	(61,797)	(4,488)

Commentary

Non Current Assets

 There is little movement year to date with depreciation and amortisation being almost equal to capital expenditure incurred.

Current Assets

- Receivables & pre-payments have increased by £1.48m since 31st March 2018, the adjustment reflecting movements in pre-paid contracts at the start.
- Cash is £1.0m lower than the balance at 31st March 2018. The high balance held at year end being specifically to assist delivery of the Capital Resource Limit (CRL) target.

Current Liabilities

 Liabilities have increased since March and primarily reflecting additional borrowing to support the revenue deficit position.

Provisions

· The balance of provisions remains unchanged

Tax Payers' Equity

 Income & Expenditure reflects the current deficit of £4.4m and shows the brought forward balances on the revaluation reserve and Income & Expenditure Reserve.











Cash Flow Statement

	£'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Adjusted Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	(2,886)
Depreciation and Amortisation	1,007
Donated Assets Received credited to revenue but non-cash	(58)
Fixed Asset Impairments	О
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	(2,304)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	1,786
Increase/(Decrease) in Stock	(84)
Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	О
Interest Paid	(1,608)
Dividend Paid	О
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	(4,147)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest received	7
(Payments) for Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,428)
Receipt from sale of Property	О
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow)from Investing Activities	(1,421)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) before Financing	(5,568)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	4,574
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash	(994)
Cash at the Beginning of the Year 2017/18	2,277
Cash at the End of the Month	1,283

Commentary

Cash Flow

- The Trust made an adjusted operating deficit of £2,886k at the end of May and received cash of £1,007k in respect of depreciation and amortisation.
- Trade and Other Receivables increased over the period (a negative impact on cash).
- Trade and Other Payables increased over the period (a positive impact on cash).
- The Trust spent a total of £1,428k in relation to payments for outstanding capital projects from 2017/18 and current 2018/19 projects.
- The Trust has received a total of £5.2m against the temporary borrowing loan facility by the end of May to support working capital payments.













MEETING OF TRUST BOARD	- 05.07.18							
Performance and Quality Repor	t				AGE	NDA ITEM: 15		
Report Author and Job Title:	Alison Phipps	- Head of	Re	sponsible	Rus	Russell Caldicott –		
	Performance 6	& Strategic	Dir	ector:	Dire	ector of Finance &		
	Intelligence				Per	formance		
Action	Approval	Decision		Assurance an	d Info	ormation		
				To receive an	d	To receive		
				discuss X				
Recommendation	and discuss a				ne co	entent of the paper		
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline Resource implications outline	indicators (per summary page committees (F opportunity to have also deb	formance, qua es contained v PFIC, Quality & incorporate co ated the conte	ality, vithir Sat omm ent o	safety and finant it have been to fety, POD). Leadents on the key	nce)a o eacl d exe mess ne rele	cutives have had an sage pages and evant subcommittee.		
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no l paper.	egal or equalit	y &	diversity implica	ations	associated with this		
Operational Objectives 2018/19		journey on pa through a con programme				√		
	Develop the c	ulture of the or		isation to ensur ical leadership	е	✓		
	Improve our fimprovement	inancial health programme	thro	ough our robust		✓		
	•	ation in Walsal		egy focused or in collaboration		✓		















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Areas of particular note applicable to Trust Board in respect of the Performance and Quality report attached are summarised in section 3 below.

Performance & Quality Report

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary overview of performance against key metrics aligned to this committee and also detail CQUIN schemes achievement and forecast. More detailed exception pages are included for metrics which have failed to achieve.

2. BACKGROUND

The report provides summary dashboards containing detail of performance against key metrics aligned to the organisational strategic objectives. A page summarising key messages for each subcommittee (Performance, Finance and Investment Committee, Quality and Safety Committee, People and Organisational Development) is contained within this report and discussed prior to receipt at Trust Board.

3. DETAILS

Areas of note are:

- <u>A&E: Time Spent in A&E (within 4 hours): Target 95%:</u> Performance improved to 89.7% compared to 87.22% in April. May's performance exceeded the trajectory of 85%.
- <u>Ambulance Handover:</u> The number of delayed ambulance handovers totalled 42 compared to 43 in April. Within this the number delayed by more than 1 hour increased to 5 from 1.
- <u>Cancer</u> All cancer metrics achieved in April with the exception of 62 day referral to treatment (83.33% against an 85% target). Unvalidated results for May show achievement against all cancer measures.
- <u>18 Weeks Referral to Treatment Incomplete: Target 92%:</u> May's performance further improved to 88.33%.
- **Diagnostic waits:** 99% target continued to achieve (99.57%).
- HSMR (HED) & SHMI February HSMR rate was 102.55. December SHMI changed to 127.25 from 103.66 in November. 78 deaths were recorded in May
- Infection Control There were two reported cases of C Difficile and no cases of MRSA
- Pressure Ulcers (category 2, 3 & 4's) Avoidable per 1000 beddays (Acute) / CCG per 10,000 population (Community) These two new metrics have been included and were reported as 0.84 and 0.03 respectively for April (unvalidated)
- <u>Falls</u> The rate of falls per 1000 bed days declined to 5.62 from 5.32 in April and was within the target of 6.63. There were no falls resulting in serious injury.
- <u>Safeguarding and Prevent Training</u> Compliance rates were not achieved with the exception
 of Prevent Level 1 and 2 and Children's Safeguarding Level 3. Trajectories have been
 established to achieve by end of Q1.
- Open Contract Performance Notices Seven contract performance notices remain open.
- **DNA rates**: Slightly declined in May to 11.03% from 10.47% in April and failed to achieve the trajectory of 9.00%.
- CQUINS Work continues on schemes for 2017-19. A forecast summary is included



4. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Members of the Board are asked to note the content of the paper and discuss areas of concern.

Report Author: Alison Phipps - Head of Performance & Strategic Intelligence

Date of report: 29th June 2018

APPENDICES

Performance & Quality Report



Performance & Quality Report

Trust Board

June 2018 (May 2018 Results)

Author: Alison Phipps – Head of Performance and Strategic Intelligence Lead Director: Russell Caldicott – Director of Finance and Performance

Becoming your partners for first class integrated care











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Dashboard	7-9	Е
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Key Messages	11	F
Dashboard	12-14	Ν
People & Organisational Development Committee		S
Key Messages	16	S
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Outpatients	23	C
Length of Stay	24	C
Delayed Transfers of Care (Apr 2018)	25	C
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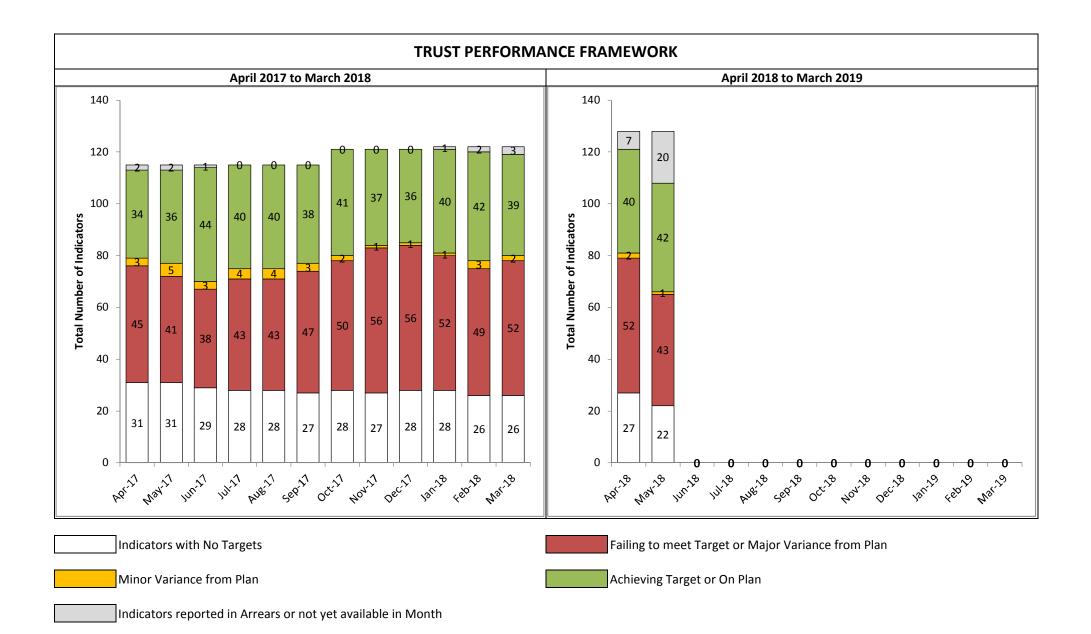
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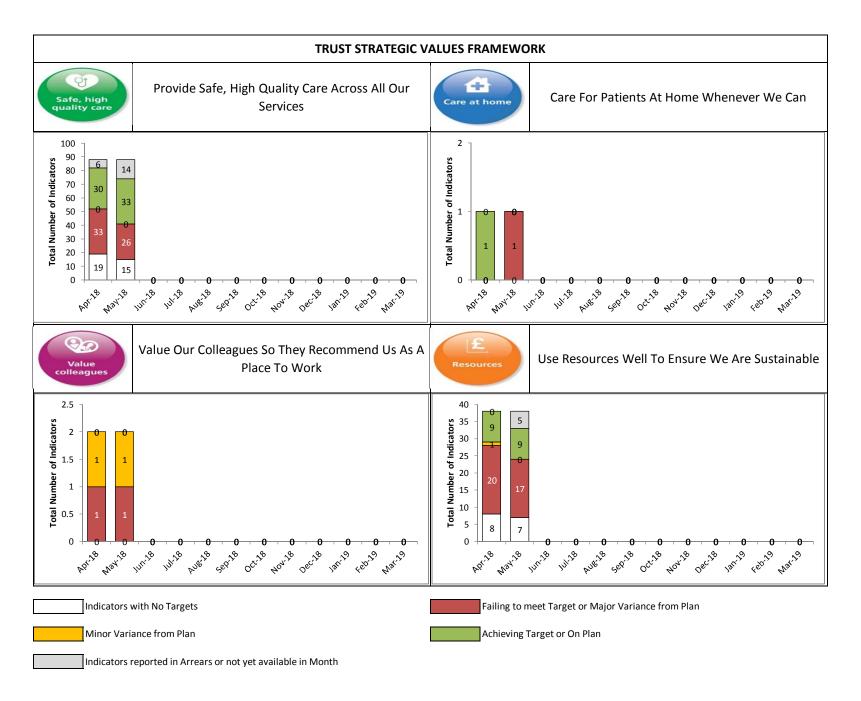














Quality and Safety Committee

Becoming your partners for first class integrated care











Safe, high quality care

Quality & Safety Committee – Key Messages

Please refer to dashboard and exception pages for further detail

PERFORMANCE ACHIEVED - OF NOTE:. There were no sleeping accommodation breaches during May. There were 2 cases of C Difficile within the month which is within the monthly trajectory and no cases of MRSA. One to One care in established labour achieved the 100% target. Children's safeguarding training level 3 compliance exceeded the 85% target.

PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED: HSMR improved to 102.55 in February from 113.00 in January. There were 8 avoidable pressure ulcers reported for March. April and May figures are provisional. Midwife to Birth Ratio did not achieve at 1:29.2. Emergency Readmissions within 30 days did not achieve in April with performance of 11.27%. EDS compliance significantly improved to 92.29% in May. Dementia deteriorated to 66.62% in April, against a target of 90%, however methodology to determine performance of this metric is still under review. Seven FFT areas failed to achieve in May. Six of the Safeguarding metrics failed to achieve in May.



TO NOTE:

The number of deaths reduced in May to 78. There were 11 Hospital & 5 Community serious incidents in April. Pressure Ulcers will be reported as Acute per 1000 bed days and Community per 10,000 CCG population and included in the next version for Trust Board.



NONE APPLICABLE

There are no specific Care at Home metrics identified for inclusion within the dashboard for this committee.



NONE APPLICABLE

There are no specific Value Colleagues metrics identified for inclusion within the dashboard for this committee.



PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED - OF NOTE: There were 309 births n May.













QUALITY AND SAFETY COMMITTEE 2018-2019





18/19

18/19 YTD



17/18





	SAFE, HIGH QUALITY CARE
no	Sleeping Accommodation Breaches
no	HSMR (HED)
no	SHMI (HED)
no	Number of Deaths in Hospital
%	% of patients who achieve their chosen place of death
no	MRSA - No. of Cases
no	Clostridium Difficile - No. of cases
%	% of patients screened for Sepsis (IP & ED) (CQUIN quarterly audit)
no	Pressure Ulcers (category 2, 3, 4 & Unstageables) Hospital Acquired Avoidable per 1,000 beddays
no	Pressure Ulcers (category 2, 3, 4 & Unstageables) Community Acquired Avoidable per 10,000 CCG Population
no	Pressure Ulcers - (category 2, 3 & 4's) - Hospital
no	Pressure Ulcers - (category 2, 3 & 4's) - Community
no	Falls - Total reported
no	Falls - Rate per 1000 Beddays
no	Falls - No. of falls resulting in severe injury or death
no	Falls - Avoidable Falls resulting in severe harm or injury
no	Falls - Unavoidable Falls resulting in severe harm or injury
%	VTE Risk Assessment
no	National Never Events
no	Local Avoidable Events
no	Serious Incidents (inc cat 3 & 4 pressure ulcers, HCAI's & Falls) - Hospital Acquired
no	Serious Incidents (inc cat 3 & 4 pressure ulcers, HCAI's & Falls) - Community Acquired
no	Clinical incidents causing actual harm severity 3 to 5 - Hospital Acquired
no	Clinical incidents causing actual harm severity 3 to 5 - Community Acquired
%	% of incidents resulting in moderate, severe harm or death as a % of total incidents

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
9	3	2	8	3	0
131.87	115.45	102.55			
127.25					
137	139	112	113	90	78
46.30%	63.04%	57.78%	57.69%	54.05%	58.93%
0	0	0	0	1	0
4	0	0	0	3	2
95.00%	92.00%	95.16%	95.74%		
				0.84	
				0.03	
11	15	17	20	27	20
9	17	14	14	14	14
95	88	83	95	89	85
5.79	5.11	5.10	5.64	5.32	5.62
1	1	0	0	4	0
1	1	0	0		
0	0	0	0		
93.45%	91.30%	93.18%	95.49%	96.34%	96.28%
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
9	9	13	12	14	11
4	8	4	5	8	5
28	22	24	18	28	27
2	16	4	8	6	6
3.09%	3.31%	2.89%	2.33%	3.17%	3.07%

Actual	Target	Outturn	Key
3	0	66	N
	100.00		N
	100.00		BP
168		1166	BP
56.99%			
1	0	0	N
5	17	11	N
	90.00%	93.82%	
47			
28			
174		1026	ВР
	6.63		BP
4	0	8	BP
			BP
			ВР
96.31%	95.00%	88.49%	N
0	0	3	N
0	0	0	L
25		123	L
13		77	L
55		262	L
12		89	L
3.12%		2.78%	L



QUALITY AND SAFETY COMMITTEE 2018-2019











%	Deteriorating patients: Percentage of observations rechecked within time
%	Medication Storage Compliance (one month in arrears)
%	Controlled Drug Compliance (quarterly audit)
%	% of Pharmacy Interventions made based on charts reviewed
%	Trust-wide Safety Index - % of medication incidents resulting in harm (one month in arrears)
no	No. of reported medication incidents level 3, 4 or 5 (reported one month in arrears)
no	Midwife to Birth Ratio
%	One to One Care in Established Labour
%	C-Section Rates
%	Instrumental Delivery
%	Induction of Labour
%	NHS Safety Thermometer - Maternity - Women's Perception of Safety
%	NHS Safety Thermometer - % Harm Free
%	% of Emergency Readmissions within 30 Days of a discharge from hospital (one month in arrears)
%	Electronic Discharges Summaries (EDS) completed within 48 hours
%	Dementia Screening 75+ (Hospital) (Internal audit Dec17 onwards)
%	Compliance with MCA 2 Stage Tracking
no	Complaints - Total Received
%	Complaints - Percentage responded to within the agreed timescales
no	Clinical Claims (New claims received by Organisation)
no	No urgent op to be cancelled for a second time
%	% of RN staffing Vacancies
%	Friends and Family Test - Inpatient (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - Outpatient (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - ED (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - Community (% Recommended)
	1

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
88.19%	88.72%	90.27%	90.52%	91.20%	93.46%
93.00%	89.00%	89.00%	91.00%		
78.00%			71.00%		
26.56%	22.62%	22.49%	13.00%	14.00%	12.00%
34.48%	30.59%	20.00%	17.54%	20.75%	
5	1	1	3	1	
1:25.4	1:24.8	1:22.4	1:26.3	1:29.8	1:29.2
98.91%	98.98%	99.43%	99.48%	99.06%	100.00%
33.09%	27.34%	26.61%	31.80%	27.06%	27.12%
8.93%	14.36%	9.09%	10.03%	9.48%	8.09%
33.45%	32.01%	31.85%	30.39%	32.01%	32.68%
91.30%	82.60%	100.00%	94.30%	100.00%	100.00%
97.12%	95.29%	95.70%	94.75%	95.93%	94.21%
11.44%	10.44%	10.18%	10.26%	11.27%	
89.73%	91.63%	91.84%	89.51%	83.45%	92.29%
80.79%	79.55%	72.12%	78.26%	66.22%	
	71.00%	77.00%	77.00%	55.00%	81.00%
13	24	23	33	26	32
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	90.32%	87.50%	93.55%
10	10	14	8	9	19
0	0	0	0	0	0
9.78%	9.96%	9.20%	9.13%	9.79%	
91.00%	93.00%	97.00%	94.00%	96.00%	95.00%
91.00%	91.00%	91.00%	92.00%	92.00%	92.00%
77.00%	75.00%	79.00%	76.00%	79.00%	76.00%
99.00%	97.00%	99.00%	97.00%	97.00%	98.00%

18/19 YTD Actual	18/19 Target	17/18 Outturn	Key
92.30%	85.00%		
20.75%	12.00%		BP
1	0		
	1:28	1:26.3	N
99.54%	100.00%		N
27.09%	30.00%		
8.78%	10.00%		
32.35%			
	92.00%		
	94.00%		ВР
11.27%	10.00%		L
87.81%	100.00%	89.33%	N/L
66.22%	90.00%		N
	100.00%		
58		291	ВР
91.49%	70.00%		ВР
28		131	L
0	0	0	N
	96.00%		N
	96.00%		N
	85.00%		N
	97.00%		N



QUALITY AND SAFETY COMMITTEE 2018-2019











%	Friends and Family Test - Maternity - Antenatal (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - Maternity - Birth (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - Maternity - Postnatal (% Recommended)
%	Friends and Family Test - Maternity - Postnatal Community (% Recommended)
%	PREVENT Training - Level 1 & 2 Compliance
%	PREVENT Training - Level 3 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 1 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 2 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 3 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 1 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 2 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 3 Compliance
	RESOURCES
no	Total Births

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
80.00%	97.00%	0.00%	81.00%	90.00%	91.00%
83.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	90.00%
85.00%	97.00%	100.00%	96.00%	97.00%	91.00%
100.00%	99.00%	100.00%	98.00%	100.00%	94.00%
99.61%	98.84%	98.80%	96.56%	98.59%	98.29%
63.93%	69.07%	70.90%	75.97%	76.07%	77.51%
96.73%	95.51%	93.10%	93.86%	94.14%	93.35%
59.50%	63.80%	66.37%	70.09%	74.57%	79.13%
62.05%	71.85%	74.09%	77.64%	78.06%	80.55%
98.85%	96.28%	94.06%	92.12%	91.61%	92.00%
73.16%	74.03%	73.84%	73.25%	75.49%	76.74%
66.32%	68.87%	67.48%	71.07%	73.72%	87.10%
280	280	253	289	306	309

18/19 YTD Actual	18/19 Target	17/18 Outturn	Key
	95.00%		N
	96.00%		N
	92.00%		N
	97.00%		N
	85.00%		IN I
			l l
	85.00%		L
	95.00%		
	85.00%		L
	85.00%		L
	95.00%		
	85.00%		L
	85.00%		L
615		3603	1
615		3603	L

Green	Performance is on track against target or trajectory
Amber	Performance is within agreed tolerances of target or trajectory
Red	Performance not achieving against target or trajectory or outside agreed tolerances



Performance, Finance and Investment Committee











Performance, Finance & Investment Committee – Key Messages

Please refer to dashboard and exception pages for further detail



PERFORMANCE ACHIEVED – OF NOTE: Six of the seven national cancer measures continued to achieve in April and provisional figures for May show achievement of all seven.

PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED: The ED 4 hour performance continued to improve to 89.7%. ED median waiting time also improved in May. The number of delayed ambulance handovers totalled 42 compared to 43 in April. Within this the number delayed by more than 1 hour increased to 5 from 1. Incomplete 18 weeks RTT for April improved further to 88.33%. The number of open contract notices remains at 7.



TO NOTE: For April's validated 62 day cancer target results, we have been unable to calculate the impact of applying the national cancer breach allocation guidance for tertiary referrals as the new national system has not been sufficiently developed to capture the Inter Provider Transfer data. The National Service Desk have estimated this issue may be fixed by 5th July. The national cancer breach allocation guidance aims to provide a fairer method of cancer breach allocation when treatment is delayed between referring and treating organisations involved in the cancer pathway.

PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED: ED reattenders within 7 days failed to achieve the internal target of no more that 7% recording a result of 7.68%.



NONE APPLICABLE.

There are no specific Value Colleagues metrics identified for inclusion within the dashboard for this committee.



PERFORMANCE ACHIEVED - OF NOTE:

PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED: DNA Rates for Acute and Community increased to 11.03% from 10.47% in April. Average length of stay improved however failed to achieve the 7.01 target reporting 7.22 days. DTOC did not achieve but has shown an improvement compared to the previous month. The average number of medically fit patients throughout the month; based on a weekly snapshot average, was 87 which exceeds the target of 80.

FINANCE: Please refer to Finance report. Month one results have been refreshed.













PERFORMANCE, FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE 2018-2019





18/19 YTD 18/19

Target

Actual



17/18

Outturn



Key



	SAFE, HIGH QUALITY CARE
%	Total time spent in ED - % within 4 hours - Overall (Type 1 and 3)
no	Total time spent in ED - No. of Trolley waits over 12 hours
no	Median Waiting Time in ED Metric (average in mins)
%	Ambulance Handover - Percentage of clinical handovers completed within 15 minutes of recorded time of arrival at ED
no	Ambulance Handover - No. of Handovers completed between 30-60mins
no	Ambulance Handover - No. of Handovers completed over 60mins
%	Cancer - 2 week GP referral to 1st outpatient appointment
%	Cancer - 2 week GP referral to 1st outpatient appointment - breast symptoms
%	Cancer - 31 day second or subsequent treatment (surgery)
%	Cancer - 31 day second or subsequent treatment (drug)
%	Cancer - 31 day diagnosis to treatment
%	Cancer - 62 day referral to treatment from screening
%	Cancer - 62 day referral to treatment of all cancers
%	Cancer - 62 day referral to treatment from consultant upgrade
%	18 weeks Referral to Treatment - % within 18 weeks - Incomplete
no	18 weeks Referral to Treatment - No. of patients waiting over 52 weeks - Incomplete
no	18 weeks Referral to Treatment - No. of patients waiting over 52 weeks - Admitted
no	18 weeks Referral to Treatment - No. of patients waiting over 52 weeks - Not Admitted
%	Diagnostic Waits - % waiting under 6 weeks
%	Elective Cancellations - No. of last minute cancellations on day of operation or after patient admission
no	Elective Cancellations - No. of last minute cancellations not rebooked within 28 days
no	No urgent op to be cancelled for a second time
no	Rapid Response Team - Avoidable admissions (one month in arrears)

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	
83.38%	82.68%	82.81%	81.23%	87.22%	89.70%	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
179	181	178	187	167	152	
58.42%	59.73%	71.31%	70.36%	80.95%	80.65%	
246	259	108	144	42	37	
35	37	21	9	1	5	
97.42%	95.16%	96.61%	97.90%	93.45%	93.55%	
100.00%	94.12%	96.55%	100.00%	94.00%	94.03%	
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
100.00%	98.82%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	90.91%	
90.12%	87.36%	85.71%	87.69%	83.33%	85.39%	
85.71%	90.91%	79.52%	86.89%	92.54%	85.48%	
80.99%	82.48%	83.69%	84.74%	85.89%	88.33%	
1	1	0	0	0	0	
0	1	0	1	1	0	
0	0	1	0	0	1	
99.15%	99.54%	99.66%	98.06%	99.05%	99.57%	
0.51%	0.19%	0.35%	0.39%	0.09%	0.35%	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
248	326	225	258	212		

88.51%	95.00%	82.67%	N
0	0	3	N
	120		
80.80%	85.00%	65.80%	ВР
79	0	1836	N
6	0	236	N
93.51%	93.00%	95.45%	N
94.02%	93.00%	96.55%	N
100.00%	94.00%	98.92%	N
100.00%	98.00%	100.00%	N
100.00%	96.00%	99.39%	N
95.00%	90.00%	98.03%	N
84.24%	85.00%	88.05%	N
89.15%	85.00%	86.20%	N
	92.00%		Ν
0	0		N
1	0		N
1	0		Ν
99.30%	99.00%	99.06%	N
0.23%	0.75%	0.45%	N
0	0	0	N
0	0	0	N



PERFORMANCE, FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE 2018-2019











%	% of RN staffing Vacancies				
no	No. of Open Contract Performance Notices				
	CARE AT HOME				
%	ED Reattenders within 7 days				
RESOURCES					
%	Booking Utilisation (booked as a percentage of capacity)				
%	Outpatient DNA Rate (Hospital and Community)				
no	New to follow up ratio - WHT				
%	Theatre Utilisation - Touch Time Utilisation (%)				
no	Length of Stay				
%	Delayed transfers of care (one month in arrears)				
no	Average Number of Medically Fit Patients				
no	Average Number of Medically Fit Patients relating to Social Care - Walsall only				
no	Average Number of Medically Fit Patients - Trust				
no	Average LoS for Medically Fit Patients (from point they become Medically Fit)				
no	Hospital beds open at month end				
%	Day case rates				
%	Bank & Locum expenditure as % of Paybill				
%	Agency expenditure as % of Paybill				
£	Surplus or Deficit (year to date) (000's)				
£	Variance from plan (year to date) (000's)				
£	CIP (£) (000's)				
%	CIP % delivered (year to date)				
£	Income variance from plan (year to date) (000's)				
£	Expenditure - Variance from Plan (year to date) (000's)				
£	Cash Against Plan (variance) (000's)				
£	Capital spend YTD (000's)				

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
9.78%	9.96%	9.20%	9.13%	9.79%	
6	6	6	7	7	7
7.00%	6.71%	6.18%	6.87%	6.80%	7.68%
91.14%	90.13%	90.41%	92.87%	93.17%	94.97%
14.36%	12.11%	11.27%	10.73%	10.47%	11.03%
2.03	2.04	2.01	2.04	2.09	1.88
66.31%	58.16%	63.60%	70.73%	80.91%	83.76%
7.51	7.50	7.59	7.59	8.24	7.22
2.16%	3.11%	3.44%	3.63%	2.97%	
				98	87
				21	26
				49	42
				8.61	10.57
483	532	514	519	488	470
88.82%	90.32%	88.44%	86.78%	88.31%	90.25%
8.53%	7.29%	7.42%	10.31%	7.93%	
4.69%	5.39%	4.51%	3.68%	5.15%	
-£20,342	-£20,395	-£23,257	-£23,267	-£2,386	-£4,509
-£3,991	-£3,622	-£4,238	-£2,511	-£2,483	-£186
£6,620	£7,213	£7,826	£10,900	£168	£1,080
71.00%	72.30%	74.80%	99.10%	6.90%	11.00%
£464	£640	-£927	-£2,306	£236	£106
£4,271	£3,991	-£3,389	-£222	-£154	-£331
£526	£73	£121	£128	£1,004	£1,280
£5,663	£6,674	£7,438	£9,662	£506	£1,100

18/19 YTD Actual	18/19 Target	17/18 Outturn	Кеу
	0	7	L
7.26%	7.00%	6.76%	ВР
94.12%	90.00%	89.90%	L
10.47%	8.00%	12.16%	
	2.14	1.99	ВР
	75.00%		
7.72	7.01	7.22	ВР
2.97%	2.50%	2.56%	L
	80		0
			0
			0
	5		0
			L
89.36%		88.14%	ВР
7.93%	6.30%	7.67%	٦
5.15%	2.75%	4.32%	٦
-£4,509		-£23,267	L
-£186		-£2,511	L
£1,080		£10,900	L
11.00%	100.00%	99.10%	L
£106	£0	-£2,306	L
-£331	£0	-£222	L
£1,280		£128	L
£1,100		£9,662	L



PERFORMANCE, FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE 2018-2019











no	Monitor Risk Rating (Actual YTD)
no	Total Referrals (Contracted)
no	Total Elective Activity (Contracted)
no	Total Non Elective Activity (Contracted)
no	Total Outpatient attendances (Contracted)
no	Total Day Case Activity (Contracted)
no	Total Emergencies Activity (Contracted)
no	Total ED Attendances Type 1 Pbr (Excl Badger) (Contracted)
no	Total AHP Activity (Contracted)
no	Total Critical Care Days (Contracted)
no	Total Unbundled Chemo Delivery Activity (Contracted)
no	Total Maternity Pathway
no	Total Community Contacts (Contracted)
no	Total Births

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
1	1	1	1	1	1
6419	8730	8712	9073	8750	
218	250	250	322	284	277
138	61	62	39	31	80
15371	15932	18388	20094	19133	21485
1500	2089	1812	1847	1776	2124
2689	2815	2551	2682	2462	2554
6577	6551	5984	6606	6193	6611
1337	1811	1866	1799	1665	1799
1232	990	895	829	1008	918
241	323	318	353	341	361
720	881	766	801	1041	789
13823	23589	27787	27787	29198	29926
280	280	253	289	306	309

18/19 YTD Actual	18/19 Target	17/18 Outturn	Key
1	3	1	ВР
8750			ВР
561		3725	L
111		578	L
40618		230583	L
3900		22253	L
5016		31847	L
12804		74003	L
3464		21600	L
1926		11242	L
702		3975	L
1830		11712	L
59345		361113	L
615		3603	L

Green	Performance is on track against target or trajectory			
Amber	Performance is within agreed tolerances of target or trajectory			
Red	Performance not achieving against target or trajectory or outside agreed tolerances			



People and Organisational Development Committee











People & Organisational Development Committee – Key Messages

Please refer to dashboard and exception pages for further detail



PERFORMANCE ACHIEVED – OF NOTE: Children's safeguarding training level 3 compliance exceeded the 85% target.

PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED Mandatory training reported 78.76% compliance against a target of 90%. Six of the Safeguarding metrics failed to achieve in May. Trajectories to achieve by the end of Quarter One have been established.



People & Organisational Development Committee

NONE APPLICABLE

There are no specific Care at Home metrics identified for inclusion within the dashboard for this committee



PERFORMANCE NOT ACHIEVED: Sickness absence improved further from 5.06% in April to 4.71% in May. PDR's compliance improved in May to 82.42%.



FINANCE: Turnover remains within target. Please refer to Finance report for further details.













PEOPLE AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE 2018-2019





18/19 YTD 18/19



17/18





	SAFE, HIGH QUALITY CARE
%	% of RN staffing Vacancies
%	Mandatory Training Compliance
%	PREVENT Training - Level 1 & 2 Compliance
%	PREVENT Training - Level 3 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 1 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 2 Compliance
%	Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 3 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 1 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 2 Compliance
%	Children's Safeguarding Training - Level 3 Compliance
	VALUE COLLEAGUES
%	Sickness Absence
%	PDRs
	RESOURCES
%	Bank & Locum expenditure as % of Paybill
%	Agency expenditure as % of Paybill
no	Staff in post (Budgeted Establishment FTE)
%	Turnover

Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
9.78%	9.96%	9.20%	9.13%	9.79%	
79.65%	78.14%	77.61%	76.61%	76.99%	78.76%
99.61%	98.84%	98.80%	96.56%	98.59%	98.29%
63.93%	69.07%	70.90%	75.97%	76.07%	77.51%
96.73%	95.51%	93.10%	93.86%	94.14%	93.35%
59.50%	63.80%	66.37%	70.09%	74.57%	79.13%
62.05%	71.85%	74.09%	77.64%	78.06%	80.55%
98.85%	96.28%	94.06%	92.12%	91.61%	92.00%
73.16%	74.03%	73.84%	73.25%	75.49%	76.74%
66.32%	68.87%	67.48%	71.07%	73.72%	87.10%
5.81%	6.23%	5.00%	5.65%	5.06%	4.71%
75.90%	78.24%	79.47%	78.17%	80.55%	82.42%
8.53%	7.29%	7.42%	10.31%	7.93%	
4.69%	5.39%	4.51%	3.68%	5.15%	
4100	4100	4116	4095	4125	
8.93%	8.77%	8.89%	9.13%	9.83%	9.92%

Actual	Target	Outturn	Key
78.76%	90.00%	76.61%	L
	85.00%		L
	85.00%		L
	95.00%		
	85.00%		L
	85.00%		L
	95.00%		
	85.00%		L
	85.00%		L
4.86%	3.39%	5.30%	L
82.42%	90.00%	78.17%	L
7.93%	6.30%	7.67%	L
5.15%	2.75%	4.32%	L
4125			L
9.92%	11.00%	9.13%	L

Green	Performance is on track against target or trajectory
Amber	Performance is within agreed tolerances of target or trajectory
Red	Performance not achieving against target or trajectory or outside agreed tolerances



Exception Pages













											N	IHS Trust				
								Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast			
Tabalitan and the ED. (V tilet a Alba		/T 4 . 2										roiecast			
Total time spent in ED - 9			· · · · · ·					95.00%	85.00%	89.70%	88.51%	_				
Ambulance Handover - P	ercentage of	nandovers	completed w	itnin 15mins of	arrivai			85.00%		80.65%	80.80%	▼	•			
What is driving the repo	rted underpe	erformance	?		What actions have we ta	aken to impr	ove performance?		al Financial es (LCA)	YTD £	ED Amb	£12	-			
ED Overall		Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	New Actions:			2018/2019 — Target — 2017/2018								
Type 1	Attenders	6607	6193	6688	- Improvement Groups	are now es	stablished and have been meeting	100%		5	raiget	2017/2	.010			
	Attenders	3271	3323	3671	I .	•	ast 2 months. The 5 workstreams	95% - 90% -					<u> </u>			
	Attenders	3358	3329	3545			calation Process, Ward Processes	85%				`/	• *			
	es (Type 1)	2471	1640	1423			al leads for each of these streams	80% -								
	Trolley Waits >12Hours 0 0 0					in the Divisi	onal Team of Three to measure and	75% -								
	Median Wait 187 167 152					ve impleme	nted a new Frailty Tool to increase	70% +	<u> </u>	= 8	<u>α ;; ></u>	· · · · · ·	Q L			
	<15mins 1956 2090 2176					•	me day discharge from ED.		Apr May Jun	Jul	Sep Oct Nov	Dec Jan	Ma Fe			
	15-30 671 449 480						been put in place.			Trajectory -	- ED 4 Hour					
Ambulance	13.33						ocesses has carried out an audit	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept			
Handover (WMAS)	7 till balance						standards for SAFER board and standards have been developed and	83.00%	85.00%	86.00%	87.00%	88.00%	90.00%			
	No Time 68 31 61						set. Ongoing checks and audits	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar			
	Total	2848	2613	2759	are in place to monitor.		oot. Origoning cricone and addite	90.00%	90.00%	87.00%	85.00%	89.00%	95.00%			
ED R	eattenders	6.87%	6.80%	7.68%	- The Emergency & Ac	ute Group I	nave implemented a new handover	Ambulance Handover								
- Average attendances	per day we	re 216 com	pared to 20	06 (Apr)	process within the Care Group. AMU huddles occur twice daily and								2018			
- Average breaches pe							ent handovers and encourage real	100% ¬		.5	ruiget	2017/	2010			
- Average number of a	mbulances t	to ED per d	ay was 89,	compared	time patient transfers b	0.		95% -								
to 87 (Apr).					I .	•	new area for rapid assessment and DT early assessment and metrics	90% -								
- There were over 90 a					are being monitored.	DIACC TOT TVIL	or carry assessment and metrics	85% - 80% -								
month, an increase co					9	tion for serv	ices has been agreed and are in	75% -								
compared to April (1).	inbulances	to LD Willo	ii is aii iiioi	Jase	place on wards. The s	tandards lis	st local agreements from services	70% -			\					
Benchmarking					and process for escala		•	65% - 60% -			\	\ //				
ED 4 Hour - (May 201	8) - National	position =	80/133 Trus	sts &			ents is in place for all specialities.	55%			· ·	\ _/				
Regional position = 7/1		•			Expectations for LoS re Continuing Actions:	eviews are	in place.	50%		1 - 1 - 1	- T - T -					
Ambulance - (May 20	18) - Region	al position	= 1/14 Trus	ts.		inue to atte	nd Capacity Meetings throughout		Apr May Jun	Jul Aug	Sep Oct Nov	Dec Jan	Feb Mar			
Contractual Status					, ,	established	Discharge Plans that are									
ED 4 Hour - CQN/First					produced.			_	_	ED 4 Hou	r - achieve	d trajectory				
	enalties will be applied by WCCG £120 per breach based on the						s to open from 9am (weekdays) to	Expected meet stan	date to	Ambulanc						
	reed trajectories. Fines for May equate to £0.					enable patients to move from wards earlier.					nders - Ju	ne 2018				
	mbulance - As stipulated in the national contract, £200 will be oplied for every handover recorded between 30 and 60 minutes and					- Regular escalations continue with Health & Social Care to review the Medically Fit lists and continue to remove and reduce delays to										
	pplied for every handover recorded between 30 and 60 minutes and 1,000 will be applied for any handover over 60 minutes. For May a					discharge and Multi Disciplinary Meetings continue to manage			ctor	Chief Operating Officer						
fine of £12,400 will be	•			,	Frequent Attenders coming to ED.				· · ·							
National	National Contract X					Local Contract X Best Practice CQUIN										



					0.5	NHS Trust	
Cancer 62 Day Referral to Treatment of all Cancers		Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
		85.00%		83.47%	83.47%	~	
What is driving the reported underperformance?	What actions have we taken to improve performance?	Contrac	 tual Financia	l Penalties		YTD £	£0
Performance results (Validated April 2018): Performance of 83.47% in April is a decline compared to 87.69% in March and does not achieve the target of 85%. This is the first month where we did not achieve the target since May 2016. - Haematology 1 patient - 1.0 breach (multiple MDT meetings) Head & Neck 2 patients - 1.0 breach. Shared breach with University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust (complex pathway) and The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust (delay in investigations) Lower Gt. 3 patients - 2.5 breaches. Shared breach The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust (multiple MDTs, multiple investigations & complex pathway) Upper Gt. 2 patients - 1.5 breaches. Shared breach The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust (delay in treatment & multiple MDTs) Urology. 4 patients - 3.5 breaches. Shared breach The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust (multiple MDTs, multiple investigations & delay in investigations). The Trust failed to achieve the 85% target by one breach. Summary breakdown of breaches is: Complex cases = 3.5 Tertiary centres = 3.5 Histology = 1.5 Capacity at Walsall = 1 This was forecast at the last EAPG and members were informed. Benchmarking: For Quarter Four 17/18, the Trust ranked 38th nationally out of 133 and 2nd out of 14 regionally.	New Actions: As the Trust narrowly missed achieving the target by one breach this was not considered a significant issue, the unvalidated results for May show achievement of the target. Continuing Actions: - Cancer trackers continue to review and escalate issues for patients daily across all sites. - Weekly Urology Access Meeting continues. This is chaired by Cancer Services Manager and is well attended by Clinical Teams - NHS I report produced weekly & reviewed against cancer PTL. - Delays of 104 days or more, patients are being tracked on a daily basis, with an escalation process throughout the week; trackers are checking, chasing letters and discharge summaries All 62 cancer breaches are escalated to the Clinical Harm Group.		018/2019 — 6	Target -	dey 2017/18 Jul Jan	018 — 20	
		Lead Director Chief Operating Officer					



											1	NHS Trust			
18 weeks Ro	eferral to Treatment - % v	within 18 w	eeks - Incom	nplete				Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast		
								92.00%	84.20%	85.89%		^			
What is driv	ing the reported underp	erformance	e?		What actions have we t	taken to imp	rove performance?	Contract	ual Financia	l Penalties	(LCA)	YTD £	£312,600		
The Trust a compared trajectory of has reduce	achieved 85.89%, which achieved 85.89%, which achieved 85.89%, which are 84.74% in March, an f 84.20%. The number d again by 168 compart of April there were no p	n is a furthed is also also of patients red to Marc	er improven nead of the waiting ove ch.	recovery er 18 weeks	has shown a variable with up to 19%. The remanaged by a combin automatic re-outcomir the access plan. So plans and create an o	- Robotic software in place and lettering process completed. This has shown a variable contact rate by patients across specialities, with up to 19%. The remaining pre 2017 access plans are being managed by a combination of manual validation and development of automatic re-outcoming of clinic appointments to enable closure of the access plan. Scoping is underway to look at 2017 access plans and create an on going data quality function that can be									
		Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	automated using robo - Validators continue t		luplicate and 'attended' status	85.00%							
	PTL Size	14755	14693	14695			to develop a single point of access	03.0070				\ /			
	No. over 18 Weeks	2407	2242	2074	, , ,	•	This would have a significant	80.00%							
	No. over 52 Weeks	0	0	0	impact on data quality										
Olevel	Total	5749	5977	5730			t bookings has made good	75.00%							
Clock Stops	Admitted	906	893	868	duplicate referrals and		Electronic bookings will reduce								
Siops	Not Admitted	4843	5084	4862	duplicate referrais and	a support iii	iproved data quality.	70.00%							
Spe	ecialties achieving 92%	7	8	9	Capacity Improveme	ents:									
- MLTC acl	ce of Divisions (target 9 nieved 87.51% compare	ed to 86.80			RTT.		ancer delivery and long waiters in	65.00%	, -						
	chieved 82.94% compa achieved 95.73% comp <u>king:</u>				anticipated this will re-	duce cance	ients continues to be rolled out. It is llation and DNA numbers. Focus cancellations rates. Booking	60.00%		Jun Jul Aug	Sep Oct N	lov Dec Jan I	Feb Mar		
	ne Trust ranked 85th ou			•		•	nt, but DNA rates and cancellations			Proposed	Trajectory				
	tted information and 9th ts reported breaches of				pull down the attendar	nce utilisation	on across all divisions.	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept		
Contractua		OVEI 32 W	eek wans ii	г Арпі.	Scrutiny:			84.20%	84.80%	85.50%	86.30%	85.50%	85.90%		
	uery Notices remain op	en with Wa	alsall Clinica	al		rational mee	eting, diagnostics meeting,	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar		
	ning Group (WCCG) ar					rt meeting, specialty meeting.	86.20%	86.20%	86.20%	87.00%	88.20%	89.10%			
National monthly penalties of £300 per service user apply where the number of service users waiting more than 18 weeks at the end of the month exceeds the tolerance permitted by the 92% threshold. The £5000 fine for any patient waiting more than 52 weeks remains					- Monthly via PFIC, EAPG and Divisional Board. - All 52 week breaches are referred to the clinical harm group for assessment, only low harms have been identified to date.				date to dard	Achieve tr	ajectory 8	4.2% for Ap	oril.		
in place.							Lead Dire	ctor	Chief Ope	rating Offi	cer				
	National Contract		Х	Lo	ocal Contract	Х	Best Practice	CQUIN							

Number of Open Contract Performance Notices



Number of Open Contract Performance Notices					Year Monthly May-18 YTD Change on last month					
Total number of Open Contract Performance Notices					0		7		_	
What is driving the reported underperformance?	What actions have we to	taken to impro	ove performance?			tual Financial F ndividual perfo		•	YTD £	
As at 31st May 2018, there are 7 formal contract notices outstanding. The 7 notices which are open relate to the following areas: - Two contract notices relating to 18 Weeks Referral To Treatment (RTT) Pathways. • One remains open from Walsall Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) • One remains open from NHS England for Oral Surgery RTT. - Total Time Spent in A&E Overall 4 Hour - escalated to first exception notice - An Information breach notice (EOL) - Activity query notice - VTE initial assessment - Safeguarding Training	. All contractual notices regular basis. Open conthe monthly Contract F and WHT. Please refer to the inditional part of the individual part of the inditional part of the individual p	ontract notice Review Meeti	es are a standing agend ing held between comr	da item at missioners	12	date to	Aug	dual excep	2017/20	Mar T
National Contract X	Local Contract		Best Praction	ce			CQ	UIN		



				NHS Trust							
				Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast		
Outpatient DNA Rates				8.00%	9.00%	11.03%	10.77%	~			
Booking Utilisation (booked as a percentage of capacity)				90.00%		94.97%	94.12%	_			
				No Con	tractual		DNA				
What is driving the reported underperformance?	What actions have we tal	ken to impr	ove performance?	Financial Penalties YTD £ BU							
Performance Results Outpatient DNA rates are the number of outpatient appointments where the patient 'Did Not Attend' against the total number of outpatient appointments. The Trust failed to achieve the internal trajectory of 9% with performance of 11.03%. Divisional performance is as below:- MLTC - 11.74% (May) (compared to 10.51% in Apr) SURG - 9.92% (May) (compared to 8.87% in Apr) WCCSS - 11.70% (May) (compared to 12.10% in Apr) Booking utilisation measures the number of routine acute clinics (excluding emergency) appointment slots booked as a percentage of the total available to book. The Trust exceeded the internal target of 90% Divisional performance is as below:- MLTC - 97.46% (May) (compared to 96.61% in Apr) SURG - 93.43% (May) (compared to 93.16% in Apr) WCCSS - 95.96% (May) (compared to 90.54% in Apr) Benchmarking DNAs - Currently being scoped	validating long waiters a text reminder service. - Partial booking roll out board In May. - Call Centre software h tracking of call abandor - A standard report is in DNA rates, drilling down cancellations. - An organisational DNA divisions have been required specialities with specificall of the generic strategincorporated within these respectations. - Roll out plan for direct patients, in line with the complete in July 2018.	ystems in pand acting at continues has go live on ment rate in place to ear to bookin. A trajectory quested to a challenge gies for red se.	lace. Divisional and Central teams as reminder calling in addition to with two more services coming on date in June. This will enable	14% - 12% - 10% - 8% - 6% - 2	2018/2019						
Clinic Utilisation - No formal national reports Contractual Status Both metrics are not contracted but are core metrics utilised by the Trust to monitor efficient use of resources.	- This metric is covered within the Outpatients Improvement Programme, the Executive Lead is the Chief Operating Officer and the Operational Lead is the Corporate Director.				Expected date to meet standard Outpatient DNAs - June 2018 Booking Utilisation - Currently mee standard Chief Operating Officer						
National Contract X Lo	ocal Contract	х	Best Practice			cQı	JIN				



											100	NHS Trust	
Length of Stay	o										Change on last month	Year End Forecas	
								7.01		7.22	7.72	•	
What is driving the re	ported underp	erformance?			What actions have we	taken to imp	ove performance?	Contract	ual Financia	l Penalties		YTD £	
Performance result Overall performance improvement compa not a contracted me monitor average LoS based on definitions with a zero length of Divisional Breakdo	e for LoS in Mared to 8.24 dasure but is a S. The criteria within the tecf stay and obs	ays reported core metric for measurir	in April. This utilised by Tag patient's ance, exclude	s indicator is rusts to average LoS,	on a range of areas; f The Patient Flow gras outlined above. One works stream is daily multidisciplinary	ocusing on I oup continue s focused on board rounc	ent Team is working with the Trust .OS reduction. s to meet and develop new actions ward processes, namely: twice is, review of the 'sick & quick' xt day; use of discharge lounge in	9.00 - 8.80 - 8.60 - 8.40 - 8.20 -	018	016/2017			
MLTC	Ave LoS Apr 9.99	May 8.32	% LOS <72hr 55.09%	% LOS OF "0"	the morning.		,	8.00 -				\wedge	
SURG	6.16	6.14			• There is a weekly repatients (any patients		acute medical wards of the strande _OS).	7.80	1	Λ			1
WCCSS	3.21	3.71	92.42%	65.66%	panomo (am) panom (c.s. r dayo		7.60	\ \ \	/\			\rightarrow
of Surgery improved Children's and Clinic however their length Benchmarking: No formal national re	SURG 6.16 6.14 67.03% 27.16% VCCSS 3.21 3.71 92.42% 65.66% The average LoS for Medicine and Long Term Conditions and Division of Surgery improved during May compared to April. Women's, Children's and Clinical Support Services LoS slightly declined in May nowever their length of stay remains relatively low overall. Benchmarking: No formal national reports.					age of patien receive there assessmen to the number ach matron I based teams	in the board rounds. The aim is to its discharged within 24 to 48 hours apy treatment, support and its out of the hospital environment. For of patients on the medically fit for mas changed to be aligned to all of its supports reducing length of in when a patient from the caseload	7.40 - 7.20 - 7.00 - 6.80 - 6.60 - 6.40 - 6.20 - 6.00 +	May	Aug	Sep	Nov Dec Jan	Feb
											eed rating Offi	cer	
National Contract X					Local Contract					CQ			



								NHS Trust	
				Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
The number of beds days relating to patients who were classified as a d	elayed discharge taken as a	a snapshot on the	e last Thursday of the month	2.50%		2.97%	2.97%	•	
What is driving the reported underperformance?	What actions have	we taken to imp	rove performance?	No Conti	ractual Finai	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £	
DTOC Performance results: Reported one month in arrears The national definition for DTOC is when a patient is ready to dep from care but is still occupying a bed. To be considered ready to depart the patient must have; a clinical decision that they are read transfer, a MDT decision has been made that the patient is ready transfer and it is safe. The national DTOC reporting changed from 1st October 2017. No every medically fit patient is reviewed daily and all DTOC patients recorded. Previously this was only done once a week. DTOC is therefore more accurately reported. The target of 2.50% or below attributable to delays as a total of available bed days was not achieved in April with performance of 2.97%. This is an improvement in performance compared to 3.63° reported in March. MFFD Performance results: Internal metric: Medically Fit For Discharge are patients who have a clinical decision made that they are ready to be transferred. The patients have not had the MDT decison and therefore are not cou as DTOC. Four new metrics have been introduced within this report; all are taken from weekly snapshots each Thursday: - The average number of medically fit patients; includes out of are - The average number of medically fit patients awaiting social care and health. - Average LoS for medically fit patients; including out of area DTOC Benchmarking: Benchmarking for this measure is based on the number of bed da impacted from delayed transfers every month. Latest benchmarking shows, 390 bed days were impacted in Apri 2018 from delayed transfers taken at the snapshot position. This ranks the Trust 41st out of 133 Trusts nationally and 4th out of 14 Trusts regionally.	care can be broke outside the hospitary to are completed. This is a celebrated of actions being tallows access from acute wards on dispersive to action the completed. This is a celebrate beyond completed. This is a celebrate beyond completed. This is a celebrate beyond completed. This is a celebrate wards on dispersive to sure completed. The completed is completed. The completed is a celebrate wards on dispersive to sure completed. The completed is a celebrate wards on dispersive to sure completed. The completed is a celebrate wards on dispersive to sure celebrate wards on dispersive to sure celebrate. ICS model have the complete wards on dispersive to sure celebrate wards on dispersive to sure celebrate. ICS model have the complete wards on dispersive to sure celebrate wards on dispersive to sure celebrate. ICS model have the complete wards on dispersive to sure celebrate wards on dispersi	South Staffs tea ared and the full al. ave developed a spot beds for D team are now b are cleared and a Trust ken to reduce to its (DSTs) comp d the few volunts a now in place a intinuing to developed planning the hospital to apport reduction developed patie is under review been completed	oletion in the community will ary cases we have previously and commenced 26th February 2018 top training and guidance for the ag. work with teams to improve Trust of DTOC and improve patient flow. ent information leaflets and posters.	5.00% 4.50% 4.00% 3.50% 3.00% 2.50% 1.50% 1.00% 0.50% 0.00% Expected meet stan	date to	9 In Son W	reed		War Mar
g underta X	Local Contract	Х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		



Mat is driving the reported underperformance? What actions have we taken to improve performance? Mormance results: spital Standardised Mortality Ratio (HSMR) compares a althorar provider's mortality rate with the overall average rate. The streecives this information from the HED system but historically exert this from Dr Foster. Due to methodology differences, each stem returns a different result. The latest published results report it HSMR was 95.96, for 15/16 was 92.21 and for the financial are 2016/17 HSMR was 94.17. Previous months have been reshed to reflect the latest published results. Dipublish a metric defined as the number of excess deaths within HSMR, it is the difference between the expected deaths and tail deaths. For April 2017 to March 2018 (ytd) there was 1 more aths than expected. Mill is a measure of mortality which includes all in hospital deaths at all deaths within 30 days of an inpatient episode. SHMI is being reviewed with the Business Manager to the Medical Directorate to establish roll out of the reports moving forward. Continue metric published quarterly by NHS Digital. HED monthly SHM December was 127.25. Mill Benchmarking Based on NHS Digital Data: Mill published by the NHS Digital has been released for the period in April 2016 to March 2017 which shows a SHMI rate of 1.06. is ranks the Trust S2nd nationally and 8th regionally. Intractual status:						NHS Trust						
And its driving the reported underperformance? What actions have we taken to improve performance? No Contractual Financial Penalties TID E Insurance results: A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the substractive provider's mortality rate with the overall average rate. The standard provider is mortality rate with the overall average rate. The standard is formed to record the IDD and the IDD and the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the results to be shared in June. A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with	HSMR (HED) SHMI (HED)						-	Feb-18	YTD	_	Year End Forecast	
what actions have we taken to improve performance? If or mance results: In a plant action for the first part of the performance of the performan						100		102.55	100.41	_		
Interviewed within 30 days of an inpatient episodes. SHMI is a measure of mortality which includes at in hospital deaths to all deaths within 30 days of an inpatient episodes. SHMI is a measure of mortality which includes at in hospital deaths to all deaths within 30 days of an inpatient episodes. SHMI is a measure of mortality which includes at in hospital deaths to all deaths within 30 days of an inpatient episodes. SHMI is Disinhed in 2 ways, as a monthly metric by HED and as a rolling 12 mill metric by HED and as a						100						
spital Standardised Mortality Ratio (HSMR) compares a althorape roade with the overall awarage rate. The last receives this information from the HED system but historically peaked this from OF foster. Due to methodology differences, each the results to be shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be be shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be be shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be be shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be be shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be been resolved to reflect the latest published results. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the user to be the shared in June. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the overall to the the CQC PCIP work. - A review of deaths recorded in Feb/March is to be undertaken with the overall to the PCRP of the result of the results of th	What is driving the reported underperformance?		What actions have we t	aken to impr	ove performance?	No Cont	ractual Finar	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £		
National Contract Local Contract X Best Practice CQUIN	Healthcare provider's mortality rate with the over: Trust receives this information from the HED syst received this from Dr Foster. Due to methodology system returns a different result. The latest publis that HSMR was 102.55 for February 2018. For the 2014/15 HSMR was 95.96, for 15/16 was 92.21 a year 2016/17 HSMR was 94.17. Previous months refreshed to reflect the latest published results. HED publish a metric defined as the number of e the HSMR, it is the difference between the expectatual deaths. For April 2017 to March 2018 (ytd) deaths than expected. SHMI is a measure of mortality which includes all and all deaths within 30 days of an inpatient epis published in 2 ways, as a monthly metric by HED month metric published quarterly by NHS Digital. for December was 127.25. SHMI Benchmarking Based on NHS Digital Dase SHMI published by the NHS Digital has been releftom April 2016 to March 2017 which shows a SHThis ranks the Trust 92nd nationally and 8th region. Contractual status: No contractual requirements apply.	rall average rate. The stem but historically gy differences, each ished results report he financial year and for the financial as have been excess deaths within cted deaths and d) there was 1 more all in hospital deaths sode. SHMI is D and as a rolling 12 I. HED monthly SHMI leased for the period HMI rate of 1.06. ionally.	- A review of deaths rethe results to be share - Align the actions to a work relating to docum - Ensure mortality reviquality meetings and a the divisional quality to the divisional quality and the divisional quality to the divisional quality and the divisional quality to establish roll out of the divisional quality and the divisional quality to the divisional qualit	d in June. ddress pool nentation. ews are a st actions are c eams. mance in reddress pool eaths policy al and extern onal mortalit e Business the reports r strong relat Group with	randing agenda item at care group leveloped and monitored through viewing deaths to DDs & CDs radocumentation to the CQC PCIP was ratified at TQE and has been nal websites. It is reporting process is currently Manager to the Medical Directorate moving forward. It is is in the CCG and GP's to develop health roving patient outcomes.	140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 14 Expected meet star	D17/2018 — SeW date to dard	Target SHMI Target By end of Medical D	2016/2 (HED) 2016/2 Q4 2017/1	017 20 uer	Har Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar M	
	National Contract	Loc	cal Contract	Х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN			



									P	NHS Trust			
Infection Control						Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast		
CDiff - Total number of cases of Clostridium Difficile r	recorded in	the Trust				17	2	2	5	_			
MRSA - total number of cases of MRSA recorded in th	he Trust					0		0	1	_			
What is driving the reported underperformance?			What actions have we t	aken to imp	rove performance?		al Financial alties	YTD £	CDiff MRSA		,000		
Performance results:			New actions:			CDIFF							
CDiff: There were 2 reported cases of C.Difficile attributed Healthcare NHS Trust during May 2018 against a cases were reported on Acute Surgical Unit (ASU). There were no cases of MRSA bacteraemia attributed Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust during May 2018.	a trajectory U). ibuted to		CDiff - There were 2 C A serious incident for i C.Diff toxin on ASU is RCA's on both cases I avoidable due to evide	nvestigation in progress have been c ence of poor ntrol suppor	uses reported in May 2018. In of period of increased incidence of a completed and were considered or infection control practices. It has been given on ASU	6 7 4 3 2 7 1 0	2018/	2018		Target = 2016/201			
			The Trust is currently	above C.dif	f target trajectory financial year to	· ·	Apr May Jun	Jul Aug	Sep Oct Nov	Dec Jan	Feb Mar		
Benchmarking:			date.					Traje	ctory				
CDiff: Data published one month in arrears by Health P confirms that for April 2018, there were 3 cases of attributable C.Difficile toxin at Walsall Healthcare cases at Dudley and 3 cases at Wolverhampton.	of hospital e. This com	•	Deep cleans have bee	n complete	ses reported in May 2018. d on ASU, and ward 9. planneed for June 2018	Apr 2 Oct 2	May 2 Nov 1	Jun 1 Dec 1	Jul 2 Jan 1	Aug 2 Feb 1	Sept 1 Mar 1		
and a succession and a succession of the succession and the succession	•				planifoca for carro 2010		_	l	RSA				
MRSA: Data published one month in arrears shows there MRSA recorded regionally for March 2018. Contractual status: CDiff: The contract for 2018/19 invokes financial penalt avoidable cases during the year exceeds 18. MRSA: The national contract for 2018/2019 stipulates ze MRSA cases. Consequence of breach is £10,000 incidence in the relevant month.	Ities if the r	number of ce of	- For areas that have rundertaken by the Infeto ensure standards at All acute C.diff cases Improvement continues throughout	inds continue monitored eported castiction Contres maintained have a case work for cashe Trust.	at Infection Control Committee. ses of C.Difficile, a checklist audit is ol Team as part of routine practice ed.	6 5 4 - 3 - 2 - 1 0	2018 2017 2017	/2019		— Target — 2016/20	Mar Mar		
			improve the care of ur NHS Safety Thermom - The Infection Control results and re-screen a IPCT continue to provi have shown defictis in										
National Contract	Х	Lo	ocal Contract			CQ	UIN						



												1	NHS Trust				
Pressure Uld	ers - (catego	ry 2, 3 & 4's	s) - Avoidable	e per 1000 b	eddays				Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Mar-18	Mar-18 YTD Change on Y last month F					
Figures base	d on all avoi	dable pressu	ire ulcers acc	quired within	the Trust						0.48		•				
What is driv	ing the repo	rted underp	erformance	?		What actions have we t	aken to impi	ove performance?	Contract	ual Financia	al Penalties		YTD £				
Figures hav	ce results: /e been upd	lated to refl					Taken for a	avoidable 3/4 & unstageable:	Pressure Ulcers - Avoidable per 1000 bed days 2017/2018 — Trajectory — 2016/2017								
					s of reporting urlier months	to increasing demand	of high spec	upgrade of equipment it seems du cification air mattresses. This has provider and records will be kept to	1.00	2017/2018	s — Ira	gectory	2016/2	:017			
IDCIIIC		Hos	pital	Comr	nunity	monitor the situation.	equipmen	provider and records will be kept to	0.90								
	•	Total	Avoid	Total	Avoid	Education			0.85 -								
	Cat 2	16	4	8	0	Short education session	ons are beir	g provided to ward staff in	0.80 - 0.75 -								
Mar. 40	Cat 3	0	0	0	0			investigations. Short sessions are	0.75								
Mar-18	Cat 4	0	0	0	0			her core sessions are planned for	0.65								
	Unstage	4	0	6	4			s have now been agreed and Tissue essment of community wound care	0.60								
	Cat 2	19	7	6	0			n developed for non registered	0.55								
*440	Cat 3	2	1	1	0	nurses.	011 1100 0001	r de veleped fer fleri regiolered	0.50	0.50							
*Apr-18	Cat 4	0	0	0	0	Equipment			0.40				\				
	Unstage	6	3	7	1			the hospital site has reduced but	0.35 -			- 1 <i>/</i> 11	\ / \				
	Cat 2	16	2	9	1	_	•	s been witnesses. It appears staff	0.30	/II II\		/	\ /				
*May-18	Cat 3	1	0	1	0			ess to condemn foam mattresses ors to be condemned and when	0.25 - 0.20 -	/ '	$\mathbb{N} \setminus \mathbb{N}$	1/11	\				
May-10	Cat 4	0	0	0	0			y (at least 8 in past month). The	0.15		$V \cap V$	 / 	V				
	Unstage	3	0	4	0		-	port to embed process and provide	0.10			/	•				
		Rate per 10	000 Bedday	S		education. A business	case has b	een resubmitted for an equipment	0.05								
Mar-18	0.48	*Apr-18	0.72	*May-18	0.20	coordinator to support	the process	ses	Apr A	May Jun	Jul Aug	oct Nov	Dec Jan	Feb			
-			-		e note there	Policy	ilcor manac	ement policies have been revised	⋖	ΣΞ	, § ,	ñΟź	۵ ۲	π Σ			
	for March s	J				and sent for comment.	_	ernent policies have been revised									
	s have alrea 34 PU rela	, ,			oivea.	Patient information			The origin	nal proposal	is now beir	ng reviewed	l by the Seni	or Nursing			
	t reported a				on patients	Information leaflets ha	ve been rat	ified for wound care pressure ulcer			Te	am					
•		•			ole in March.	ļ'		eaflets, together with translated	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept			
Contractua						-	lages are no	ow available on the Tissue viability	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar			
	year CQUIN for 2017-19 worth approx. £258K per year aimed at					intranet page to print. Wound Care Formula	ary Group		Expected	date to	To be agr	haa					
	proving the assessment of wounds. The Q2 report approved by					·		continue to meet monthly with good	meet stan		10 be agn	oou					
vvccG. IIII	NCCG. Improvement trajectories agreed for Q4.							nd community staff to look at									
						dressing products that will offer savings to the Trust without											
						compromising the patient needs. The group is working with Black Country Alliance and making effort to improve the timeliness of			Ck Lead Director Director of Nursing								
	National	Contract			Lo	ocal Contract			CQ	UIN							



											1	NHS Trust				
								Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast			
Falls - Numb	er of Falls reported									85	174	•				
Falls - Rate	per 1000 Bed Days							6.63		5.62		•				
What is driv	ing the reported underp	erformance	?		What actions have we to	aken to imp	rove performance?	No Con	ractual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £				
There were 5.62 falls pe	ce results: • 85 falls reported durin er 1000 beddays for the to 5.32 in April but still a	e month wh	ich is a dec	line		use of bed	with face to face training at ward rails. This training is evaluating we	il. 110 1	2 018/2019	Number of F	alls reported	2016/	/2017			
Based o	on Calendar Month	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18			Il wards and is monitored via the	90 -								
	Total	95	89	85	ward review process.			80 -				\ /				
	MLTC	80	72	72	- All incidents relating	to falls are	ecorded within the Safeguard	70 -		\ \						
Count of	Surgery	14	15	11	system.			60 -								
Falls	WCCSS	1	0	2			cludes Falls scenarios and include		-							
	Comm / Corporate	0	2	0	completion of the falls			40 +	> c	= 60 0	L +: >	' J C	ے ٔ ہ			
	Other	0	0	0			held between the Corporate Seni ormation Team. This meeting	or a	May	Jul Aug Sep	Oct	Dec Jan	Feb Маг			
Rate per 10	000 beddays - All Falls	5.64	5.32	5.62	ensures there is a robu outstanding RCA's for	ust process falls and er	for tracking and chasing asures action plans are in place fo	r	Rate per 1000 Bed Days							
•	00 beddays - Moderate Severe Falls	0.00	0.24	0.07	all avoidable incidents - Falls steering group of community and acute	continues w	ith good representation across bo		2018/2019 — Target — 2017/2018 — 2016/3							
May which falls. The h Ward 17 (7 falls). There was patient suff NHS Safety 0.71% of Fareported on Benchmar		r) In total the reported on), Ward 03 or rate or sevend arm). for May sho his is based letted each or total arm.	nese patient Ward 04 (1 (6 falls) & W ere harm (or ow performation the nur month).	s had 25 6 falls), /ard 07 (6 n Ward 20b - ance of nber of falls				6 - 5 - 4 - 3 - 2 - 1 - 0	5 - 4 - 3 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1							
which is en 1000 occup is 0.19 per Contractua	enchmarking is via the Norsed by the RCP. Na bied bed days. Serious 1000 occupied bed day al status: tual requirements apply	ational figure & Moderate ys.	es for falls a	are 6.63 per	er Expected date to						in May 20 ⁻	18				
National Contract Local Contract X Best Practice						Best Practice	10.00		CQI							



										NHS Trust	
Trust-wide Safety Index - % of Medication Incidents resulting in	in harm / pote	ntial harm				Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
This measure relates to the number of medication errors report	ted each montl	h and of those, how ma	ny resulted in	n harm / potential ha	·m	12.00%		20.75%	20.75%	•	
What is driving the reported underperformance?		What actions have we t	taken to impi	rove performance?		No Conti	actual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £	
Performance results: There were 53 validated medication error incidents reporte 2018. The Trust's overall profile remains red as we current the regional and national averages. An internal target of 12 been agreed to bring the Trust in line with the regional pos Of the 53 incidents reported in April, 1 incident resulted in I - 10 x low level 2 - 1 x moderate level 3 - 0 x severe level 4 The level 3 incident related to a patient requiring surgical ir and admission to ITU. This incident did not arise in the Tru primary care and has been referred to Quality Concerns. Benchmarking: The most recent data published on NHS England website the percentage of harmful events is for April 2017 to September Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust performance for this period which is higher than the national figure of 11.21% and high the regional figure of 9.18%. Contractual status: No contractual requirements apply.	ed in April tly exceed 2% has sition. harm. hterventon ust but in for er 2017. is 20.44%	New actions: - Medicines Safety ReMMC. - Medicines Safety LiAexample, pre-printed cadministration policy a	A action plar drug charts t	n progressing satisfa for Maternity and se	actorily; for	20,00% 35,00% 30,00% 25,00% 10,00% 5,00% 0,00% Expected meet stan	date to dard		day 50 firmed	017 — 20	15/2016
National Contract	Loc	al Contract		Best Pr	actice	Х		CQ	JIN		



							NHS Trust	
% of Emergency Readmissions within 30 Days of a discharge from hospital			Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
			10.00%		11.27%		~	
What is driving the reported underperformance?	What actions have we taken to i	mprove performance?	No Contr	actual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £	
Performance results: The percentage of emergency readmissions within 30 days of a discharge from hospital is reported one month in arrears. This metric measures the percentage of patients who were an emergency readmission within 30 days of a previous inpatient stay (either elective or emergency). The criteria excludes Well Babies, Obstetrics and patients referred to the Early Pregnancy Assessment Unit. The performance for April was 11.27% which is a decline compared to 10.26% in March 2018 and doesn't achieve the internal target of 10%. There were 564 emergency readmissions in April, of which, 44 were related to GAU cohort. Of the patients who were re-admitted in April: Approximately 25% of the readmissions were aged under 30 (an increase compared to 24% in March) Approximately 35% of the readmissions were aged over 70 (an increase compared to 33% in March). The average number of days between the original admission and the re-admission is 9 which is the same as March. For those patients discharged in the month who were an emergency readmission within 30 days, the average length of stay of the readmission was 4.3 which is a decrease compared to 4.8 in March. Benchmarking: There are no formal national reports published for this metric. Contractual status: No contractual target, however performance is reported monthly to commissioners.	review emergency readmissio patients with high number of a - The community services revitheir caseloads and have demover the past year. Following a performance for readmissions undertaken in Month 6 to anal work to be undertaken to revie - In line with this, work will be being done in the community a	ew all frequent admissions known to constrated a reduction in admissions a revised methodology to determine the a robust piece of work will be a yse trends and determine strands of the causation for key cohorts of patients. Developed to link the work currently around frequent admissions to those days to aid a better understanding of	15% - 14% - 13% - 12% - 11% - 10% - 9% - 6% - 5%	dard		des to our tool volume to our to		Mar Mar
National Contract X Lo	ocal Contract X	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		



Flastwayia Dischauses Communica (FDC) completed within 40 has										-	NHS Trust	
What is driving the reported underperformance? Performance results: No Contractual Financial Penalties No Contractual Financial Penalti	Electronic Discharges Summaries (EDS) complete	d within 48	hrs							YTD		
Performance results: This indicator measures the percentage of EDS completed within 48 hours of the point of patient discharge. Performance has improved significantly in May to 92.29% compared to 83.45% in April but is below the locally agreed target of 95%. Divisional performance for May 2018 was as follows: - Surgery 88.61% (84.88% in April) - WICCSS: 92.73% (92.80% in April) - WICCSS: 92.73% (92.80% in April) - WICCSS: 92.73% (92.80% in April) - Continuous education and training of staff has contributed to the improved performance. Benchmarking: No national or regional benchmarking available for this measure. - Quantative analysis that was presented at MAC to review EDS performance all summaries are sent out and in a timely manner. - Quantative analysis that was presented at Qualitative analysis of EDS at MAC demonstrating poor quality information having a potential impact on income via coding. All the CDs have been requested by the MB to reinforce the importance of documentation with their beams. - Medical champions have been identified for all ward areas who will be dedicated to working with all stakeholders to flether the Quality information having a potential impact on income via coding. All the CDs have been requested by the MB to reinforce the importance of documentation with their beams. - Medical champions have been identified for all ward areas who will be dedicated to working with all stakeholders to fleth me Quality information having a potential impact on income via coding. All the CDs have been requested by the MB to reinforce the importance of documentation and communication. - The Tourishes Board and the MD are following up outstanding EDS are completed. - The Business Manager and the MD are following up outstanding EDS on a daily basis with intensive communication. - The Organisation and communication. - The GWC facilitated 2 sessions targeting all medical staff to focus and counter the mornior against the way and the proportion with WCCG. - Trajectory to be reviewed and cons	Number of EDS completed within 48 hrs of the po	int of patien	t discharge				100.00%		92.29%	87.81%	<u> </u>	
This indicator measures the percentage of EDS completed within 48 hours of the point of patient discharge. Performance has improved significantly in May to 92.29% compared to 93.45% in April but is below the locally agreed target of 95%. Divisional performance for May 2018 was as follows: - Surgan; 88.61%, (84.68% in April) - MLC: 94.17% (74.81% in April) - MLC: 94.17% (74.81% in April) - Continuous education and training of staff has contributed to the improved performance. - Continuous education and training of staff has contributed to the improved performance. - Contractual status: The NHS contract states when transferring or discharging a Service - Contractual status: The NHS contract states when transferring or discharging a Service beef for mance a license or secretary service, the Provider must within 24 hours following that transfer or service with party provider, using an applicable policy Method. The Trust has a local agreement to monitor against 48 hours. No financial penalties apply for failure to achieve. - Medical champions have been identified for all ward areas who will be deficiated to working with all stakeholders running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and development (D3 per a running a programme of education and e	What is driving the reported underperformance?	•					No Conti	ractual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £	
National Contract X Local Contract X Best Practice CQUIN	This indicator measures the percentage of ED hours of the point of patient discharge. Perfor significantly in May to 92.29% compared to 83 below the locally agreed target of 95%. Divisional performance for May 2018 was as formula surgery. 89.61% (84.68% in April) - MLTC: 94.17% (74.81% in April) - WCCSS: 92.73% (92.80% in April) Continuous education and training of staff has improved performance. Benchmarking: No national or regional benchmarking available. Contractual status: The NHS contract states when transferring or User from an inpatient or daycase or accident service, the Provider must within 24 hours following discharge issue a Discharge Summary to the stand/or Referrer and to any third party provider Delivery Method. The Trust has a local agreer	rmance has 3.45% in Ap follows:- s contribute le for this m discharging and emerg owing that Service Us r, using an a ment to more	d to the g a Service gency transfer or er's GP applicable nitor against	- A programme of worl Director & the Director accountability for key of Performance & Inform ensure compliance ag clinical area on a monity - A review of the disch summaries are sent of - Quantative analysis to performance will be sh the importance of accu Clinical Coding Lead MAC demonstrating por on income via coding Medical champions he be dedicated to working and Safety agenda who communication. The Divillation will be responsible for - The Business Manage EDS on a daily basis of - The Organisational Deducation and develop will cover documentati - The GMC facilitated of on documentation and - All clinical documents - Trajectory to be review	r of Nursing quality metr ation depar ainst the ke thly basis. arge summut and in a that was prepared at the urate information of department or quality in All the CDs ce of documnave been in the composition of the with included per and the with intensive development session and EDS 2 sessions of communic series are now e	which will cover monitoring and cics. Working alongside the trment, a process will be set up to be metrics is shared with with each arries is to take place to ensure all timely manner. Besented at MAC to review EDS are Ground Round meeting to reinforce action being recorded and a qualitative analysis of EDS at information having a potential impact is have been requested by the MD to mentation with their teams. It dentified for all ward areas who will takeholders to deliver the Quality is documentation and irrectors and the Clinical Directors DS are completed. MD are following up outstanding are communication. Int (OD) are running a programme of it is communication. Int (OD) are running a programme of it is communication. Int (OD) are running a staff to focus attion electronically sent to GPs.	100.00% 98.00% 96.00% 94.00% 92.00% 90.00% 88.00% 84.00% 76.00% 74.00% 70.00% 68.00% 66.00%	2016/2017 66	Trajectory in conjunc	sectory sectory to be revietion with V	ewed and d	> War
	National Contract	National Contract X Local Contract X Best Practice							CQ	UIN		



										NHS Trust	
Dementia Screening 75+ (Hospital)						Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	Apr-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
						90.00%		66.22%	66.22%	•	
What is driving the reported underperformance?			What actions have we to	aken to impi	ove performance?	No Contr	ractual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies apply	YTD £	
Performance results (based on peer month The national dementia return continues in 201 of the standard contract for all acute Trusts. The reports on the number and proportion of patier admitted as an emergency for more than 72 have been identified as potentially having demappropriately assessed and who are referred of The target for all 3 requirements (screen, asseat 90%. During April 2018 the Trust failed to achieve the target for patients aged 75 years and over with 66.22%. This is a decline compared to the rep 2018 (78.26%). In agreement with WCCG and the Trusts exect reporting methodology has changed to utilising rather than against the full cohort as it was not assessments for all applicable patients due to limitations. Benchmarking: As a national submission has not been made a pending the discussions regarding methodology benchmarking is available. Contractual status: No national penalties apply.	8/19 as a rehis data collents aged 75 ours in Englanentia, who are not ospecial ess and reference 90% screen performance orted result equative lead, to an audit apt possible to electronic systems.	quirement ection and over and who are list service r) remains ening ce of in March he proach capture the ystem	explained the change portal). However at prealthough they acknowl electronically. A briefin Nursing and discussed was scheduled with W Unfortunately the mee aware of the situation which exist between the performance achievem. Continuing actions: The revised paper as clearer and easier to umade available on state. A revised flow chart is screening process and any point during the paon the EDS.	n methodolesent this had edged the of g paper was with fellow alsall CCG ting had to learn dare involvement for national sessment to the indertake, his indertake, his indertake, as been cill emphasing attents stay and awarer eletion of sc	cool, which makes the process as been circulated to wards and es for wards to order. It culated outlining the dementia go that the screening can be done at in the hospital and must be noted these of delirium and 6 CIT to reening process.	100% 98% 96% 94% 92% 90% 88% 86% 84% 82% 78% 76% 74% 72% 70% 68% 66% 64% 62% 50% 48% 44% 44% 44% 44% 44% 44% 44% 40% Expected meet stan	idard	2018	- Sep - Oct - Nov	— Target — 2016/201	7 Mar
National Contract	Х	Loc	cal Contract	Х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		



										1	NHS Trust	
Friends & Family Test - ED (% Recom	mended)						Year	Monthly	May-18	YTD	Change on	Year End
Friends & Family Test - Inpatient (%	Recommend	led)					Standard	Trajectory			last month	Forecast
							85.00%		76.00%		•	
							96.00%		95.00%		•	
What is driving the reported underp	erformance	?		What actions have we t	aken to impi	ove performance?	No Cont	ractual Fina	ncial Penalt	ies	YTD £	
Performance results: This page relates to all of the area measure.	is covered l	by the Frien	ds & Family	intial feedback exercis	e with patie	ogressing well on AMU, after the nts and carers to identify ar approach has been used to	20		& Family Test - —Target —		018 —— 20	16/2017
Measure	Target	Apr	May		,	sups of staff members. Next stage	100%					
Inpatient	96%	96%	95%			o-developing with patients/carer the	95% -					
Outpatient	96%	92%	92%	vision statement and n	nain aims fo	or the AMU project.	90% -		1			
ED	85%	79%	76%	Ü		Surgery and WCCSS's efforts to			\			
Community	97%	97%	98%	_	•	neir areas. Ipads would make FFT	85% -		$\overline{}$			
Maternity-Antenatal	95%	90%	91%	with Trust Charities gre		esponse rates. Requests pending	80% -					^ .
Maternity-Birth	96%	100%	90%	ED:	oup.		75% -			1	/	
Maternity-Postnatal Ward	92%	97%	91%		e is actively	promoting volunteering in ED	70%					
Maternity-Postnatal Community	97%	100%	94%			ED volunteers to support improving		Apr May Jun	Jul	Sep Oct	Dec Jan	Feb
Posters have been displayed within the process to provide feedback of option to opt out of the electronic in within the area or responding to the provides an opt out opportunity. Benchmarking: For ED, the latest benchmarking (128. For Inpatients, the latest benchmarking out of 130. Contractual status: NHS standard contract applies bu	n their care method by e ne text mess April) ranks arking (April	Patients heither informage issued the Trust 1 ranks the	ave the hing the staff which 22nd out of Trust 77th	within their teams. For information quality. Rethe new OP key performation. - Local ward teams are improving quality of feservice app, similar to Community: - Maintaining current leads of the continuing actions: - FFT results reports retrust Board. - Increase use of 'Sour	ting FFT to cus on impro- egular FFT of rmance indice to being enco- edback and the paediat evel of supp- egularly pre- nd Bites' (au	patients and discussing results oving the patient registration lata trends will now been included cators dashboard. Duraged to increase use of ipads for promoting accessibility. A maternity ric app, is also being explored. Out with Community Teams. Sented at the PEG, TQE, TSC & audios of patient feedback) Tonline and via printed weekly	100% - 98% - or 96% -	Friends & F	Target	2017/2	018 — 20	_
National Contract		х	Le	cal Contract		Best Practice			COL	JIN		



										NHS Trust	
PDR Compliance						Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
						90.00%		82.42%	82.42%	•	
What is driving the reported underperformance?	,		What actions have we to	aken to imp	rove performance?	Contract	ual Financia	l Penalties		YTD £	
Performance status: The appraisal rate at the end of May 2018 was on April's 80.55%. This represents a rise of 1.127 Band 7 & above colleagues required an a end of May 2018, resulting in a 78% compliant. The majority of divisions experienced a rise in the past month, of between 1% and 10%. The Women's, Children's & Clinical Support Shighest level of compliance at 89.98%. Benchmarking: No national or regional benchmarking available. Contractual status: No contractual requirements apply.	87% month of annual appra ace rate for the compliance services divis	isal at the his group. Ievels over	the appraisal process. - The appraisal papervithe new Trust Values & in July 2018. Continuing Actions: - Training sessions for - The publication of HF services ranked in a m Q2 18/19. - This approach to perwithin other local organimprovements evidence.	work that is & Behaviou Appraisers R KPI leaguneaningful and formance minisations suced when be	ertaken in certain areas to support being redesigned will be linked to ral Framework and will be launched are on-going. e tables, with the performance of nd engaging way, is being tabled for nanagement has been implemented accessfully, with tangible oth managers and service leads a openly but also best practice.	100% - 95% - 90% - 85% - 80% - 75% - 65% - 60% -	ndard	TBC (pen	arget —	v)	May
National Contract	х	Lo	cal Contract	х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		

Safeguarding Compliance



									vvaisai	i i leart	NHS Trust	
							Year	Monthly	May-18	YTD	_	Year End
								Trajectory			last month	Forecast
Adult Safeguarding Training - Level 3 Com	-						85%		80.55%		^	
Children Safeguarding Training - Level 3 C	Compliar	nce					85%		87.10%		^	
What is driving the reported underperfor	rmance?			What actions have we t	aken to imp	rove performance?	Contract	ual Financia	al Penalties		YTD £	
Performance results: There is a mandatory requirement for 8 Trust to routinely undertake Safeguard (Adults and Children). Safeguarding Level 2	e is a mandatory requirement for 85% of staff employed by the to routinely undertake Safeguarding Training Levels 2 and 3 its and Children). Safeguarding Level 3 has achieved for May. Sased on Calendar Month				saver remired puntability for a staff who are training and another training and another training and notified of training and another training and another training are to a sare record on a regular Safeguard	ading staff of the importance of or staff training compliance and to are non-compliant. Indicate the differing book, face to face or e-learning. Indicate the differing book, face to face or e-learning. Indicate the differing book of the diffe	100% 80% 60% 40% 20%	2018/201	19 Wind Wind Wind Wind Wind Wind Wind Wind	Target O to	Diliance 2017/2	FebMar
Benchmarking: No benchmarking data is available for the Contractual status: A Contract Performance Notice (CPN) in April 2018.			Isall CCG				20% -	May	Jul	Sep	Nov Dec Jan	Feb Mar
							Expected meet stan	dard		Safeguardi 18	Level 3 - Ju ng Level 3 -	
National Contract		х			х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		



									NHS Trust	
Sickness Absence					Year Standard	Monthly Trajectory	May-18	YTD	Change on last month	Year End Forecast
					3.39%		4.71%	4.86%	^	
What is driving the reported underperformance?		What actions have we t	aken to impi	rove performance?	Contract	tual Financia	al Penalties		YTD £	
Performance status: Sickness levels improved in May with performance of 4.7 compared to 5.06% in April 2018 but did not achieve the 6.3.39%. This represents a fall of 0.17% compared to same 2017/18. Monthly short-term sickness during May 2018 totalled an cost of £122k and long-term sickness totalled an estimate £274k. There were 163 long-term episodes of sickness during May LTS cases extend to 6 months or more. The largest cause of absence during May 2018 was Anxiety/stress/depression/other psychiatric illnesses - 164	earget of e period estimated ed cost of ay 2018. 15	New Actions - HR carried out root of absence levels between and norovirus related in rates. Continuing Actions: - Work continues in readepartment offering we including access to a particular with the work offering managers train Management Mindfulness training	ause analysen Jan & Apillnesses has spect to Me eekly Stress osychologist ntal Health ning around is also avail	sis, with regards to fluctuates in or 18. This review identified that flut d a major impact upon sickness ontal Health, with the OH s Management groups for staff, t. Trust provide 1-1 training session Resilience and Stress able to all staff; something which	7% -	6% - 5% - 4% -				
Days across 92 episode(s) including 54 long-term. The second largest cause of short-term absence was 0th musculoskeletal problems - 589 FTE Days across 45 epis including 17 long-term. The sickness absence during the past 12 months stands 1.91% above the Trust target. Benchmarking: No national or regional benchmarking available for this meaning the second problems.	sode(s) at 5.30%,	embed/promote heath - The HR Team contin	eing hub co y lifestyle be ue to suppo	ntinues to roll out schemes and	3% - 2% -		ı			Ħ
Contractual status: No contractual requirements apply.					0%	lul Aug	Sep	Dec Jan	Feb Mar	Apr May
				Expected date to meet standard March 2019						
				Lead Dire	ector	Director o	f Human F	Resources		
National Contract X	cal Contract	Х	Best Practice		CQUIN					



What is driving the reported underperformance? What is driving the reported underperformance? What is driving the reported underperformance? What actions have we taken to improve performance? Contractual Financial Penalities YTD £ What actions have we taken to improve performance? Contractual Financial Penalities YTD £ What is driving the reported underperformance? What actions have we taken to improve performance? Contractual Financial Penalities YTD £ What actions have we taken to improve performance? Contractual Financial Penalities YTD £ Performance status: Tem Appraisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. Continuing Actions: Training sessions for Appraisers are on-going. The publication of HR KPI league tables, with the performance of services ranked in a meaningful and engaging way, is being tabled for 22 18/19. This approach to performance management has been implemented within other local organisations successfully, with tangible improvements evidenced when both managers and service leads share not only performance levels openly but also best practice. Contractual status:											NHS Trust	
What sid riving the reported underperformance? What actions have we taken to improve performance? New Actions: - Team Apprisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. The appraisal process. - Team Apprisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. - Team Apprisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. - Team Appraisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. - Team Appraisals process. - Team Appraisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. - Team Appraisals process. - Team Appraisals process. - Team Appraisal proce	PDR Compliance								May-18	YTD	_	Year End Forecast
New Actions: The appraisal rate at the end of May 2018 was 82.42%, an increase of Apraisal street at the end of May 2018 was 82.42%, an increase of Apraisal street at the end of May 2018 was 82.42%, an increase of Apraisal street and provided an annual appraisal at the end of May 2018, resulting in a 78% compliance rate for this group. The majority of divisions experienced a rise in compliance levels over the past month, of between 1% and 10%. The Women's, Children's & Clinical Support Services division has the highest level of compliance at 89.98%. Senchmarking: We contractual status: We contractual requirements apply. New Actions: Team Appraisals are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. The provised provided the provided and the provided of the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. Continuing Actions: Training sessions for Appraisers are on-going. The publication of Hit KPI league tables, with the performance of services ranked in a meaningful and engaging way, is being tabled for 21.819. This approach to performance management has been implemented within other local organisations successfully, with tangelier improvements evidenced when both managers and service leads share not only performance levels openly but also best practice. Team Appraisal are being undertaken in certain areas to support the appraisal process. The publication of Hit KPI league tables, with the performance of services and the more developed when the performance of services and the more developed when the performance of services and the more developed when the performance of services and the more developed when the performance of the performance of the process. To the publication of Hit KPI league tables to the performance of the							90.00%		82.42%	82.42%	^	
The appraisal rate at the end of May 2018 was 82.42%, an increase of April's 80.55%. This represents a rise of 1.87% month on month 27 Band 7 & above colleagues required an annual appraisal at the and of May 2018, resulting in a 78% compliance rate for this group. The majority of divisions experienced a rise in compliance levels over the past month, of between 1% and 10%. The Women's, Children's & Clinical Support Services division has thighest level of compliance at 89.98%. Benchmarking: No contractual requirements apply. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This appraisal paperwork that is being redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This paper and redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This paper and redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This paper and redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This paper and redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be launched in July 2018. This paper and redesigned will be linked to the new Trust Values & Behavioural Framework and will be linked to the new	What is driving the reported underperformance?			What actions have we to	aken to imp	rove performance?	Contract	tual Financia	l Penalties		YTD £	
National Contract X Local Contract X Best Practice CQUIN	on April's 80.55%. This represents a rise of 1.87 127 Band 7 & above colleagues required an aniend of May 2018, resulting in a 78% compliance. The majority of divisions experienced a rise in a the past month, of between 1% and 10%. The Women's, Children's & Clinical Support Selbighest level of compliance at 89.98%. Benchmarking:	7% month of the compliance divises divises divises divises the compliance divises divi	on month. isal at the his group. levels over hion has the	- Team Appraisals are the appraisal process The appraisal paperv the new Trust Values in July 2018. Continuing Actions: - Training sessions for - The publication of HF services ranked in a m Q2 18/19 This approach to per within other local organ improvements evidence.	work that is & Behaviou Appraisers R KPI leaguneaningful and formance minisations subted when bedeather that is the second second when the second se	being redesigned will be linked to ral Framework and will be launched are on-going. e tables, with the performance of nd engaging way, is being tabled for an agement has been implemented accessfully, with tangible oth managers and service leads	100% - 95% - 90% - 85% - 75% - 65% - 55% - 50% - 50% - 55% - 50% - 75% -	uni Inf And	TBC (pen	ding reviev	Feb Mar	
	National Contract	х	Lo	cal Contract	х	Best Practice			CQ	UIN		



CQUINs











	Total year 1	Q1 - Confirmed	Q2 - Confirmed	Q3 - Confirmed	Q4 - Confirmed / TBC in amber	ELEMENTS / Progress
Walsall CCG			Risk I	Rating		
NHS Staff Health & Wellbeing Director of OD					£73,624	Introduction of Health & Wellbeing Initiative By QTR 4: Achieving a 5% point improvement in two of the three NHS annual staff survey questions on health and wellbeing, MSK and stress or a set percentage. The two questions do not have to be pre-selected before the staff survey results, with 50% of the value of this indicator relating to performance in one question and the remaining 50% of the value relating to performance in a second question. The 5% point improvement should be achieved over a period of 2 years, with the baseline survey being the 2015 staff survey. For 18/19 this requires a 10% increase from the 2015 baseline or achieving the minimum threshold. Sliding scale for payment applies per question for improvements over 3%. Question 9a: Does your organisation take positive action on health and well-being? Providers will be expected to achieve an improvement of 5% points in the answer "yes, definitely" compared to baseline staff survey results or achieve 45% of staff surveyed answering "yes, definitely". Sliding scale for payment applies per question for improvements over 3%. Baseline 2015: 25.8%; Year 1 target 30.8% & Year 2 target 35.8%. Status: Results = 28% although this fails to achieve the national target, WCCG have agreed a partial payment of 48% to reflect the progress made on promoting health & well being. Local proposal agreed for year 2, 33%, or national ayerane, (national ayerane, 2017 = 34%)
					£39,880	Question 9b:: In the last 12 months have you experienced musculoskeletal problems (MSK) as a result of work activities? Providers will be expected to achieve an improvement of 5% points in the answer "no" compared to baseline staff survey results or achieve 85% of staff surveyed answering "no". Sliding scale for payment applies per question for improvements over 3%. Baseline 2015: 75.45%; Year 1 target 80.45% & year 2 target 85%. Status: Results = 74% a decline resulting in no payment (no improvement). Local proposal agreed for year 2 79% or national average. (national average 2017 = 74%)
					£39,880	Question 9c: During the last 12 months have you felt unwell as a result of work related stress? Providers will be expected to achieve an improvement of 5% points in the answer "no" compared to baseline staff survey results or achieve 75% of staff surveyed answering "no" Baseline 2015: 58.44%; Year 1 target 63.44% & year 2 target 68.44%. Status: Results = 58% a decline resulting in no payment (no improvement). Local proposal agreed for year 2 63% or national average. (national average 2017 = 64%)
	£460,151				£19,173	Healthy food for NHS staff, Visitors & Patients By QTR 4: WCH will be expected to build on the 2016/17 CQUIN by: Firstly, maintaining the 4 changes that were required in the 2016/17 CQUIN. a.) The banning of price promotions on sugary drinks and foods high in fat, sugar or salt (HFSS) . Status: Achieved b.) The banning of advertisements on NHS premises of HFSS; Status: Achieved
					£19,173	c.) The banning of HFSS from checkouts; Status: Achieved
					£19,173	d.) Ensuring that healthy options are available at any point including for those staff working night shifts. Status : Letters issued between the Trust and food providers committing to keep the changes, a paper is being prepared to go to board summarising progress made to date. Achieved
					£25,564	Secondly, introducing three new changes to food and drink provision. a.) 70% of drinks lines stocked must be sugar free (less than 5 grams of sugar per 100ml). In addition to the usual definition of SSBs it also includes energy drinks, fruit juices (with added sugar content of over 5g) and milk based drinks (with sugar content of over 10 grams per 100ml). Status: Audit conducted 8th March, results = 70% achieved 2018/19 - target increases to 80%.
					£25,564	b.) 60% of confectionery and sweets do not exceed 250 kcal. Status: Audit conducted 8th March, results = 64% achieved. 2018/19 - target increases to 80%.
					£25,564	c.) At least 60% of pre-packed sandwiches and other savoury pre-packed meals (wraps, salads, pasta salads) available contain 400kcal (1680 kJ) or less per serving and do not exceed 5.0g saturated fat per 100g Status: Audit conducted 8th March, results = 67% achieved. 2018/19 increases to 75%.
					£153,384	Improve uptake of flu vaccinations for front line staff QTR 4: Year 1 - Achieving an uptake of flu vaccinations by frontline clinical staff of 70% by February 28th 2018. Sliding scale for payment applies. year 2 increases to 75%. Status: Results = 70.7% Achieved. 2018/19 - target 75% by February 2019.
Sub totals	£460,151	£0	£0	£0	£460,151	











I manufactura and a second						
Improving services for people with mental health needs who						Improving services for people with mental health needs who present to A&E QTR 1: MH trust and acute trust to review most frequent A&E attenders who have attended 10-15 times or more within the last 12 months (i.e. throughout 2016/17). Jointly identify subset of people who would
present to A&E						benefit from assessment, review, and care planning with specialist mental health staff. Record the
coo		£25,769				number of attendances as baseline. Assure WCCG that work has been undertaken with partners to identify if the identified cohort also present frequently at other UEC system touch points.
000						Status: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved. Baseline: there are 13 patients who fulfil the criteria with a
						corresponding 197 ED attendances in 2016/17.
						QTR 2: To work with DWMHPT to identify whether the presentations of the identified cohort were coded appropriately in A&E HES dataset. Submission deadline 29th September extension granted till 20th
						October.
			£25,769			Status: Joint meeting took place 17 October 2017 (slippage on the date). Internal audit of A&E mental health coding completed, following the findings plans agreed for regular
						sharing of data regarding people attending A&E. The cohort has been reduced down to 10 patients (159
						attendances) QTR 2: Establish joint governance arrangements to review progress against CQUIN and associated
						service development plans.
						Status: Draft arrangements shared and agreed in principal, formal governance process to be confirmed.
						QTR 2: To work with other key system partners as appropriate/necessary to ensure that: • Care plans (co-produced with the patient and written in the first person) are in place for each patient in
						the identified cohort of frequent attenders; • A system is in place to identify new frequent attenders and
	£257,685.00		£25,769			ensure that care plans are put in place swiftly; • Care plans are shared with other key system partners (with the patient's permission).
						Status: Draft arrangements shared and agreed in principal, formal governance process to be confirmed.
						Confirmed by WCCG Achieved. QTR 2: Bringing in other local partners as necessary/appropriate, agree service development plan to
						support sustained reduction in A&E frequent attendances by people with MH needs. This is likely to
						include enhancements to: • Primary care mental health services including IAPT;
			£51,537			Liaison mental health services in the acute hospital; Community mental health services and community-based crisis mental health services;
						This work is likely to need to be undertaken with other partners outside of the NHS, including social care,
						public health and voluntary sector partners. Status: Draft arrangements shared and agreed in principal, formal governance process to be confirmed.
						Confirmed by WCCG Achieved
						QTR 3: Jointly review progress against data quality improvement plan and all confirm that systems are in place to ensure that coding of MH need via A&E HES data submissions is complete and accurate, to
				£25,769		allow confidence that Q4 submissions are complete and accurate. Assurances provided to CCGs accordingly.
				223,709		Status: Q3 submitted. Monthly audits continue, no coding issues identified to date. Joint meetings with
						DWMHPT continue. Baseline recalculated to 10 patients (now includes 3 replacement patients following 3 from original cohort being discharged from the MH services). New baseline total attendances = 132.
						QTR 4: 20% reduction in A&E attendances of those within the selected cohort of frequent attenders in
						2016/17 who would benefit from mental health and psychosocial interventions. Target: No more than 106 attendances. Sliding Scale for payment applies.
					£103,074	Status: Achieved 57.6% reduction. (56 total attendances)
Sub totals Improving the	£257,685.00	£25,769	£103,074	£25,769	£103,074	Improving the assessment of wounds
assessment of						Aims to increase the number of wounds which have failed to heal after 4 weeks that receive a full wound
wounds						assessment QTR 1: Establish clinical audit plan.
DoN						Status: Audit template designed, shared and agreed with WCCG.
						QTR 2: By 30 November 2017: Completion of Clinical audit to provide a baseline figure for the number of patients with chronic wounds that have received a full assessment. Full audit report and improvement
	£257,685					plan with trajectory to be provided for commissioner.
						Status: Audit has been completed, compliance rate is 39.33%, an improvement trajectory of 55% has been agreed.
			£128,843			Risk: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved.
						QTR 4: By 31 May 2018: Repeat clinical audit to demonstrate an improvement in the number of patients with chronic wound who have received a full wound assessment. Target is 55%.
					£128,843	Sliding scale applies.
						Status: Achieved 79% compliance. 2018/19: year 2 : Q2 Achieve the nationally set target - 60%
						year 2: Q4 Achieve the nationally set target - 80%
Sub totals	£257,685	£0	£128,843	£0	£128,843	











NHS e-Referrals D of S&T		£64,421				NHS e-Referrals: relates to GP referrals to consultant-led 1st outpatient services only and the availability of services and appointments on the NHS e-Referral Service. All providers to publish ALL such services and make ALL of their First Outpatient Appointment slots available on e-RS by 31 March 2018 OTR 1: Providers should supply a plan to deliver Q2, Q3 and Q4 targets to include: A definitive list of all services/clinics accepting 1st O/P referrals and details of the NHS e-RS services they are mapped to, identifying any gaps to be addressed through this CQUIN. A trajectory to reduce Appointment Slot Issues to a level of 4%, or less, over Q2, Q3 and Q4. Status; plan submitted to WCCG. Baseline 39% of clinics published, ASI rate 0.83. Project team established, fortnightly meetings scheduled. ASI rate target of 4% or less challenged with WCCG & NHS Digital.
	£257,685		£64,421			OTR 2: 80% of Referrals to 1st O/P Services able to be received through e-RS. Evidence that slot polling ranges for directly bookable services match or exceed waits for paper referrals - details of slot polling ranges (as recorded on EBSX05) and Appointment Slot Issues by service reducing to 4% or less in line with the agreed trajectory set in Q1. Status: Q2 submitted, 85% of specialities are now mapped to the DOS. ASI rates achieved 62.45% in September. (July 74% and August 70%). Rist: Targets; 80% available slots & 70% ASI rate.: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved
				£32,211		QTR 3: As Qtr. 2 except 90% of Referrals to 1st O/P Services & achieve ASI issues in line with agreed trajectory (36%) Status: Q3 Submitted: Services published to the DOS (based on the Q1 listed services as agreed with WCCG) is 90%, this achieves the 90% target. ASI rates continue to reduce, December rate was 0.414 against an original trajectory of 0.36, a request was formally made to WCCG & NHS E to revise Q3 targe
				£32,211	£64,421	to 0.5 and Q4 target to 0.2. WCCG acknowledge the significant progress and have agreed a partial payment for Q3. (50% of available monies) Q4: Target 100% of Referrals to 1st O/P Services & achieve 0.04 or less ASI issues. Status: The Trust failed to publish all the services to the DOS. ASI rate for March 2018 reduced to 0.272 however did not achieve the 0.04 national target or the 0.2 requested local target.
Sub totals Offering advice and	£257,685	£64,421	£64,421	£64,421	£64,421	Offering advice and guidance. The scheme requires providers to set up and operate A&G services fo
guidance D of S&T		£64,421				non-urgent GP referrals, allowing GPs to access consultant advice prior to referring patients in to secondary care. A&G support should be provided either through the ERS platform or local solutions where systems agree this offers a better alternative. GTR 1.30 July 2017. Agree specialties with higher volume of GP referrals for A&G implementation. Solve the secondary of the secondary of the secondary of GP referrals to A&G implementation. Solve the secondary of GP referrals by Q4 2017/18. Agree timetable and implementation plan for introduction of A&G to these specialties during the remainder of 2017/18. Agree local quality standard for provision of A&G, including that 80% of asynchronous responses are provided within 2 working days Risk: Confirmed by WCCQ Achieved.
	£257,685		£64,421			OTR 2: 31 October 2017: A&G services mobilised for first agreed tranche of specialties in line with implementation plan and trajectory. Local quality standard for provision of A&G finalised and a Baseline data for main indicator provided Status: Project team established , fortnightly meetings scheduled. Consultant Connect currently provides 10.97% (Gen. surgery, gastro, urology, diabetics and endocrinology). plans to be agreed when WCCG decommission this service to transfer these services over to ERS. Risk: Q2 submitted Confirmed by WCCG Achieved.
				£64,421		QTR 3: 31 January 2018: A&G services operational for first agreed tranche of specialities, Quality standards for provision of A&G met, Data for main indicators provided and Timetable, implementation plan and trajectory agreed for rollout of A&G services to cover a group of specialities responsible for at least 75% of GP referrals by Q4 2018/19 Status: Q3 submitted. During Q3 activity was recorded using Consultant Connect providing evidence that A&G is operational. Q3 Achieved
					£64,421	QTR 4: 31 May 2018: A&G services operational for specialties covering at least 35% of total GP referrals by start of Q4 and sustained across the quarter, Quality standards for provision of A&G met and Data for main indicator provided Status: Q4 failed to achieve.
Sub totals Personalised care and support planning DoN	£257,685	£64,421	£64,421	£64,421	£64,421	Personalised care and support planning: to introduce the requirement of high quality personalised care and support planning QTR 2: (end of Sept 17) Submission of a plan to ensure care & support planning is recorded by providers.
						Status: Agreed with WCCG definition of long term conditions. Plan created. Linking into the Total Mobile b. Plan produced but recording system not in place = 50% of proportion of CQUIN value
						c. Plan produced and recording system put in place = 100% of proportion of CQUIN value
	£257,685		£64,421			Risk: none. Confirmed by WCCG Achieved. <u>QTR 3</u> : identify the number of patients as having multiple LTCs and who will be prioritised for personalised care and support planning (establishment of cohort) compared to the total number of patients served Q3 submitted to WCCG. There were 241 patients identified (100% of the community matrons caseload)
				£38,653		QTR 4a: To confirm what proportion of relevant staff have undertaken training in personalised care and
					£77,306	support planning. <u>Status</u> : 87.5% of staff trained <u>Confirmed by WCCG Achieved</u> <u>QTR 4b</u> : To confirm the number of patients identified for the cohor who have one or more LTCs and have been assessed as having a low activation level <u>Status</u> : <u>Confirmed by WCCG Achieved.</u> There were 8 patients who scored zero who now require personalised care plans.
Sub totals	£257,685	£0	£64,421	£38,653	£77,306 £154,611	
Preventing ill health by risky behaviours – alcohol and tobacco DoN		£69,023				Preventing III health by risky behaviours – alcohol and tobacco QTR 1: each element worth 33% of Q1 a) completing an information systems audit; b) training staff to deliver brief advice, c) collect baseline data (on elements a) to e)) Risk: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved
			£3.451	£3.451	£3.451	Tobacco screening: Percentage of unique adult patients who are screened for smoking status AND whose results are recorded Q2 Confirmed Achieved Q3 Confirmed Achieved Q4 target = 90%
			£13.805	£13.805	£13.805	Achieved 97% Percentage of unique patients who smoke AND are given very brief advice Q2 Confirmed Achieved
	£276.091					Q3: Achieved. Q4 target 80%. Achieved 88%. Percentage of unique patients who are smokers AND are offered referral to stop smoking services AND
	£276,091		£17,256	£17,256	£17,256	offered stop smoking medication. Q2 Confirmed Achieved. Q3 achieved. Q4 target 60%. Achieved 88% Percentage of unique adult patients who are screened for drinking risk levels AND whose results are
			£17,256	£17,256	£17,256	recorded in local data systems Q2 Confirmed Achieved Q3 achieved. Q4 target 90%. Achieved 91%.
			£17,256	£17,256	£17,256	Percentage of unique patients who drink alcohol above lower-risk levels AND are given brief advice OR offered a specialist referral. Status: Q2 submitted and expected to achieve. Monthly audits continue (10 patients per ward) close
						monitoring of compliance and follow up with wards who are not performing the audit in full or have low compliance. Meeting arranged with WCCG during December to agree improvement trajectories. 2 & Q3Confirmed Achieved by WCCG. Q4 target 85%. Achieved 100%.











Reducing the impact of serious infections (Antimicrobial Resistance and Sepsis)						<u>Timely identification of sepsis in emergency departments</u> The percentage of patients who met the criteria for sepsis screening and were screened for sepsis The indicator applies to adults and child patients arriving in hospital as emergency admissions A minimum of 50 records per month after exclusions for ED. 90%. Target. Sliding scale 50-89% = 10%. <u>Status:</u> The audit methodology of NEWs scores continues not to identify the full required number of
MD		£8,053	£8,053	£8,053	£8,053	patients and continues to be time consuming. A centralised database is being created during Q3 to support the audit process. Risk: Q1 achieved 95.33%. Q2 achieved 94.85% Q3: 95.77% Achieved. Q4 achieved 93.59%
		£8,053	£8,053	£3,221 £4,832	£8,053	Timely identification of sepsis in acute inpatient settings The percentage of patients who met the criteria for sepsis screening and were screened for sepsis. The indicator applies to all patients on acute in-patient wards. A minimum of 50 records per month after exclusions for Inpatients. 90% Target. Sliding scale 50-89% = 10%. Status: as ED. Risk: Q1 achieved 90%. Q2 achieved 90.91%. Q3: 88.73%. partial achievement 10%. Q4 achieved 90.48%.
		£3,221	£3,221	£3,221	£8,053	Timely treatment for sepsis in emergency departments. The percentage of patients who were found to have sepsis in sample 2a and received IV antibiotics within 1 hour. Applies to adults and child patients arriving in hospital as emergency admissions. 90% Target. Sliding scale 50-89% = 10%. Status: Actions taken; additional teaching, grand round presentation, raising awareness through care groups, wards and mandatory training.
		£4,832	£4,832	£4,832		Risk: Q1 86.21% partial achievement 10%. Q2 88.57% partial achievement 10%. Q3: 89.34% partial achievement 10%. Q4 achieved 96.43%
		£3,221	£3,221	£3,221	£3,221	The percentage of patients who were found to have sepsis in sample 2a and received IV antibiotics within 1 hour. The indicator applies to adults and child patients on acute in-patient wards. 90% Target. Sliding scale 50-89% = 10%
		£4,832	£4,832	£4,832	£4,832	Risk: Q1 53.57% partial achievement 10%. Q2 63.27% partial achievement 10% Q3 61.54% partial achievement 10%. Q4 partial achievement 67.31%
	£257,685	£16.105				Percentage of antibiotic prescriptions documented and reviewed by a competent clinician within 72 hours. Review to show: Stop, IV to oral switch, OPAT (Outpatient Parenteral Antibiotic Therapy), Continue with new review date, Continue no new review date, Change antibiotic with Escalation to broader spectrum antibiotic. Change antibiotic are represented in the spectrum antibiotic. Change antibiotic e.g. to patients diagnosed with sepsis. Audit data should be submitted to PHE via an online submission portal. Perform an empiric review for at least 25% of cases in the sample Risk: 21 achieved.
			£16,105			Perform an empiric review for at least 50% of cases in the sample. Local audit of a minimum of 30 patients diagnosed with sepsis. Audit data should be submitted to PHE via an online submission portal. Risk: Q2 achieved.
				£16,105		Perform an empiric review for at least 75% of cases in the sample. Local audit of a minimum of 30 patients diagnosed with sepsis. Audit data should be submitted to PHE via an online submission portal. Risk Q3 Submitted. 98.51% compliance.
					£16,105	Perform an empiric review for at least 90% of cases in the sample. Local audit of a minimum of 30 patients diagnosed with sepsis. Audit data submitted to PHE via an online submission portal. Q4 =
					£21,474	Reduction in antibiotic consumption per 1,000 admissions 1. Total antibiotic usage (for both in-patients and out-patients) per 1,000 admissions: Target 2% reduction for those trusts with 2016 consumption indicators above 2013/14 median value. Status: All data has been submitted to PHE, awaiting validation
					£21,474	Reduction in antibiotic consumption per 1,000 admissions 2. Total usage (for both in-patients and out-patients) of carbapenem per 1,000 admissions. Target 1% reduction for those trusts with 2016 consumption indicators above 2013/14 median value Status: All data has been submitted to PHE, awaiting validation
					£21,474	Reduction in antibiotic consumption per 1,000 admissions 3. Total usage (for both in-patients and out-patients) of piperacillin-tazobactam per 1,000 admissions. Target 2% reduction for those trusts with 2016 consumption indicators above 2013/14 median value Status: All data has been submitted to PHE, awaiting validation
Sub totals Supporting Proactive and Safe Discharge –	£257,685	£48,317	£48,317	£48,317	£112,738	Actions to map existing discharge pathways, roll-out new protocols, collect baseline/trajectories 2: I) Map and streamline existing discharge pathways across acute, community and NHS-care home
Acute Providers COO (a&c) D of S&T (b)	£460,151		£184,060			providers, and roll-out protocols in partnership across local whole-systems. II) Develop and agree with commissioner a plan, baseline and trajectories which reflect expected impact of implementation of local initiatives to deliver the part b indicator for year 1 and year 2. As part of this agree what proportion of the part b indicator for each year will be delivered by the acute provider and what proportion will be delivered by the community provider. Achievement of part b will require collaboration between acute and community providers Status: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved.
		£69,023				Emergency Care Data Set (ECDS) To have demonstrable and credible planning by the end of Quarter 1, in order to commence timely submission of data from 1st October 2017 Q1: Type 1 or 2 A&E provider has demonstrable and credible planning in place to make the required preparations (e.g. by upgrading IT systems and training staff) so that the Emergency Care Data Set (ECDS) can be collected and returned from 1st October 2017. Status: plan submitted pending WCCG decision on payment. Risk: Confirmed by WCCG Achieved.
				Q3 moved into Q4 as agreed with WCCG	£11,504	Q3: Go live with ECDS. Status: Due to the delay with the Lorenzo upgrade by the system provider it was not possible to achieve the Q3 requirements, following our request WCCG have agreed to move the CQUIN requirements from Q3 into Q4. project plan is progressing, initial data flows have commenced, 50% payment for going live - subject to confirmation this has been achieved.
					£2,301	Q3: Submitting data at least weekly Status: as above, initial data flows have commenced work continues to achieve a weekly flow.
					£4,602	O4: 95% of patients have both a valid Chief Complaint. Chief complaint should be any value from the ECDS Chief Complaint code set (SNOMED CT). Target: Sliding scale for payment: <90% = zero, 90-95% = 50%, >95% = 100%. Q4: 86.91% failed to achieve.
					£4,602	Q4: 95% of patients have a Diagnosis (unless that patient is streamed to another service) Diagnosis should be any value from the ECDS diagnosis code set (SNOMED CT). Target: Sliding scale for payment: <90% = zero, 90-95% = 50%, >95% = 100%. Q4: 56.07% falled to achieve.
						Increasing proportion of patients admitted via non-elective route discharged from acute hospitals to their usual place of residence within 7 days of admission by 2.5% points from baseline (Q3 and Q4 2016/17) Baseline = 47.84%.
Sub totals	£460,151	£69,023	£184,060	£O	£184,060 £207,068	Due to the increased usage of "discharge to assess beds" it is unclear how to calculate the percentage. Extension granted by WCCG for this submission to obtain further information.
Sub Total WCCG	£2,742,503			£310,603	£1,364,350	











NHS England - Specia	alised					
Commissioners Paediatric Networked						Paediatric Networked Care – non-PICU Centres
Care – non-PICU Centres COO						Pactain Local acute hospitals will be required to work with their regional PICU provider in providing fully completed PCCMDS data over a six month period August to December 2017 (request to extend to January) in order for the lead provider to submit a summary report by February 2018. Conduct a self assessment and submit data to PICU - due mid October. Status: Monthly audit data being submitted to BCH. Potential to utilise Lorenzo to record data is currently
	£15,151		£15,151			being considered.
	£11,363				£11,363	Partake in the lead PICU provider's review of referring acute hospitals against the Paediatric Intensive Care (PICS) standards in order for the lead PICU provider to submit a report. Ongoing participation with West Midlands Paediatric Critical Care Network meeting, including
	£11,363				£11,363	representation at meetings and implementation of clinical protocols as agreed by the Network. Risk: expected to achieve Confirmed by NHS E achieved.
Sub totals GE3: Hospital	£37,878	£0	£15,151	£0	£22,727	
GE3: Hospital Medicines Optimisation MD	£25,221	£6,305	£3,153	£3,153	£3,153	GE3: Hospital Medicines Optimisation Trigger1: Adoption of best value generic/ biologic products in 90% of new patients within one quarter of guidance being made available. Adoption of best value generic/ biologic products in 80% of applicable existing patients within one year of being made available (except if standard treatment course is < 6 months Risk: Achieved
			£3,153	£3,153	£3,153	Adoption of best value generic/ biologic products in 80% of applicable existing patients within one year of being made available (except if standard treatment course is < 6 months Risk: Achieved
	£12,993			£6,496	£6,496	<u>Triager2</u> : Improving drugs MDS data quality to include dm+d as drug code in line with ISB 0052 by June 2017 or in line with agreed pharmacy system upgrade as well as all other mandatory fields All hospitals submit HCD data in agreed MDS format fully, accurately populated on a monthly basis and bottom line matches value for drugs on ACM Status Q4 expected to achieve.
	£25,221	£2,293		20,430	£22,928	Trigger3: Increase use of cost effective dispensing routes for outpatient medicines:- Implementation of agreed transition plan for increasing use of cost effective dispensing routes for outpatient medicines (plan to be developed by drug category to take into account patient population). Discussion between NHSE and Director of Pharmacy during January 2018 - Trust position on whollyowned subsidiary approved at WHT Quarterly CRM. Proposed financial arrangement (i.e. via WOS) provides greater long term benefit to NHSE compared to Homecare Risk: Q1 achieved. Q4 awaiting NHS E decision
	£12,993	£1.529	£1,911	£5,732	£3.821	Triager4: Improving data quality associated with outcome databases (SACT and IVIg) :— All hospitals submit required outcomes data (SACT, IvIg) in agreed format fully, accurately populated in agreed timescales. Implementation of agreed transition plan for increasing data quality. Status: plan to be approved. Require clarity from NHSE re: transition objectives. SACT plan to be agreed by service and submitted during Q3. Risk; Q1 Q2 & Q3 achieved. Q3 IVIG supplementary information received showing 100% - achieved. SACT potential risk.
Sub totals	£76,427	£10,127	£8,216	£18,533	£39,551	
WC5 Neonatal Community Outreach DoN	£9,470		£9,470			WC5 Neonatal Community Outreach Trigger1. All units to present their 2016/17 average occupancy rates for their funded cots and patient flow data. National Definitions on discharge criteria for outreach care, to be developed by neonatal intensive care CRG. All Units to present to their ODNs their current discharge definitions and criteria for outreach support. (ODNs will assess and analyse the difference between their current state definitions and criteria and the National Definitions for babies that fall into the criteria for outreach support.)
	£18,939			£18,939		Trigger2: Providers that have presented information to their ODNs outlining the number of babies that would have been discharged (linked to the new criteria) and the impact that this would have had on occupancy rates. To work with NICU to scope the additional support required to provide an outreach service in line with the National Definitions and discharge criteria. Plan adopted to create outreach units and target reduction in occupancy levels agreed. Status: Q3 submitted. Options appraisal submitted.
	£9,470				£9,470	<u>Triager3</u> : Providers (with support from ODNs) to recruit outreach teams to support all parts of the network to comply with national occupancy rate standards Q4 confirmed by NHS E achieved.
Sub totals	£37,878	£0	£9,470	£18,939	£9,470 £71,747	
NHS England – Public	£152,183 : Health	£10,127	£32,837	£37,473	£71,747	
Dental West Midlands						An initial audit shall be completed by 30 June 2017 and a report of the audit prepared and available for
		£17,481				discussion with NHSE by 21 July 2017 Status: Audit complete, summary report to be compiled.
Secondary Care Dental Contract	£34.962.00					Risk: Achieved confirmed NHS E.
	£34,962.00				0.17.42	Subject to any issues being identified during the audit, a plan to be shared by the end of Quarter 2 to address/correct these by 30 Sept 2017
Dental Contract			60		£17,481	Subject to any issues being identified during the audit, a plan to be shared by the end of Quarter 2 to
Dental Contract	£34,962.00 £34,962.00 £2,929,648	£17,481 £368,581	£0 £759,417	£0 £348,076	£17,481	Subject to any issues being identified during the audit, a plan to be shared by the end of Quarter 2 to address/correct these by 30 Sept 2017













Glossary











KPI Monitoring - Acronyms

A • •	ACP – Advanced Clinical Practitioners AEC – Ambulatory Emergency Care AHP – Allied Health Professional Always Event® - those aspects of the patient and family experience that should always occur when patients interact with healthcare professionals and	G • •	GAU – Gynaecology Assessment Unit GP – General Practitioner HALO – Hospital Ambulance Liaison Officer
В	the delivery system AMU – Acute Medical Unit AP – Annual Plan BCA – Black Country Alliance		HAT – Hospital Acquired Thrombosis HCAI – Healthcare Associated Infection HDU – High Dependency Unit HED – Healthcare Evaluation Data HofE – Heart of England NHS Foundation Trust HR – Human Resources
•	BR – Board Report	:	HSCIC – Health & Social Care Information Centre HSMR – Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio
C	CCG/WCCG – Walsall Clinical Commissioning Group CGM – Care Group Managers CHC – Continuing Healthcare CIP – Cost Improvement Plan	•	ICS – Intermediate Care Service ICT – Intermediate Care Team IP - Inpatient
	COPD – Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease CPN – Contract Performance Notice CQN – Contract Query Notice CQR – Clinical Quality Review CQUIN – Commissioning for Quality and Innovation		IST – Intensive Support Team IT – Information Technology ITU – Intensive Care Unit IVM – Interactive Voice Message
• D	CSW – Clinical Support Worker	K •	KPI – Key Performance Indicator
	D&V – Diarrhoea and Vomiting DDN – Divisional Director of Nursing DoC – Duty of Candour DQ – Data Quality DQT – Divisional Quality Team DST – Decision Support Tool DWMHPT – Dudley and Walsall Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust	L	L&D – Learning and Development LAC – Looked After Children LCA – Local Capping Applies LeDeR – Learning Disabilities Mortality Review LiA – Listening into Action LTS – Long Term Sickness LoS – Length of Stay
E	EACU – Emergency Ambulatory Care Unit ECIST – Emergency Care Intensive Support Team ED – Emergency Department EDS – Electronic Discharge Summaries EPAU – Early Pregnancy Assessment Unit ESR – Electronic Staff Record EWS – Early Warning Score FEP – Frail Elderly Pathway FES – Frail Elderly Service	M - - - - - -	MD – Medical Director MDT – Multi Disciplinary Team MFS – Morse Fall Scale MHRA – Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency MLTC – Medicine & Long Term Conditions MRSA - Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus MSG – Medicines Safety Group MSO – Medication Safety Officer MST – Medicines Safety Thermometer MUST – Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool











KPI Monitoring - Acronyms

N

- NAIF National Audit of Inpatient Falls
- NCEPOD National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death
- NHS National Health Service
- NHSE NHS England
- NHSI NHS Improvement
- NHSIP NHS Improvement Plan
- NOF Neck of Femur
- NPSAS National Patient Safety Alerting System
- NTDA/TDA National Trust Development Authority

0

- OD Organisational Development
- OH Occupational Health
- ORMIS Operating Room Management Information System

Р

- PE Patient Experience
- PEG Patient Experience Group
- PFIC Performance, Finance & Investment Committee
- PICO Problem, Intervention, Comparative Treatment, Outcome
- PTL Patient Tracking List
- PU Pressure Ulcers

R

- RAP Remedial Action Plan
- RATT Rapid Assessment Treatment Team
- RCA Root Cause Analysis
- RCN Royal College of Nursing
- RCP Royal College of Physicians
- RMC Risk Management Committee
- RTT Referral to Treatment
- RWT The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust

S

- SAFER Senior review All patients will have an expected discharge date Flow of patients - Early discharge – Review
- SAU Surgical Assessment Unit
- SDS Swift Discharge Suite
- SHMI Summary Hospital Mortality Indicator
- SINAP Stroke Improvement National Audit Programme
- SNAG Senior Nurse Advisory Group
- SRG Strategic Resilience Group
- SSU Short Stay Unit
- STP Sustainability and Transformation Plans
- STS Short Term Sickness
- SWBH Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals NHS Trust

т

- TACC Theatres and Critical Care
- T&O Trauma & Orthopaedics
- TCE Trust Clinical Executive
- TDA/NTDA Trust Development Authority
- TQE Trust Quality Executive
- TSC Trust Safety Committee
- TVN Tissue Viability Nurse
- TV Tissue Viability

U

- UCC Urgent Care Centre
- UCP Urgent Care Provider
- UHB University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust
- UTI Urinary Tract Infection

٧

- VAF Vacancy Approval Form
- VIP Visual Infusion Phlebitis
- VTE Venous Thromboembolism

w

- WCCG/CCG Walsall Clinical Commissioning Group
- WCCSS Women's, Children's & Clinical Support Services
- WHT Walsall Healthcare NHS Trust
- WiC Walk in Centre
- WLI Waiting List Initiatives
- WMAS West Midlands Ambulance Service
- WTE Whole Time Equivalent













General Ultrasound (Non obstetrics) AGENDA ITEM: 16						NDA ITEM: 16	
Report Author and Job Title		ead for Imaging Services				p Thomas-Hands, of Operating Officer	
Action Required	Approval	Decision	Assu	rance and	d Info	rmation	
	X				I	To receive	
Does this report mitigate risincluded in the BAF or Trus Risk Registers? please outline	Approve optic associated we Reasons for II Reduction Reasons for II Reduction Enable capace and General is 38 II Better injury Sk Yes. Risk 690 - Ph Ultrasound Meresolution qual examinations by Medical Plant rules and requestion of the control of the contro	Peformance and Finance Investment Committee recommend the Trust Board to: Approve option 6a - Install additional ultrasound scanner in OF associated workforce. Equipment acquired on a 5 year lease processes for recommendation: Reduction in clinical risk as detailed below Enables appropriate prioritisation of inpatients due to decapacity increase to see this patient group alongside of and GPs. Achieve inpatient KPI of 24 hour turnaround. Current as is 38 hours, 23% patients are waiting more than 24 hours. Better management and increased prevention of acute injury through early diagnosis and appropriate triage.					















Resource implications	Costs:
	 Additional staffing costs - £293k Non-pay costs - £63k including 5 year lease, equipment maintenance and consumables. Capital costs - £33k refurbishment required to bring additional room in to use. Additional replacement equipment following failed quality assurance testing and end of life cycle.
	Benefit:
	 2567 bed day reduction (£612k). 1367 due to increased capacity reducing length of stay, 1200 due to preventable Acute Kidney Injury. Income based on additional activity with an assumed operating level of 105% (£100k). This will be delivered as greater sonographer capacity will increase productivity of scanning lists.
	Cost Avoidance:
	 WLI spend reduction (£16k) Agency spend reduction (£50k)
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	Implementation of the business case will provide better access to ultrasound for all patient groups and ensure equality across the service.
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our journey on patient safety and Clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure X mature decision making and clinical leadership
	Improve our financial health through our robust X improvement programme
	Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts

REF: W014

Business Case for:

General Ultrasound (Non obstetrics)

Version: 15

Prepared by:

Peter Cogings – Consultant Sonographer

Jo Lydon – Divisional Director of Clinical Support Services

Demetri Wade - Professional Lead for Imaging Services and Clinical Measurement Unit

Authorisation	Date	Next Step/Action
Business	22 May	
Development	2017	
Divisional	22 May	Amendments to be made – then forward to Executive
Committee	2017	Committee for approval
Divisional	1	Supported for progression
Amendments	December	
	2017	
Exec	30 January	High level agreement with amendments to benefit realisation
Committee	2018	in financial modelling
Exec		
Committee		
PFIC	27 June	Supported by the Committee to be taken forward to Trust
	2018	Board on Thursday 05 July 2018.
Board		
Other		











1: Describe the problem/opportunity (not the solution).

Overview

The non-obstetric ultrasound service provides support to outpatient, A&E and Inpatient care pathways, and is an integral diagnostic procedure for a large number of clinical specialities. GP direct access is also supported.

There are four issues that this business case aims to address:

- 1. Insufficient ultrasound capacity to meet the needs of service users, compromising quality of care provided and ability to achieve National targets.
- 2. Increased risk of repetitive strain injury placed on Sonographers and Radiologists who are undertaking excessive numbers of scans in order to attempt to mitigate the risk of insufficient capacity
- 3. Failure to perform ultrasound scans in accordance with NICE recommended times scales e.g. Acute Kidney Injury
- 4. Clinical quality and fitness for purpose of one of the ultrasound machines.

The core service is delivered in two separate locations;-

- 1. West Wing there are two scan rooms, one which accommodates outpatients and the other which should be for inpatients only.
- 2. Outpatient and Diagnostic Treatment Centre (OPDCC) there is one room which only accommodates outpatients.

Due to the increased demand and pressures on physical capacity there is a need for urgent and specialist outpatient ultrasound scans to be accommodated in the inpatient scan room, in order to avoid 18week and cancer breeches. In turn this reduces the availability of ultrasound for inpatients leading to excessive waiting times. In addition GP direct access referral to scan performance is poor. Additional capacity is also provided by the breast imaging machine which is not ideal with regard to its location.

It is well recognised that the risk of repetitive strain injury in Sonographers is great. The numbers of patients scanned in the three rooms, particularly the inpatient room, exceeds recommended numbers, compromising staff health and wellbeing as a result.

The mitigation is further compromised by the fact that one of the ultrasound scanners in West Wing is no longer suitable for fine detail examinations. The image quality is poor and there is a significant risk of misdiagnosis as a result. Therefore, such examinations have to be accommodated on the remaining scanners.

The modification detailed above has been in place for a long period of time in order to accommodate demand on the service without the need for investment. Work has taken place to review booking templates, appropriateness of scan requests and also to develop a Sonographer lead 7 day service in order to maximise the use of resources available. However, despite this over the last 12 months capacity issues have become more of an issue which has been exacerbated by concerns relating to clinical quality which have been identified via audit.

There is therefore a need to increase capacity for inpatient, outpatient, A&E and GP referrals for non-obstetric ultrasound so that performance can be improved and also protect the health and wellbeing of staff.

National/local drivers:

The challenges faced are:-

- 1. The need to reduce length of stay and increase flow throughout the hospital.
 - Examinations are not always performed in a timely manner with only 75% of inpatient scans performed within 24hours (average April – August 17) extending length of stay
- 2. National waiting times
 - 18 Week Referral to Treatment on average (April August 17) 71% of outpatients have their ultrasound









scan performed within 4 weeks. 6 week breaches are only narrowly avoided.

3. National guidelines

For assessment of some acute conditions a maximum access time for non-obstetric ultrasound is stipulated. The service is failing to meet the target timelines on various pathways particularly Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) – failing 60% of patients with reference to the 24 hour target. This is reflected in risk 1117 on the Imaging Risk Register.

4. Increasing demand

- Demand has increased resulting in reduced timeliness of scans being undertaken with compromised performance across all pathways, this is from the Trust and GPs
- Demand is predicted to be 44,000 examinations in 17/18 compared to 41,398 in 16/17 and 39,655 in 14/15
- The split in demand is approximately 19% in-patients, 42% outpatient, 1% AE and 38% GP referrals.
- It is assumed that 85% of demand converts to activity based on review of referrals (average over last 9 years)
- The shortfall in capacity is therefore 18,400 examinations per annum.
- This equates to 118 scanning hours per week or 3.6 WTE (including 18% relief for annual leave and sickness)
- 5. Risk of Occupational repetitive strain injury
 - In an effort to accommodate all of the above points, the health and safety of Sonographers / Radiologists is being compromised increasing the risk of occupational repetitive strain injury.
- 6. Image quality resolution of one existing machine
 - The quality of the inpatient scanner is poor and although within its accepted lifespan, the resolution and fine detail is below requirements resulting in some images produced being undiagnostic leading to compromised diagnosis.

As a result the non-obstetric ultrasound service provided is not meeting the needs of its patients or staff in terms of safety, quality and timeliness

Current status:

Current state in relation to the four issues that this business case aims to address is detailed below:-

Insufficient ultrasound capacity to meet the needs of service users, compromising quality of care provided and ability to achieve National targets.

Imaging has three Ultrasound machines used for non-obstetric ultrasound scanning.

Room 1 – Imaging A (main room)

Room 2 – Imaging A (Annexe)

Room 3- OPDCC

Only one of these examination rooms can accommodate inpatients in beds due to structural limitations. This reduces flexibility in relation to these patients. Some additional capacity is provided in the breast imaging unit.

In total the scanners give a capacity of 19,000 examinations per annum. The three main rooms routinely see activity over and above this level because the 20 minute examination time proposed by the Society of Radiographers is not met. The

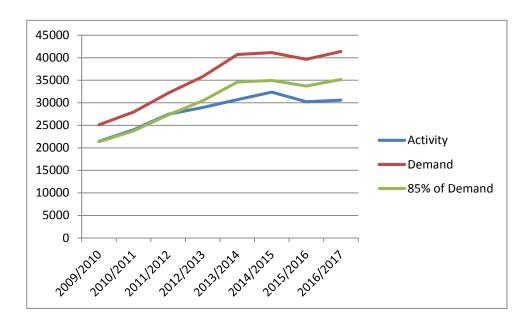








actual activity in 2016/17 was 30,233 patients. This 60% over the acceptable capacity. This compares to demand of 41,000 examinations, which is estimated to be 44,000 in 2017/18. This gap between activity and demand is increasing resulting in a backlog and increasing patient waiting times which are currently 6 weeks. The graph below visually details this trend.



The table below details current performance for access to ultrasound from inpatient, outpatient and GP pathways.

LOCAL PERFORMANCE TARGET							
	Apr-17	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17
	373	415	373	383	378	342	357
In patient - 90% US performed within 24 hours of referral	80%	75%	69%	73%	76%	78%	75%
	701	804	816	777	822	701	851
Out patient - 90% US performed within 4 weeks of referral	72%	72%	69%	72%	71%	71%	72%
	203	223	284	250	237	189	213
GP - 90% US performed within 4 weeks of referral	23%	20%	27%	26%	22%	21%	22%

This performance is despite regular WLIs. There has been a minimum of 1 WLI per week since 2010. This has increased periodically. This equates to a minimum spend of £22,000 per annum. Option 6 would reduce the reliance on WLI as the additional consultant sonographer would reduce the need for radiologist support.

Risk 1117 on the imaging risk register relates to this capacity shortfall.

Increased risk of repetitive strain injury placed on Sonographers and Radiologists who are undertaking excessive numbers of scans in order to attempt to mitigate the risk of insufficient capacity

The duty of care that the Trust has towards its staff is being compromised by the volumes of work being undertaken by the team. The excessive numbers of scans the Sonographers / Radiologist perform puts them under an unreasonable and unsustainable pressure. This is not safe or acceptable nor is it sustainable, presenting a real and on-going risk to staff and patients. On a daily basis ultrasound scans are being performed well in excess of capacity placing patients and staff at risk.

It is well documented that scanning carries a risk of repetitive strain injury (RSI) involving neck/shoulder/wrist.

The Society of Radiographers and the British Society of Medical Ultrasound 2015 state in their Guidelines for Professional Ultrasound Practice that:









"A sonographer has a professional responsibility to ensure that the time allocated for an examination is sufficient for it to be carried out and reported on competently and for critical and urgent findings to be dealt with appropriately. This is vital for safe patient management."

The Society and College of Radiographers advise that a minimum of 20 minutes per examination is allocated. The capacity assumptions for this case are based on 20 minute appointments. As stated above the ultrasound team are regularly underperforming against this guideline. This is reflected on the imaging risk register – risk 197.

The risk of injury to staff may lead to limitations of what the present service can provide and significant risk of compensation claims. To date no reports of musculo-skeletal injury are reported by members of the imaging team, but this is increasingly likely if the current pattern of working continues.

Brown and Baker (2004) found that 20% of Sonographers reportedly left the profession due to persistent discomfort.

The Society of Radiographers recently published a civil case where an ex-sonographer was awarded almost £230K for her career ending with repetitive strain injury.

A review of literature has revealed the following pertinent points:-

- Of the total population surveyed, an average of 84% experienced pain or discomfort since starting work as a sonographer
- The average length of time a sonographer is in the profession before experiencing pain is 5 years
- The current career ending injury rate in the profession is 20% and more than 73% of workers compensation claims for sonographers are accepted

In order to mitigate these risks as far as reasonably practicable sonographers are referred to occupational health for assessment on an annual basis. Varied booking of scans and rotation of staff is carried out to avoid repetition of the same type of scans. By varying work undertaken within a session, the risk of RSI injury is minimised.

Benchmarking

Imaging took part in National benchmarking in relation to 2016/2017 out turn position, allowing comparison with peers. Unfortunately this report does not allow for comparison of ultrasound.

Local comparison with the peer group would indicate that Walsall Healthcare is an outlier in terms of activity performed relative to capacity. New Cross, Stoke, Cannock and Burton all state that appointment times of 20-40minutes are rigidly adhered to and that no over booking of lists is permitted.

Failure to perform ultrasound scans in accordance with NICE recommended times scales e.g. Acute Kidney Injury

NICE guidelines stipulate an ultrasound scan for Acute Kidney Injury should be performed within 24hrs from admission.

NICE state that AKI is common, causes considerable harm, is financially costly but its course and development is modifiable. It is associated with many conditions and has proven statistical significance in increased mortality, length of stay and re-admission rates. It is therefore considered that improved management of these cases with earlier scanning (within 24 hours of hospital admission).

An audit was performed in September 2017 to assess performance against this standard. The performance below references the period time of request to time of scan. The limitation of the audit was that time of admission was not known. However it can be seen that although numbers are small access to ultrasound is inadequate and NICE guidelines are not being met.









April August 2017	April	May	June	July	August	Ave
Average wait for USS in hrs	26hrs	30hrs	28hrs	23hrs	22hrs	25.8
Patients with AKI	48	30	56	57	23	42.8
Patients scanned <24hrs	31	12	22	33	13	22.2
Patients scanned >24hrs	17	18	34	24	10	20.6

This will be leading to delayed diagnosis of renal tract obstruction and in identifying patients with AKI, leading to increased length of stay. Nationally patients with AKI stay in hospital for 5 days longer, on average than those without. Indications are that 20% of all admissions go on to have AKI and of these one third are preventable if diagnosed early. This can only be carried out with additional capacity.

Clinical quality and fitness for purpose of one of the ultrasound machines.

The equipment in room 1 (inpatient ultrasound room) has poor resolution quality, which compromises diagnosis for fine detail examinations. This is reflected in risk 690 on the Imaging risk register. As of May 2017 it is not being used for fine detail imaging. These patients are being accommodated in other rooms, creating backlog and extended waiting times.

2: Proposed Soluti	2: Proposed Solution and Strategic Link						
Tick as appropriate:							
Safe/Quality Care?	Care at Home? \Box	Partners? ☐ Value Colleagues? ⊠	Resources? ⊠				

Option 6 is the preferred option - Install a further 2 new scanners with associated workforce and refurbishment of clinical area.

A sonographer training programme has successfully developed new staff over the past two years and recruitment of qualified staff has proved positive with vacancies being filled. Therefore recruitment of the additional workforce identified is considered to be achievable. If posts were not filled substantively, limited agency staff would be utilised in order to maintain services, however this would be operated within budget.

Option 6a in the detailed costing provides optimal service continuity and removes the requirement of up front capital costs for equipment.

3: Options Considered (preferably a minimum of three including "do nothing" and "do the minimum").

It is considered that the issues outlined above could be addressed by either capping activity or increasing capacity. Each option considers each risk with partial and full mitigation options.

Option 1- Do nothing









- Option 2 Maintain capacity and cap outpatient and GP activity with no replacement of equipment
- Option 3 Replace existing ultrasound scanner, maintain current capacity with no cap on activity
- Option 4 Replace existing equipment and cap outpatient and GP activity
- Option 5 Install additional ultrasound scanner in OPDCC, with associated workforce and partial cap on outpatient and GP activity.
- Option 6 Install a further 2 new scanners with associated workforce and refurbishment of clinical area.
- Option 7 Install additional ultrasound scanner in OPDCC with associated workforce with no cap on activity.

Option 6 is the preferred option.

Option 1- Do nothing

Benefit:- None

Risk:- The outlined risks remain- this option does not address any of the risks or issues identified.

Financial impact:- Potential risk of personal injury claim from staff in the event of injury. Risk of diagnostic breaches and negative impact on length of stay.

This is not a viable option and is not supported.

Option 2 - Maintain capacity and cap outpatient and GP activity with no replacement of equipment

Benefit:-This option would see no change to capacity but a capping of outpatient and GP activity to ensure that scans were being performed appropriately for both patients and staff. Both outpatient and GP activity would be reduced to bring total activity to 19,000 examinations, a level which could be accommodated safely within the capacity available. This would be maintained whilst capacity remained constant.

No investment in equipment or workforce would be required.

Risk:-This option addresses the risk associated with insufficient capacity for demand and the risk of injury placed on staff. It ensures a better service to those that fall within the cap. It does not address the quality concerns relating to the existing ultrasound machine. Furthermore it creates a financial risk for the Trust due to the loss of income. It places a risk on outpatient and direct access pathways and an alternative ultrasound service would need to be sourced, meaning that patients outside of the cap receive a different service.

Financial Impact:- There would be an associated reduction in outpatient unbundled tariff and GP direct access income relating to 11,000 examinations per annum, equivalent to £535m

Option 3 - Replace existing ultrasound scanner, maintain current capacity with no cap on activity

Benefit- This option would see a replacement of the ultrasound scanner which is of poor quality in room 1, Imaging A. This would address the quality issue of poor resolution referenced in risk 690. It would not address the issues











associates with capacity.

<u>Risk</u>;- With no cap on activity the risks to patients and staff would still remain and current poor performance would remain.

<u>Financial Impact</u>- Cost of replacement ultrasound scanner (Lease or capital purchase). Potential risk of personal injury claim from staff in the event of injury. Risk of diagnostic breeches and negative impact on length of stay.

This is not a viable option and is not supported.

Option 4 - Replace existing equipment and cap outpatient and GP activity

<u>Benefit</u>:- This option would see the delivery of a safe service. The equipment in room 1 would be replaced but no additional capacity would be provided. In order to ensure the safety of patients and staff was promoted, outpatient and GP activity would be capped and reduced by 19,00 examinations per annum.

<u>Risk</u>:- This option addresses the risk associated with insufficient capacity for demand and the risk of injury placed on staff. It ensures a better service to those that fall within the cap. It also addresses the quality concerns relating to the existing ultrasound machine. Furthermore it creates a financial risk for the Trust due to the loss of income. It places a risk on outpatient and direct access pathways and an alternative ultrasound service would need to be sourced, meaning that patients outside of the cap receive a different service.

<u>Financial Impact</u>:- Cost of replacement ultrasound scanner (Lease or capital purchase) plus there would be an associated reduction in outpatient unbundled tariff and GP direct access income relating to 11,000 examinations per annum.

Option 5 – Install additional ultrasound scanner in OPDCC, with associated workforce and partial cap on outpatient and GP activity.

Option 6 - Install a further 2 new scanners with associated workforce and refurbishment of clinical area.

<u>Benefit</u>:- 2 new ultrasound scanners would be purchased (Lease or capital purchase). A scanner would be purchased and placed in an empty room in OPDCC. A second scanner would be placed in a refurbished room in Imaging A. This would have the benefit of creating 2 new rooms of capacity.

The refurbished room would become a large inpatient examination room, close by the inpatient waiting area. Whilst the existing inpatient room would become an outpatient facility, running back to back with the existing imaging A outpatient room. Another room would offer outpatient and GP capacity in OPDCC. Separation of inpatient and outpatient capacity will improve productivity by allowing greater activity throughput for direct access and outpatients.

Capacity would increase by a further 6000 examinations taking capacity to 31,000 examinations.

The increased capacity would allow all in patient ultrasound examinations to be performed within 24hours. In regard to inpatient demand, 72% converts to activity of which 23% is currently not performed within 24 hours. It is assumed that if this 23% had a length of stay reduction of 1 day it would release capacity of 1,367 bed days.

Furthermore, the additional capacity would allow an improved service for those patients with or with suspected AKI. Of the 600 AKI referrals currently received per annum, only 50% are seen within 24 hours. This could be increased to 100% meaning that a further 300 patients could be seen sooner, and 100 of these could have their AKI avoided.

The Consultant Sonographers will work in conjunction with colleagues across other specialities to ensure a robust pathway is in place to identify and scan patients presenting with indicative symptoms. This will form the basis of scanning straight from ED to avoid admission.

For the purpose of this case it is assumed that a further 600 per annum will be identified (this is conservative), and therefore a further 200 of these cases will be preventable and will have their length of stay reduced by 4 days.









The total length of stay reduction therefore would be 2,567, a financial saving of £612k. Risk – All risks mitigated. No loss of income and quality / safety would immediately improve.

<u>Financial Implications</u>:- 2 x Ultrasound scanners, room refurbishment costs, 1 x Band 8a, 2.6 x Band 7 Sonographers, 3.6 x Band 2 Clinical Support Workers. The 8a Sonographer will be a Consultant Practitioner, instead of a Consultant Radiologist, undertaking more complex examinations and future proofing the service.

Option 7 - Install additional ultrasound scanner in OPDCC, with associated workforce and no cap on outpatient and GP activity.

Benefit:- This option sees an additional new ultrasound scanner installed to accommodate outpatient and GP patients. This increases capacity and addresses the quality issues with the imaging A scanner. Capacity would increase by 6000 appointments making capacity 25,000. This is still insufficient for current levels of demand. This represents a capacity increase of 24%. Assuming the same percentage reduction in inpatient waiting times and that this would reduce length of stay of those inpatients by up to 50%, approximately 1100 bed days would be released – a financial saving of £262k.

<u>Risk</u>:-There would be a no cap on activity meaning that there would be an expectation that over 30,000 examinations would be performed, nearly 30% above capacity. This would result in appointment times of approximately 16minutes. This would increase the risk to staff of repetitive strain injury and also provide a reduced quality service to patients, potentially leading to mis-diagnosis. However, it is noted that the quality of service for patients and staff would be improved from the current position. This option does not address the issue of demand exceeding capacity and further future investment would be required as a second phase to address risk.

<u>Financial Impact-</u> Cost of additional ultrasound scanner (Lease or capital purchase). 1.8 x Band 7 Sonographer and 1.8 x Band 2 Clinical Support Worker to staff the additional room. This would provide an additional 54.5 hours of capacity per week. Current income levels would be maintained.









5: Finances.

Detailed financial modelling of each option can be found in the appendices of this paper. The below table shows a summary of the financial comparison of the options.

This is recurrent yearly spend and non-recurrent in year 1.

	1	1 2 Option 3 Option 4 Option 5				Option 6		Option 7									
Financial Impact £000	Status Quo	Status Activity		Replace Equipment but no cap on activity			Replace equipment and cap at 19,000		Increase capacity with additional machine cap at capacity			Increase capacity with two additional machines		As per option 5 but no cap imposed on activity			
	400		5 yr lease	7 yr lease		5 yr lease		Cap Purch	5 yr lease					Capital Purch		7 yr lease	Capital Purch
Staffing Costs	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	142	142	142	293	293	293	142	142	142
Non Pay Costs	0	0	14	11	11	14	11	11	32	29	29	63	58	58	32	29	29
Income	0	535	0	0	0	535	535	535	255	255	255	-612	-612	-612	-262	-262	-262
Total Recurrent Impact	0	535	14	11	11	549	547	547	429	426	426	-256	-261	-261	-89	-92	-92
Non Recurrent (Inc Capital)	0	0	0	0	47	0	0	0	3	3	83	33	33	194	3	3	83
Replacement Equipment - see appendix 4 based on 5 year lease inc. maintenance	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191

Staffing costs take into account the additional sonography and clinical support staff to operate additional ultrasound machine(s) as well as estates support for bringing additional rooms into use.

Non pay costs include equipment lease/depreciation and maintenance costs as well as an assumption of a small increase in consumable usage.

The income impact varies between options. Options 2, 4 and 5 assume activity is capped at capacity (either 19,000 or 25,000 scans). Options 1, 3 and 7 assume that current levels of activity remain constant regardless of capacity; however these options do not meet the Society and College of Radiographer guidance on examination times.

Option 6 shows an income benefit due to the additional capacity being sufficient to meet demand which would allow all inpatient scans to be completed within the target 24hours. As previously mentioned 23% scans do not currently meet this target – if these patients' length of stay were to reduce by 1 day this would release 1,367 bed days.

As mentioned earlier there is a further length of stay benefit for patients with Acute Kidney Injury. There are currently approx. 600 referrals per year for AKI of which only half are scanned with 24 hours. If the remaining half could be scanned within 24 hours roughly one third of cases would be preventable. In addition to this the increased ultrasound capacity would allow a more proactive approach to managing AKI as twice as many patients could be scanned leading to a further 200 preventable cases of AKI. Based on length of stay reduction of 4 days this would release a further 1,200 bed days.

The total length of stay reduction would therefore be 2,567, a financial saving of £612k.

Option 7 increases capacity by 24%, assuming the same percentage reduction in inpatient waiting times and that this would reduce length of stay of those inpatients by up to 50%, approximately 1100 bed days would be released - a financial saving of £262k.

Following a recent QA assessment all of the existing ultrasound equipment has been deemed not fit-for-purpose and will









need to be replaced, see Appendix 4 for details. The cost of replacing this equipment under a 5 year lease has been included in the table above, this is inclusive of maintenance costs. If these were to be replaced on capital purchase the cost would be approx. £558k with annual maintenance of approx. £79k.

Income based on additional activity with an assumed operating level of 105% (£100k). This will be delivered as greater sonographer capacity will increase productivity of scanning lists.

6: Implementation Plan.

Action	Responsibility	Anticipated Completion Date
Set up working group for	Peter Cogings/Julie Hannon	November 2017
implementation		
Refurbish Room Imaging A	Jane Longden	Q3 - 4
Recruitment of Portering and	Jane Longden	Q3 - 4
cleaning Services	-	
Procurement/leasing:	David Smith	Q3 - 4
Equipment		

Staffing : Recruitment	Julie Hannon Peter Cogings	Q3 - 4
Review of benefits realisation -	Peter Cogings/Julie Hannon	September 2019
annually		

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7. Rioko aria mitigationo.	
Unable to recruit to posts	Students in training are due to qualify imminently. It the service is operating to appropriate standards and reasonable capacity, it is quite likely that staff who have recently left the service may be willing to return.
Risks to staff/patient wellbeing during replacement programme	The activity will be reduced to match capacity; where necessary activity will be outsourced to partner organisations. Risks will be monitored at DQC.
Inability to meet RTT targets	The staffing and equipment resource will provide safe capacity to meet the required levels of activity, with little or no need for WLIs and the use of agency/bank staff.











8: Benefits Realisation

Benefit	Measurement and Controls
Improved patient experience	Patient surveys, complaints and comments as reported through Divisional Quality Committee.
	Downgrade or closure of risk on Risk Register
Improved staff morale	Staff survey (national, Trust and service surveys). Absence reports, IPDRs. Complaints and compliments received.
Waiting lists will be reduced	CRIS will be used to match activity and capacity. Patient feedback will be reported at DQC Achievement against RTT targets Reduction costs of WLIs as reported by divisional finance team.
Improvement in patient flow	Improvement in request to exam times. Reduction in length of stay as monitored by Performance Team/divisional dashboard.
Better use of resources	Refurbishing the empty room will provide a better patient experience (no mix of inpatient and outpatients), evidenced through comments/complaints, surveys. In addition we will be able to make limited use of existing equipment for specific and agreed inpatient activity in support of urgent diagnosis – the impact will be measured through divisional dashboard – request to exam time, RTT and patient outcomes.
Financial Impact	Reduction in Agency Staffing. (2015-16 £300k) – as reported via HR and divisional dashboard. Reduction in Consultant WLIs due to diagnostic backlogs – reported by Trust Performance Team and reviewed at Quality Committee Reduction in Sonographer Bank costs: as reported by HR and divisional dashboard. Reduction in the cost of repeat examinations having to be made due to poor quality of diagnostics – evidenced via consultant and staff feedback/surveys, patient comments and complaints and reviewed at Divisional Quality Committee.

		other	

Refer to Section 2.9 of the Guidance: Indicate which of the support services you have spoken to. .Briefly describe the impact of this option on support services, confirm who you have spoken to and that they agree with your assessment of the impact on their services.

Estates:⊠ Clinical support services: ⊠ IM&T: □ Procurement: ⊠ □	Corporate services (e.g. HR please specify)
We have worked closely with our colleagues in Estates and procurement into account all of their considerations.	nt and linked to IM&T to ensure we have taken
Estates have previously looked at making unused room in imaging A fit already installed though we need to check if live. Need PC and 'phone. Procurement support the leasing option of equipment.	for use as an ultrasound room. IT and PACs
10: Recommendations: Refer to section 2.10 of the Guidance: Clarify what are you asking the approving co	ommittee to do ?











The Committee is asked to CONSIDER & APPROVE Option 6

To be completed and attached to any procedural document when submitted to the appropriate committee for consideration and approval.

Service Overview & Improvement Action Plan: Equality Analysis Form

Title: Business Case for: General Ultrasound equipment	What are the intended outcomes of this work?
and staffing.	To meet the safety and quality standards advocated by
	national bodies, and in Trust strategic objectives
Who will be affected? Service Users	Evidence: Patient Feedback

ANALYSIS SUMMARY: conside			e work based on the
Public Sector equality duty outco	omes against the 9 Protected ch	naracteristics	
Public			
Sector			
Duty			
Protected Characteristics			
(highlight as appropriate			
AGE / DISABILITY/	Patients with mobility		
RACE	issues or in wheelchairs, will		
	be able to access the		
	appropriate diagnostic room		
SEX (Gender)/			
GENDER REASSIGNMENT			
RELIGION or BELIEF/			
SEXUAL ORIENTATION			
PREGNANCY & MATERNITY			
MARRIAGE & CIVIL			
PARTNERSHIP			
What is the overall impact?			

Name of person completing analysis	Peter Cogings	Date Completed	1 June 2016
anaiysis		Completed	
Name of responsible	Russell Caldicott		
Director			
Signature			











Appendix 1 – Financial analysis

Financial Metrics Summary - Evaluated over 7 year period

	Option 1 - Status Quo	Option 2 - Cap activity at current capacity	Option 3 - Replace 1 US Machine Addresses Equipment safety issue		Option 4 - Replace 1 US Machine and Cap to capacity			Option 5 - Replace 1 US Machine and Reutilise in OP to increase capacity (Inc Additional staffing) Partial Cap on Activity			Option 6 - Replace 1 US Machine and Reutilise, Purchase additional US Machine to further increase capacity (Inc Additional Staffing)			Option 7 - Replace 1 US Machine and Reutilise, Purchase additional US Machine to further increase capacity (Inc Additional Staffing) No Cap			
	address staffing or	Address es capacity issue but		ddresses Equipment safety issue but does not address capacity issue													
	equipme nt safety issues	not equipme nt safety	7yr Lease	5yr Lease	Cap Purch	7yr Lease	5yr Lease	Cap Purch	7yr Lease	5yr Lease	Cap Purch	7yr Lease	5yr Lease	Cap Purch	7yr Lease	5yr Lease	Cap Purch
Net Cash Flow	£00	(£3,748)	(£43)	(£54)	(£89)	(£3,790)	(£3,802)	(£3,837)	(£2,972)	(£2,990)	(£2,972)	(£2,475)	(£2,497)	(£2,475)	(£1,189)	(£1,207)	(£1,188)
NPV at 3.5%	£00	(£3,274)	(£37)	(£48)	(£84)	(£3,310)	(£3,321)	(£3,357)	(£2,595)	(£2,612)	(£2,605)	(£2,165)	(£2,185)	(£2,185)	(£1,038)	(£1,054)	(£1,048)
Total Recurrent Benefits	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£4,286	£4,286	£4,286	£1,836	£1,836	£1,836
Total Recurrent Costs	£00	(£3,748)	(£47)	(£59)	(£47)	(£3,795)	(£3,807)	(£3,795)	(£2,982)	(£3,000)	(£2,981)	(£2,457)	(£2,479)	(£2,457)	(£1,195)	(£1,214)	(£1,195)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	£00	(£3,748)	(£47)	(£59)	(£47)	(£3,795)	(£3,807)	(£3,795)	(£2,982)	(£3,000)	(£2,981)	£1,829	£1,807	£1,829	£641	£623	£641
Total Non-Recurrent Benefit	£00	£00	£05	£05	£05	£05	£05	£05	£10	£10	£10	£15	£15	£15	£10	£10	£10
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	£00	(£1)	(£1)	(£1)	(£3)	(£3)	(£3)	(£3)	(£3)	(£3)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	£00	£00	£05	£05	£05	£05	£05	£05	£09	£09	£09	£12	£12	£12	£07	£07	£07
Capital Costs	£00	£00	£00	(£12)	(£47)	£00	(£12)	(£47)	£00	(£20)	(£80)	(£30)	(£70)	(£191)	£00	(£20)	(£80)

£ in £1,000s

Numbers in parenthesis are negative numbers









Appendix 2 – Detailed Costings

Option 2 – Status Quo

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve)									
Length of Stay reduction									0.0
Non Pay cost reduction									0.0
									0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs									
Imaging Staff									0.0
Maintenance									0.0
									0.0 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff									0.0
Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease)									0.0 0.0
Income Loss	1	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(3747.8)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(3747.8)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(3747.8)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve)									
Warranty									0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)									
Ultrasound Couch									0.0
									0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment	bie vai) (-v	e <i>)</i>							0.0
Equipment									0.0
									0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Capital Cools	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Costs	0.0	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(3747.8)
CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecia	ation)								
Benefits and Gains	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Costs	0.0	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(3747.8)
NET Cumulative Net	0.0 0.0	(535.4) (535.4)	(535.4) (1070.8)	(535.4) (1606.2)	(535.4) (2141.6)	(535.4) (2677.0)	(535.4) (3212.4)	(535.4) (3747.8)	(3747.8) (3747.8)
		(-22)	(1.010)	(: : : : :)	()	()	()	()	()
NPV At 3.5%	0.0	(517.3)	(499.8)	(482.9)	(466.6)	(450.8)	(435.6)	(420.8)	(3273.7)
, to 0.0 /u	0.0	(017.0)	(433.0)	(402.3)	(+00.0)	(+00.0)	(+00.0)	(+20.0)	(02/0.1)









Option 3a - Replace Equipment, no cap on activity - 5 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year					Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS										
Recurrent Benefits (+ve)										
Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction										0.0
Tion i ay oost roadston										0.0
										0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)										
Recurrent Costs (-ve)										
Directorate Costs Imaging Staff										0.0
Maintenance			(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(32.4) 0.0
										0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)										
Support directorates Estates Staff										0.0
Depreciation (lease)		, F	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7) (2.7)	(6.7) F	(5.9)	(5.9)	(45.3)
Interest (lease) Income Loss			(2.7)	(2.7)	(2.7)	(2.7)	(2.7)			(13.6) 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs		0.0	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(91.3)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits		0.0	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(91.3)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve)										
Warranty			4.6							4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income		0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)										
Ultrasound Couch										0.0
										0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits		0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Capital Costs (include non-recovera	able VA	Г) (-ve)								
Refurbishment Equipment								(11.8)		0.0 (11.8)
								, ,		0.0
Total Capital Costs		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(11.8)	0.0	(11.8)
Total Costs		0.0	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(14.1)	(22.3)	(10.5)	(103.0)
CASH IMPACT						()	, , , ,			()
Benefits and Gains (excl LOS)		0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET		0.0	(14.1) (9.4)	(14.1) (14.1)	(14.1) (14.1)	(14.1) (14.1)	(14.1) (14.1)	(16.4) (16.4)	(4.6) (4.6)	(91.3) (86.6)
Cumulative Net		0.0	(9.4)	(23.5)	(37.5)	(51.6)	(65.6)	(82.0)	(86.6)	(86.6)
NPV										
At 3.5%		0.0	(9.1)	(13.1)	(12.7)	(12.2)	(11.8)	(13.3)	(3.6)	(75.9)









Option 3b - Replace Equipment, no cap on activity – 7 year lease

£ in 1000s			Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction									0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance	•	(4.6) F	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6) F	(4.6)	0.0
Maintenance		(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.0)	(4.6)	(4.0)	(4.6)	(32.4) 0.0 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease) Income Loss	r r	(6.7) (0.0)	(6.7) (0.0)	(6.7) (0.0)	(6.7) F	(6.7) (0.0)	(6.7) (0.0)	(6.7) (0.0)	0.0 (47.0) (0.1) 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(79.5)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(79.5)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve)				,		,	,	, ,	
Warranty		4.6							4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch									0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Non Dogurront Conta	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	-	0.0	0.0					0.0	0.0
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Capital Costs (include non-recovera	ble VAT) (-ve)								
Poturbichment	, (,								0.0
Refurbishment Equipment	, (10)								0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
Equipment Total Capital Costs	0.0								0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs Total Costs		0.0 (11.4)	(11.4)	0.0 (11.4)	0.0 (11.4)	0.0	0.0 (11.4)	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
Equipment Total Capital Costs	0.0								0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains Costs (Inc Depn - lease)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	(11.4) 4.6 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (79.5)
Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains	0.0	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	(11.4)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (79.5) 4.6 (79.5) (74.9)
Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	(11.4) 4.6 (11.4) (6.7)	0.0 (11.4) (11.4) (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4) (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4) (11.4)	0.0 (11.4) (11.4) (11.4)	(11.4) 0.0 (11.4) (11.4)	0.0 (11.4) (11.4)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 (79.5)









Option 3c - Replace Equipment, no cap on activity – Capital Purchase

£ in 1000s	Year	0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS										
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction										0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	(0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)										
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance		•	(4.6) F	(4.6)**	(4.6)	(4.6) [*]	(4.6) ¹	(4.6) [*]	(4.6)	0.0 (32.4) 0.0 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)										
Support directorates Estates Staff Depreciation Interest Income Loss		•	(6.7)	(6.7)**	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7) [*]	(6.7)	0.0 (47.0) 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	,	0.0	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)*	(79.4)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits		0.0	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(79.4)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve) Warranty		•	4.6							4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income		0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch										0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	,	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Capital Costs (include non-recovera				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
Refurbishment										0.0
Equipment	(4	7.0)								(47.0) 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	(4	7.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(47.0)
Total Costs	(4	7.0)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(11.3)	(126.4)
CASH IMPACT (to exclude depreci Benefits and Gains Costs (Excl Depreciation)		0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
NET	(4)	7.0) 7.0)	(11.3) (6.7)	(11.3) (11.3)	(11.3) (11.3)	(11.3) (11.3)	(11.3) (11.3)	(11.3) (11.3)	(11.3) (11.3)	(126.4) (121.8)
Cumulative Net	(4	7.0)	(53.7)	(65.1)	(76.4)	(87.7)	(99.1)	(110.4)	(121.8)	(121.8)
NPV At 3.5%	(4	7.0)	(6.5)	(10.6)	(10.2)	(9.9)	(9.5)	(9.2)	(8.9)	(111.9)











Option 4a – Replace equipment and cap activity – 5 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction									0.0
Non Pay cost reduction									0.0
									0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs									
Imaging Staff Maintenance		(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	0.0 (32.4) 0.0
									0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation (lease)		(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(5.9)	(5.9)	0.0 (45.3)
Interest (lease) Income Loss		(2.7) (535.4)	(2.7) (535.4)	(2.7) (535.4)	(2.7) (535.4)	(2.7) (535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(13.6) (3747.8)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(545.9)	(545.9)	(3839.1)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(549.5)	(545.9)	(545.9)	(3839.1)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve) Warranty		4.6							4.6
		4.0							4.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch		4.6							0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	0.0							0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment Equipment	0.0 0.0 ble VAT) (-ve	0.0 4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 *	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment Equipment	0.0 0.0 ble VAT) (-ve	0.0 4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 *	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 ° 0.0 ° (11.8)	0.0	4.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 (11.8)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Capital Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS)	0.0 0.0 ble VAT) (-ve	0.0 4.6 0.0 (549.5)	0.0 ° 0.0 ° 0.0 ° (549.5)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5)	0.0 ° 0.0 ° 0.0 ° (549.5) ° 0.0	0.0 ° 0.0 °	0.0 ° 0.0 ° (11.8) (11.8) (557.7)	0.0	4.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 (11.8) (3850.8)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET	0.0 v 0.0 v ble VAT) (-ve	0.0 4.6 (549.5) 4.6 (549.5) (544.8)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 ° 0.0 °	0.0 ° 0.0 ° (11.8) (11.8) (557.7) 0.0 (551.8)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (545.9) 0.0 (540.0) (540.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 0.0 (11.8) (3850.8)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET Cumulative Net	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 4.6 (549.5)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5)	0.0 0.0 (549.5)	0.0 V 0.0 V (549.5)	0.0 ° 0.0 °	0.0 ° (11.8) (11.8) (557.7) 0.0 (551.8)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (545.9) 0.0 (540.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 (11.8) 0.0 (11.8) (3850.8)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET	0.0 v 0.0 v ble VAT) (-ve	0.0 4.6 (549.5) 4.6 (549.5) (544.8)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (549.5) 0.0 (549.5) (549.5)	0.0 ° 0.0 °	0.0 ° 0.0 ° (11.8) (11.8) (557.7) 0.0 (551.8)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (545.9) 0.0 (540.0) (540.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (11.8) 0.0 0.0 (11.8) (3850.8)









Option 4b – Replace equipment and cap activity – 7 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve)									
Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction									0.0
•									0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Directorate Costs									0.0
Imaging Staff Maintenance		(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	0.0 (32.4)
									0.0 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Support directorates Estates Staff									0.0
Depreciation (lease)		(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(47.0)
Interest (lease) Income Loss		(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.0) (535.4)	(0.1) (3747.8)
		(0001.)	(555.1)	(000.1)	(0001.)	(555.1)	(000:1)	(000: 1)	(61 1116)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(3827.3)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(3827.3)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve)									
Warranty		4.6							4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)									
Ultrasound Couch									0.0
									0.0
Total New Description Conta	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment	ble VAT) (-ve)								0.0
Equipment									0.0 0.0
									0.0
T. 1.10. 7.10. 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Costs	0.0	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(546.8)	(3827.3)
CASH IMPACT									
Benefits and Gains	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET	0.0	(546.8) (542.1)	(546.8) (546.8)	(3827.3) (3822.7)					
Cumulative Net	0.0	(542.1)	(1088.9)	(1635.7)	(2182.4)	(2729.2)	(3276.0)	(3822.7)	(3822.7)
NPV	0.0	(FOO. 5)	/F10-1	(400.1)	(470 =	(400.4)	(444.5)	(400.0)	/0000 T
At 3.5%	0.0	(523.8)	(510.4)	(493.1)	(476.5)	(460.4)	(444.8)	(429.8)	(3338.7)









Option 4c – Replace equipment and cap activity – Capital Purchase

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction									0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance		(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	0.0 (32.4) 0.0 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation		(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.7)	0.0 (47.0)
Interest Income Loss		(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	(535.4)	0.0 (3747.8)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(3827.2)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(546.7)	(3827.2)
Non-Recurrent Income (+ve) Warranty		4.6							4.6
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)									0.0
Ultrasound Couch									0.0 0.0
. ,	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ultrasound Couch	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 *	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs	0.0						_		0.0
Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0						_		0.0
Ultrasound Couch Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment	0.0 ble VAT) (-ve)						_		0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (47.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment	0.0 ble VAT) (-ve)	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 4.6 0.0 (47.0) 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment) Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecial Benefits and Gains Costs (Excl Depreciation) NET	0.0 (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0)	0.0 (546.7) 4.6 (546.7) (542.1)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 4.6 0.0 (47.0) 0.0 (47.0) (3874.2) 4.6 (3874.2) (3869.6)
Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecial Benefits and Gains Costs (Excl Depreciation) NET Cumulative Net	0.0 ble VAT) (-ve) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) ation) 0.0 (47.0)	0.0 (546.7) 4.6 (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7)	0.0 F 0.0 (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7)	0.0 F	0.0 4.6 0.0 (47.0) 0.0 (47.0) (3874.2) 4.6 (3874.2)
Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment) Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecial Benefits and Gains Costs (Excl Depreciation) NET	0.0 (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0) (47.0)	0.0 (546.7) 4.6 (546.7) (542.1)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 (546.7) 0.0 (546.7) (546.7)	0.0 4.6 0.0 (47.0) 0.0 (47.0) (3874.2) 4.6 (3874.2) (3869.6)











Option 5a – Increase capacity with 1 additional machine – 5 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve)									0.0
Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction									0.0 0.0
Income Loss									0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Directorate Costs Imaging Staff		(129.8)	(129.8)	(129.8)	(129.8)	(129.8)	(129.8)	(129.8)	(908.9)
Maintenance Consumables		(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(14.2) (4.3)	(99.7) (29.8)
Concumation		(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff		(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(83.9)
Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease)		(11.5) (2.8)	(11.5) (2.8)	(11.5) (2.8)	(11.5) (2.8)	(11.5) (2.8)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(77.4) (13.9)
Income Loss		(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(1786.3)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(425.5)	(425.5)	(2999.8)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(425.5)	(425.5)	(2999.8)
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve)									
Warranty		9.9							9.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve)									0.0
Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(0.5)								0.0 (0.5)
									0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(0.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.5)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(0.5)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.4
Capital Costs (include non-recoveral			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<u> </u>
Refurbishment	bie VAT) (-Ve	·)					,\		0.0
Equipment							(20.1)		(20.1)
									0.0
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.1)	0.0	(20.1)
Total Costs	(0.5)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(445.6)	(425.5)	(3020.4)
CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS)	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Costs (Inc Depn - lease)	(0.5)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(429.8)	(435.6)	(415.5)	(3000.3)
NET Cumulative Net	(0.5) (0.5)	(419.9) (420.4)	(429.8) (850.1)	(429.8) (1279.9)	(429.8) (1709.6)	(429.8) (2139.4)	(435.6) (2574.9)	(415.5) (2990.4)	(2990.4) (2990.4)
NPV									
At 3.5%	(0.5)	(405.7)	(401.2)	(387.6)	(374.5)	(361.8)	(354.3)	(326.6)	(2612.2)









Option 5b – Increase capacity with 1 additional machine – 7 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss									0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(908.9) (92.4) (29.8) 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease) Income Loss		(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0) (255.2)	(83.9) (80.3) (0.2) (1786.3)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(2981.7)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(2981.7)
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve) Warranty		9.9							9.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(0.5)								0.0 (0.5) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(0.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.5)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(0.5)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.4
Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment	ble VAT) (-ve	e)							0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Costs	(0.5)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(426.0)	(2982.2)
CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET Cumulative Net	0.0 (0.5) (0.5) (0.5)	9.9 (426.0) (416.1) (416.6)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (842.5)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (1268.5)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (1694.4)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (2120.4)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (2546.4)	0.0 (426.0) (426.0) (2972.3)	9.9 (2982.2) (2972.3) (2972.3)
NPV At 3.5%	(0.5)	(402.0)	(397.6)	(384.2)	(371.2)	(358.6)	(346.5)	(334.8)	(2595.5)









Option 5c - - Increase capacity with 1 additional machine - Capital Purchase

£ in 1000s	Y	ear 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS										
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss										0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)										
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		,	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) [*] (13.2) [*] (4.3) [*]	(129.8) F (13.2) F (4.3) F	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(908.9) (92.4) (29.8) 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates										
Estates Staff Depreciation		,	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(83.9) (80.3)
Interest Income Loss		•	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	(255.2)	0.0 (1786.3)
Total Recurrent Costs		0.0	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(2981.4)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits		0.0	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(2981.4)
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve) Warranty		•	9.9							9.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income		0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	•	(0.5)								0.0 (0.5) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs		(0.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.5)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits		(0.5)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.4
Capital Costs (include non-recovera	able \	VAT) (-ve)								
Refurbishment Equipment	•	(80.3)								0.0 (80.3) 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs		(80.3)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(80.3)
Total Costs		(80.8)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(425.9)	(3062.2)
CASH IMPACT (to exclude depreci	iation		(-2.0)	(==:0)	(==:0)	(==:0)	(==:0)	(==:0)	(==/0)	(
Benefits and Gains (Excl LOS)		0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Costs (Excl Depreciation) NET		(80.8) (80.8)	(414.5) (404.6)	(414.5) (414.5)	(414.5) (414.5)	(414.5) (414.5)	(414.5) (414.5)	(414.5) (414.5)	(414.5) (414.5)	(2981.9) (2972.1)
Cumulative Net		(80.8)	(485.3)	(899.8)	(1314.2)	(1728.7)	(2143.2)	(2557.6)	(2972.1)	(2972.1)
NPV At 3.5%		(80.8)	(390.9)	(386.9)	(373.8)	(361.2)	(349.0)	(337.2)	(325.8)	(2605.4)











Option 6a – Increase capacity with 2 additional machines – 5 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss		612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(269.2) (26.4) (8.5)	(1884.2) (184.8) (59.5) 0.0						
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Support directorates Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease)		(24.0) (22.9) (5.6)	(24.0) (22.9) (5.6)	(24.0) (22.9) (5.6)	(24.0) (22.9) (5.6)	(24.0) (22.9) (5.6)	(24.0) (20.1)	(24.0) (20.1)	(167.7) (154.8) (27.8) 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(348.1)	(348.1)	(2478.8)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	255.7	255.7	255.7	255.7	255.7	264.2	264.2	1807.0
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve)									
Warranty		15.1							15.1
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.1
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0) (1.0)								(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(3.0)	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1
Capital Costs (include non-recovera	ble VAT) (-ve))							
Refurbishment Equipment	(30.0)					,	(40.1)		(30.0) (40.1) 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	(30.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(40.1)	0.0	(70.1)
-									
Total Costs	(33.0)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(388.2)	(348.1)	(2552.0)
CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS)	0.0	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.1
Costs (Inc Depn - lease)	(33.0)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(356.5)	(368.2)	(328.0)	(2511.8)
NET Cumulative Net	(33.0) (33.0)	(341.4) (374.4)	(356.5) (730.9)	(356.5) (1087.5)	(356.5) (1444.0)	(356.5) (1800.5)	(368.2) (2168.7)	(328.0) (2496.7)	(2496.7) (2496.7)
	(00.0)	(017.7)	(1.00.0)	(1001.0)	(1177.0)	(1000.0)	(=100.1)	(= 100.1)	(2 100.1)
NPV At 3.5%	(33.0)	(329.9)	(332.8)	(321.6)	(310.7)	(300.2)	(299.5)	(257.8)	(2185.5)









Option 6b – Increase capacity with 2 additional machines – 7 year lease

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss		612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(269.2) (26.4) (8.5)	(1884.2) (184.8) (59.5) 0.0						
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Support directorates Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease)		(24.0) (22.9) (0.1)	(167.7) (160.5) (0.5) 0.0						
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(2457.2)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	261.2	261.2	261.2	261.2	261.2	261.2	261.2	1828.6
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve)									
Warranty		15.1							15.1
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.1
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0) (1.0)								(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(3.0)	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1
Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment	ble VAT) (-ve) (30.0)								(30.0) 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	(30.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(30.0)
Total Costs	(33.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(2490.2)
CASH IMPACT									
Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease)	0.0 (33.0)	15.1 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	0.0 (351.0)	15.1 (2490.2)
NET Cumulative Net	(33.0) (33.0)	(335.9) (368.9)	(351.0) (719.9)	(351.0) (1071.0)	(351.0) (1422.0)	(351.0) (1773.0)	(351.0) (2124.1)	(351.0) (2475.1)	(2475.1) (2475.1)
NPV At 3.5%	(33.0)	(324.5)	(327.7)	(316.6)	(305.9)	(295.6)	(285.6)	(275.9)	(2164.8)
7.1.0.070	(00.0)	(024.0)	(021.1)	(310.0)	(500.3)	(200.0)	(200.0)	(270.0)	(= 104.0)











Option 6c – Increase capacity with 2 additional machines – Capital Purchase

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss		612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	612.3	4285.8
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(269.2) (26.4) (8.5)	(1884.2) (184.8) (59.5) 0.0						
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation Interest		(24.0) (22.9)	(167.7) (160.5) 0.0 0.0						
Total Danimort Costs	0.0	(054.0)	(054.0)	(054.0)	(054.0)	(054.0)	(054.0)	(054.0)	(0.450.7)
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(2456.7)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	261.3	261.3	261.3	261.3	261.3	261.3	261.3	1829.1
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve) Warranty		15.1							15.1
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.1
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0) (1.0)								(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(3.0)	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1
Capital Costs (include non-recovera	, ,								
Refurbishment	(30.0)								(30.0)
Equipment	(160.5)								(160.5) 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	(190.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(190.5)
Total Costs	(193.5)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(351.0)	(2650.3)
CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecia	ation)								
Benefits and Gains (Excl LOS) Costs (Excl Depreciation)	0.0 (193.5)	15.1 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	0.0 (328.0)	15.1 (2489.7)
NET	(193.5)	(312.9)	(328.0)	(328.0)	(328.0)	(328.0)	(328.0)	(328.0)	(2474.6)
Cumulative Net	(193.5)	(506.4)	(834.4)	(1162.5)	(1490.5)	(1818.6)	(2146.6)	(2474.6)	(2474.6)
NPV At 3.5%	(193.5)	(302.3)	(306.2)	(295.9)	(285.9)	(276.2)	(266.9)	(257.8)	(2184.7)
									•











Option 7a - Increase capacity with 1 additional machine – 5 year lease (No cap on activity)

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss		262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(129.8) (14.2) (4.3)	(908.9) (99.7) (29.8) 0.0						
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve)									
Support directorates Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease) Income Loss		(12.0) (11.5) (2.8)	(12.0) (11.5) (2.8)	(12.0) (11.5) (2.8)	(12.0) (11.5) (2.8)	(12.0) (11.5) (2.8)	(12.0) (10.0)	(12.0) (10.0)	(83.9) (77.4) (13.9) 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(170.4)	(170.4)	(1213.5)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	87.8	87.8	87.8	87.8	87.8	92.0	92.0	622.9
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve) Warranty	•	9.9							9.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0) (1.0)								(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(3.0)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.9
Capital Costs (include non-recover: Refurbishment Equipment	able VAT) (-ve)				,	(20.1)		0.0 (20.1) 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(20.1)	0.0	(20.1)
Total Costs	(3.0)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(174.6)	(190.4)	(170.4)	(1236.6)
CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET	0.0 (3.0) (3.0)	9.9 (174.6) (164.7)	0.0 (174.6) (174.6)	0.0 (174.6) (174.6)	0.0 (174.6) (174.6)	0.0 (174.6) (174.6)	0.0 (180.4) (180.4)	0.0 (160.3) (160.3)	9.9 (1216.5) (1206.7)
Cumulative Net	(3.0)	(167.7)	(342.3)	(516.8)	(691.4)	(866.0)	(1046.3)	(1206.7)	(1206.7)
At 3.5%	(3.0)	(159.1)	(163.0)	(157.4)	(152.1)	(147.0)	(146.7)	(126.0)	(1054.4)









Option 7b - Increase capacity with 1 additional machine—7 year lease (No cap on activity)

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss		262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables		(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(908.9) (92.4) (29.8) 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation (lease) Interest (lease) Income Loss		(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(12.0) (11.5) (0.0)	(83.9) (80.3) (0.2) 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(1195.4)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	641.1
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve) Warranty		9.9							9.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0) (1.0)								(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(3.0)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.9
Capital Costs (include non-recovera Refurbishment Equipment	ble VAT) (-ve)							0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Capital Costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Costs	(3.0)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(170.8)	(1198.4)
CASH IMPACT Benefits and Gains (excl LOS) Costs (Inc Depn - lease) NET Cumulative Net	(3.0) (3.0) (3.0)	9.9 (170.8) (160.9) (163.9)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (334.7)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (505.4)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (676.2)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (847.0)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (1017.7)	0.0 (170.8) (170.8) (1188.5)	9.9 (1198.4) (1188.5) (1188.5)
NPV			Ì	Ì				_	·
At 3.5%	(3.0)	(155.5)	(159.4)	(154.0)	(148.8)	(143.8)	(138.9)	(134.2)	(1037.6)









Option 7c - Increase capacity with 1 additional machine – Capital Purchase (No cap on activity)

£ in 1000s	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	TOTAL
FINANCIAL BENEFITS / GAINS									
Recurrent Benefits (+ve) Length of Stay reduction Non Pay cost reduction Income Loss	,	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5 0.0 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Benefits	0.0	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	262.4	1836.5
COST ITEMS inflows / (outflows)									
Recurrent Costs (-ve) Directorate Costs Imaging Staff Maintenance Consumables	, , ,	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(129.8) (13.2) (4.3)	(908.9) (92.4) (29.8) 0.0
Other Recurrent Costs (-ve) Support directorates									
Estates Staff Depreciation Interest Income Loss	r	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(12.0) (11.5)	(83.9) (80.3) 0.0 0.0
Total Recurrent Costs	0.0	(170.7)	(170.7)	(170.7)	(170.7)	(170.7)	(170.7)	(170.7)	(1195.2)
Net Recurrent Costs/benefits	0.0	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	641.3
	0.0	31.0	31.0	91.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	041.5
Non-Recurrent Benefit (+ve)									
Warranty		9.9							9.9
Warranty Total Non-Recurrent Income	0.0	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9
	(2.0) (1.0)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch	(2.0)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9 (2.0) (1.0)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware	(2.0)	9.9							9.9 (2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0) (1.0) 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) ble VAT) (-ve)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) ble VAT) (-ve) (80.3)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) ble VAT) (-ve) (80.3)	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 0.0
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecia	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) (80.3) (80.3) (83.3)	9.9 0.0 9.9 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.9 (2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 (80.3)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecia Benefits and Gains (Excl LOS) Costs (Excl Depreciation)	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) (80.3) (80.3) (80.3) (83.3) ation) 0.0 (83.3)	9.9 0.0 9.9 (170.7) 9.9 (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3)	9.9 (2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 0.0 (80.3)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Capital Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecia Benefits and Gains (Excl LOS)	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) (80.3) (80.3) (83.3) (83.3)	9.9 0.0 9.9 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 ° 0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 ° 0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 ° 0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 ° 0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0 ° 0.0 0.0 (170.7)	0.0	9.9 (2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 (80.3)
Total Non-Recurrent Income Non-Recurrent costs (-ve) Ultrasound Couch Computer Hardware Total Non-Recurrent Costs Net Non-Recurrent Costs/benefits Capital Costs (include non-recoveral Refurbishment Equipment Total Capital Costs Total Costs CASH IMPACT (to exclude deprecial Benefits and Gains (Excl LOS) Costs (Excl Depreciation) NET	(2.0) (1.0) (3.0) (3.0) (80.3) (80.3) (80.3) (83.3) (83.3) (83.3)	9.9 0.0 9.9 (170.7) 9.9 (159.3) (149.4)	0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	0.0 0.0 (170.7) 0.0 (159.3) (159.3)	9.9 (2.0) (1.0) 0.0 (3.0) 6.9 0.0 (80.3) 0.0 0.0 (80.3) (1278.4)









Appendix 3 – Further Options Evaluation

ULTRASOUND BUSINESS	CASE - further financial evaluation Optio	ns 6 & 7		
	No of Scans			
Existing Ultrasound Capacity		based on curre	nt staffing at 20m	nins per scan
Current Ultrasound Activity				pertating 11000 scans above recommended level
Current Inpatient Activity	5,944			
,				
Operating Level	161%	based on recon	nmended patie	nt safe level
Average wait for inpatient scan	38	hours		
		Ontion 6	Option 7	Notes
No of Machines	Additional machines	Option 6	Option 7	notes
No or machines	Additional machines	N = = (O = = = = =	N (O	
	T	No of Scans	No of Scans	
Capacity and Demand	Additional Capacity	12,000	6,000	
	Capacity Increase	63%	32%	
	New Operating Level	99%	122%	Assumes no acitivity growth therefore, Option 6 is opertaing at safe level
	Improvement	62%	39%	
		£'000	£'000	
Financial Analysis (£000)	Total Cost	390	176	Based on 5 Year Lease Option
	Total Benefit - LOS Reduction	-612	-262	Based on bed day cost of £238.50 at 2567 beddays saved (see below)
	Net Benefit	-223	-86	
		Beddays	Beddays	
Bed Day Reduction	Due to increased capacity	1,367	1,100	Assumes reduced waiting time for inpatient scan will reduced overall LOS
	Preventable AKI	1,200		300 preventable cases per year - LOS reduction of 4 days per case
	Total	2,567	1,100	
Breakeven position	Income required to offset recurrent investment	-390	-176	
	Required bedday reduction	1,633	738	Number of inpatients required to reduce LOS by 1 day in order to cover cost of investment
		27%	12%	% of inpatients required to reduce LOS by 1 day in order to cover cost of investment
NOTES;				
•	□ ting above safe capacity ie recommended appo	nintment of 20mir	s ner natient ha	s reduced to 14mins
	scan is 38 hours, with 9% of patients waiting 3da			
				ity. Option 7 increases current capacity but does not meet demand at a safe operating leve
4. Reduction in Length of st				,
	ged earlier with no other factors impacting on dis	scharge		
- Assumes current discharge pe	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
• ,	s impacting on discharge remain constant			
	due to reduction in LOS is dependant on increa	sed throughput o	f Elective activi	ty or reduction in bed capacity
- The Trust is required to discha	arge 1,613 or 755 patients 1 day earlier in order fo	or the options to	break even	









Appendix 4

April 2018: All the ultrasound equipment in the Imaging Department failed its NHS QA assessment (See below).

QA Results

	Ultrasound WMH			
		Older than	Pass/Fail	
Machine	Imaging Department	5yrs	QA	Comment
1	Logic E9 : DTC Room 1	YES	FAIL	Required ASAP
2	HD15 : Annex	YES	FAIL	Scrapped May 2018: Short Rental replacement in place Aug 2018
3	Sonosite : Main Dept	YES	FAIL	Scrapped May 2018: Rented replacement to be sourced ASAP
4	IU22 : Main Dept	YES	FAIL	Scrapped June 2018: Rented replacement to be sourced ASAP
5	Logic E9 : Breast Imaging	YES	FAIL	Required ASAP
6	Siemens Antares : Main Dept	YES	FAIL	Scrapped May 2018: Rented replacement to be sourced ASAP

All machines are over 5 years old and have failed their QA and now require immediate replacement.

There is additional ultrasound equipment that requires replacing outside of the scope of this business case that will need to be addressed separately.











NHS Trust

MEETING OF THE PUBLIC TRUST BOARD – 5 th July 2018							
Performance Finance and Investment Committee Highlight Report AGENDA ITEM: 17							
Report Author and Job	John Dunn, Committee		Responsible		Russell Caldicott,		
Title:	Chair		Dir	Director:		ector of Finance &	
					Performance		
Action Required	Approval Decision Assurance and			nd In	d Information		
				To receive and To re		To receive	
				discuss X			
Recommendation	Members of the Trust Board are asked to receive the report for information and discuss any key information provided.						
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline							
Resource implications	There is no resource implications associated with this report.						
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equality & diversity implications associated with this paper.						
2018/19 Objectives	Continue our journey on patient safety and Clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme						
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership						
	Improve our financial health through our robust improvement programme						
	Develop the clinical service strategy focused X on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts						















Finance, Performance and Investment Committee Highlight Report

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of the report is to highlight the key issues from the meeting held on 27 June 2018 together with the approved minutes of the meeting held on 30 May 2018.

2. BACKGROUND

The Committee reports to the Trust Board each month following its meeting. The Board receives the approved minutes from the previous Committee meeting and a highlight report on the key issues raised at the most recent meeting.

3. DETAILS

The meeting was quorate, and the following items were discussed:

Presentation - The Model Hospital (Benchmark Review) - James Cook NHSI
A comprehensive presentation positioning Walsall against best in class Trust
performance for all front line and back office functions. The presentation highlighted
areas for improvement and consolidation. The presentation would be shared with Care
Groups and NHSI offered support in how to use the data in way to enhance patient
services.

May 2018 Financial performance

Performance was slightly adverse to plan mainly due to temporary staffing spend and CIP delivery. Work is currently underway to refine the financial plan with a clear focus on reducing the overall run-rate to bring performance back to plan and to focus on the profile of CIP delivery in Q2 and Q3. The full year plan currently has a unacceptable level of risk and it was agreed to produce a recovery plan that fully mitigates this. Details of the financial recovery plan will be available within the next two weeks and will be the subject of review at an extraordinary PFIC meeting.

Cost Improvement Programme

The current status of the plan was discussed in detail, whilst in month performance had substantially improved and was slightly adverse, considerable work was still underway to underpin full delivery. Currently the level of risk for delivery of the £13 m requirement was £5m. Work was continuing to convert the list of initiatives into firm plans.

CIP - Outpatient Initiative Review

Current progress was reviewed and the level of improvement achieved over the last 2 years. The plan was well structured and demonstrated a clear linkage to the improvement work stream initiated last year within the FIP programme. Weekly performance was expected to improve over the next few weeks.



Temporary Staffing

Nursing agency and bank usage was adverse to plan for month 2 whilst May position has improved, and it was agreed to update the committee on further actions to address the position as part of the financial recovery plan.

Constitutional standards operational report

A strong performance for the month, highlights:

Cancer standards

A&E performance in advance of plan

RTT performance on plan

Investment Appraisal

The committee made recommendations on the following items:

Ultrasound Business Case - recommendation to proceed for board approval

Gastroenterology Business Case - approval given

Walsall Together Consultancy Commission - recommendation to proceed for board approval

Estates Strategy - recommendation to proceed for board approval

Estates Refurbishment costs - approval given

Post Implementation Review

Change to Nurse Bank Pay Rate - project implementation met project timelines, benefits partially met, further action under consideration.

Committee Terms of Reference

The revised TOR were agreed

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board is recommended to DISCUSS the content of the report and raise any questions in relation to the assurance provided.

Report Author: John Dunn, Committee Chair PFIC

Date of report: 29 June 2018

APPENDICES

Minutes



MINUTES OF THE PERFORMANCE FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE HELD ON WEDNESDAY 30th MAY 2018 AT 2.00 P.M. IN MEETING SUITE A, MLCC

Present: Mr J Dunn Non-executive Director (Chair of Committee)

Mr S Heer Non-executive Director

Mr R Beeken Chief Executive

Mr R Caldicott Director of Finance and Performance

Mr A Khan Medical Director
Mrs K Blackwell Acting Nurse Director
Mrs J White Interim Trust Secretary

In Attendance: Mr M Dodd Divisional Operations Director - MLTC

Mr N Turner Divisional Director – Surgery (up to Item 005/18)
Mrs A Winyard Divisional Operations Director – Surgery (Item

005/18 only)

Mr Q Zada PMO Director

Mrs C Dawes Executive Assistant (Minutes)

Apologies: Mr D Fradgley Director of Strategy & Improvement

Mrs L Ludgrove Interim Director of Human Resources and

Organisational Development

Mr P Thomas-Hands Chief Operating Officer

The Chair welcomed everyone and opened the meeting. Apologies were noted and the meeting was declared quorate. Mr Dodd was in attendance on behalf of Mr Thomas-Hands.

ACTION

001/18 Quorum

The meeting was declared quorate in line with Item 5 of the Committee Terms of Reference; The Committee will be deemed quorate for the transaction of business when the two non-executive directors, the Director of Finance and Performance, the Chief Operating Officer and one other Executive Director are in attendance

002/18 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations of interest.

003/18 Minutes of the Meetings held on 21st February 2018 and Extraordinary

meeting held on 8th March 2018

Resolution:

The minutes of the meetings held on 21st February 2018 and Extraordinary meeting held on 8th March 2018 were approved as an accurate record.

004/18 Matters Arising and Action Sheet

The Committee received the status of the following actions: 095/17 Intermediate Care Business Case: report to June meeting. 24/1/18 KPMG Close Out report to be presented at a separate meeting in

September.

28/3/18 People Profile: Agreed not a report for this committee.

28/3/18 CIP Programme: Provide schedule of programme owners attendance at meetings

28/3/18 Change to Bank rates: Report to be presented at June meeting.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the status on the actions.

Mrs Winyard joined the meeting at this point.

005/18 Divisional Presentation – Division of Surgery

The Chair welcomed Mr Turner and Mrs Winyard who gave a presentation on the key performance and financial position for the Division of Surgery during Quarter 1.

It was highlighted overspends on nurse and medial staffing, together with CIP under delivery were they key drivers of the overspend position.

The chair acknowledged the improvement in the key performance indicators and highlighted there was a degree of variability in the control of processes and asked what the issues were. Mrs Winyard responded advising there had been a significant culture change and some processes were new and as these become embedded the process would become smoother and performance would improve. The key would be to have a daily co-ordinator overseeing the theatre processes and dealing with any issues and there was a plan to address this.

There was a discussion about the theatre utilisation, in particular when theatres were not being used and it was explained that some cases where more complex than others and it was about getting the best model to give improvement. Mr Khan suggested trialling having a second anaesthetist available to increase the number of cases.

There was a discussion about the centralisation of medical staffing resource in connection with rotas and work was being undertaken to improve the weekly analysis; however it was acknowledged trends were going in the right direction.

The Chair thanked Mr Turner and Mrs Winyard and summarised by noting there had been a big improvement which would give assurance to the Trust Board and focus was on delivery in quarter two.

Mr Turner and Mrs Winyard left the meeting at this point.

006/18 Financial Performance - 2018/2019 Month 1 Report

The Director of Finance and Performance outlined the 2018/2019 Financial position for Month 1 and highlighted the following:

- The Trust was reporting a deficit of £2,386k against a deficit plan of £2,483k, resulting in a favourable YTD deficit of £97k.
- The contracted income showed a favourable variance to plan of £86k. The Trust had agreed a contract with Walsall CCG commissioner

which provided for financial certainty on Emergency Inpatients, Rehabilitation and contract fines & penalties. The remainder of contracts with commissioners were on a cost & volume basis providing opportunity to deliver efficiencies through increased income.

- Expenditure was overspent by £154k YTD. The main area of overspending was non-pay relating to non-delivery of CIP in month. Pay was breakeven, despite overspending within Medical (£115k overspend) and Nursing (£440k overspend) to support the additional capacity open in April. These overspends were offset by underspends in other pay groups and phasing of pay reserves for developments
- The Trust's Annual Cost Improvement Programme requirement was £13m.
- The CIP plan for M1 was £763k (5.9% of the target) and actual delivery wass £168k (1.3% of target), resulting in an under achievement of £595k YTD. In addition, of this total £91k was delivered non-recurrently, placing increased pressure on future financial sustainability.
- The Trust's planned cash holding in accordance with borrowing requirements was £1m. The actual cash holding was £1.004m.
- The Trust's agreed borrowing for 2018/19 was £18.6m, reflecting the
 deficit plan. The interest payable on the increased borrowing adds to
 the future savings requirement. The level of interest currently payable
 on borrowing to date and to service the current financial plan was circa
 £2.3m payable in 2018/19.
- The year to date capital expenditure was £0.5m, with the main spends relating to ICCU (£0.3m), Estates Lifecycle (£0.07m), Medical Equipment (£0.03m) and Community Mobile technology (£0.05m).
- Total expenditure on temporary workforce was £1.914m (April 2018) representing a £91k reduction on the March total. Agency increased by £227k to £754k, Bank reduced by £285k to £526k and Locum reduced by £32k to £635k.

The Director of Finance and Performance commented the key risks were CIP delivery and temporary workforce expenditure, both of which would show improvement in May.

Questions and Comments

The Chair commented about the finance performance Amber rating at month 1 as he felt this was a generous assumption of the position.

The Chief Executive explained the escalation on bed numbers had not started to run down until late April and annual leave had impacted on efficiencies and was expecting an improvement in May.

There was a discussion on the ED capital scheme which had been included in a list of capital schemes being assessed by the local STP. It was requested this was further discussed at the Private Board in June.

RC

The Medical Director questioned the under-performance within the divisions noting the elective and outpatient activity was down and WCCSS division were under performing and asked how this would be improved. The Director of Finance & Performance agreed to look into this with the divisions.

RC

Mr Heer questioned the varying CIP targets within the report and asked for consistency in reporting. It was agreed a CIP delivery total of £13m would be used in future reports.

RC

Resolution:

The Committee:

Received and noted the content of the Month 1 Finance Report.

007/18 Improvement Programme Update

Mr Zada presented the Cost Improvement Programme update for month 1 and the following key messages were noted:

- The Cost Improvement Programme for 2018/19 was £13m. The month
 1 delivery was low due to income data awaiting validation
- Divisions were working to close the gap and complete PIDs for each scheme. Significant risk was highlighted in Medicine Division based on plans to date.
- Meetings arranged with the Chief Executive, Executive Leads, Director of Finance and PMO for all schemes. Mid-point reviews were being initiated.
- Activity in Outpatients and Theatres to be accelerated; however recent performance had demonstrated momentum.
- Work was underway with the divisions to bring forward delivery to reduce the risk of falling within Quarter 4.

There was discussion about the wording used to report progress as it was felt that until an idea had been processed and ratified through the various stages it was not considered a "plan" and should be reported as such. Mr Zada agreed to amend future reports to reflect the comments of the committee.

QΖ

There was discussion about the establishment of the PMO as it was felt that more pace and robust processes were necessary to ensure adequate resource capacity and capability was available for delivery of the target. Mr Zada explained that current members of the PMO were currently going through a Management of Change process. The committee offered any assistance necessary to support the process.

The Chair summarised by noting programmes were being underpinned but there was a degree of risk. Work was underway to re-profile the delivery to in Q2/Q3 to reduce the risk of back loading at the end of the year.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the Cost Improvement Programme Update
- Noted the report would be amended to reflect discussions on terminology

008/18 NHSI Control Total

The Director of Finance & Performance advised the Trust had received a revised offer of a control total for the 2018/19 financial year and explained the purpose of the report was to confirm the components of the revised offer, assess the benefits and pitfalls from accepting such an offer and seek confirmation of members views in reaching a consensus view that can form a recommendation to Trust Board.

It was acknowledged the paper was easy to understand to enable the committee to discuss and give their views. Members debated the information presented and all agreed with the decision to recommend acceptance of the control total to the Trust Board and to seek to mitigate the financial risk.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the report
- Agreed to recommend acceptance of the Control Total to the Trust Board
- Noted the agreement to seek to mitigate the financial risk

009/18 Temporary Staffing

The Director of Finance and Performance presented an overview of the temporary staffing report and the following highlights were noted:

- The Trust had been set a ceiling for agency expenditure by NHSI of £6.5m, representing a 1% reduction on the 2017/18 actual expenditure.
- The month 1 expenditure was £754k, against a plan of £422k. Both Medical and Nursing expenditure exceeded the phase plan.
- Nursing temporary workforce reduced against March total, however expenditure remained high due to capacity pressures in April. (Highest since January 2018).
- Temporary staffing reduced to £1.9m for April (March £2m) Total expenditure on nurse temporary staffing reduced to £898k for April
- Work was underway to mitigate the £2.5m run rate risk for June report

The committee questioned the effectiveness of grip and control processes as they did not appear to be working at present and what assurance would

be given that the June performance would improve. It was noted the agreed actions had not been captured within the report and these would be included for clarity in the next report.

The chair summarised discussion by noting the disappointing start to the year and there were actions agreed to mitigate the run rate risk for the June report.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the report
- Noted actions had been agreed to mitigate the run rate risk

010/18 Constitutional Standards Operational Update

Mr Dodd gave an overview of the Constitutional Standards relating to Emergency Department, Elective Access and Cancer. The key messages were highlighted as:

Emergency/Urgent Care:

- April performance had increased to 87.22% against a target of 83%.
- Medically Fit for Discharge (MFFD) list is reducing.
- April saw continued high levels of ambulances to ED (90+ ambulance arrivals on 14 days in month).
- Admissions per day had decreased from 89 in March to 86 in April.
- There were no 12 hour breaches.

Elective Access:

- Performance in April was 85.89% against a trajectory of 84.2%, which was a continued improvement against the March performance of 84.74%.
- The outpatient workstream continues to embed improvements on booking utilisation, reduction in DNA rates and using core capacity to see cancer referrals, whilst keeping WLI clinics to a minimum.
- The trajectory assumed delivery without WLI activity.
- The clinic booking utilisation target of 90% was achieved by all divisions in April
- There were 4 breaches in March.

Cancer:

 All national cancer measures achieved in March. Initial un-validated performance for April shows achievement of all cancer measures.

Diagnostics:

April performance was 99.05% thus achieving the 99% target.

Questions and comments:

The Chair summarised by noting the improved performance and commitment within A & E given the challenges and to concentrate now on improving performance produce a sustainable trend.

Resolution:

The Committee:

 Received and noted the content of the Constitutional Standards Operational Update.

011/18 Performance and Quality Report by Exception

The Performance and Quality Report was taken as read.

The Director of Finance asked the committee to note the penalties on performance and highlighted that key metrics were discussed at the Quality & Safety Committee.

Resolution:

The Committee:

· Received and noted the content of the report.

012/18 NHSI Resource Review

The Director of Finance gave a verbal update reporting that weekly CQC preparation meetings were taking place and a self-assessment run by regional teams would be undertaken with key indicators for CQC Reviews. Self-assessments would be based on Model Hospital.

It was noted Mr James Cook, Regional Productivity Director for East & West Midlands NHSI would be attending to present at the next meeting.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the report.
- Noted the Regional Productivity Director for East & West Midlands NHSI would be attending the next meeting

013/18 Gastroenterology Business Case

Mr Dodd gave an overview of Phase 2 of the Gastroenterology Business Case for the recruitment of specialist nurses and a pharmacist advising (Phase1 was previously approved) and explained there was a demand for the service as historically there had been underinvestment in specialist Gastroenterology nurse support and consultants resulting in below national performance standards and provision of care for patients, however it required prior agreement with the CCG.

The business case proposed a new workforce model requiring the recruitment of 3.3 wte specialist nurses and a 0.5 wte pharmacist.

The committee were in support from a clinical and patient perspective but agreed not to approve the business case until CCG agreement had been received.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the Gastroenterology Business Case
- Rejected the business case on the basis that CCG agreement had not been received

014/18 Pharmacy Subco Business Case

The Director of Finance and Performance gave an overview of the Business Case for the establishment of a subsidiary pharmacy to deliver outpatient dispensing services, thus addressing the current delays in the prescription and fulfilment of inpatient discharge medication and improving the customer experience and performance on patient discharges.

The committee raised concern on the ethics and ability to have a subsidiary pharmacy within the organisation if not a Foundation Trust and agreed to have an offline discussion to understand the structure. A meeting to be arranged to explore how to form a legal entity and the Director of Finance agreed to carry out the preparatory work for executive approval.

Resolution:

The Committee:

- Received and noted the content of the business case
- Agreed to have offline discussion on the legality
- Noted the Director of Finance would prepare details for executive approval

015/18 ANY OTHER BUSINESS

There was no other business discussed.

016/18 Date of Next Meeting

The next meeting of the Committee would be held on of **Wednesday**, **27**th **June 2018 at 2p.m.** in Room 10, Manor Learning and Conference Centre, Walsall Manor Hospital.



Partnership Update – Public Trust Board					AGE	NDA ITEM: 16		
Report Author and Job	Daren Fradg	ley –	Re	Responsible		Daren Fradgley –		
Title:	Director of Strategy & Director:		Director of Strategy &					
	Improvemen	t			orovement			
Action Required	Approval	Decision		Assurance a	ssurance and Information X			
				To receive and discuss		To receive		
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Boa	rd a	d are asked to: Receive the report and				
	the information	the information within.						
Does this report mitigate	BAF No. 12	That the ove	rall	strategy does	not c	deliver required		
risk included in the BAF o	changes resu	ulting in servi	ces	that are not af	forda	ble to the Local		
Trust Risk Registers?	Health Economy.							
please outline	BAF No. 15 If the Trust does not agree a suitable alliance							
	approach wit	approach with Local Health Economy partners it will be unable to						
	deliver a sustainable integrated care model.							
Resource implications	Resource implications for both Strategic Partnerships will be							
	mapped out clearly in a programme plan for the Trust Board							
Legal and Equality and	To Be confirmed as part of the programme plans							
Diversity implications								
Operational Objectives	Continue our journey on patient safety and X							
2018/19	clinical quality through a comprehensive							
	improvement programme							
	Develop the culture of the organisation to							
	ensure mature decision making and clinical							
	leadership							
	Improve our financial health through our							
	robust improvement programme							
	Develop the clinical service strategy focused X							
	on service integration in Walsall & in							
	collaboration	with other Tr	usts	Commercial	10			
				[Dec]	100			



PARTNERSHIP UPDATE July 2018

1. Introduction

In this month's report I will refer to numerous items of work that have been undertaken over the last month with partners. You will see from the information within the report that progress in collaboration with our partners is being made in multiple areas.

2. Visit to Rotherham

During the work undertaken on the Walsall Together Case for Change, several reference sites were used and recommended by KPMG. One of these sites was the borough of Rotherham which shares an almost identical demographic and provider and commissioner landscape. It is worth noting that Rotherham NHS Foundation Trust as an integrated provider of an almost identical size to the Trust is one of our peer sites in the model hospital and NHSi reference groupings.

Members from Walsall Council and the Trust were hosted by partners in Rotherham earlier this month and openly shared their progress and lessons learnt on the integration journey. The similarities between the challenges we face and the solutions we are proposing are so similar that you could read across some of our documents and mistake once for the other. In fact, Rotherham has 7 locality teams – identical to ourselves and their approach to place based care through a Together Programme is identical to the Walsall's.

Rotherham have made more progress in areas such as care coordination (single point of access) and communication than Walsall currently have and lessons can be learnt here. More impressively however, is the IT integration they have achieved internally where capacity and patient flow can be seen moving across acute beds all the way through nursing homes and back into their own home under the care of their locality teams.

In contrast Rotherham haven't made the progress we have with the future provider models and intermediate care. To this end we have a mutual interest to openly share progress and to some extent look at planning as a peer group to test out our future models of care. The team has also expressed their interest in coming to see what we have achieved in Walsall. A real opportunity exists to explore how we can replicate the IT approach within our system with their support and guidance. I have agreed to coordinate regular communication and sharing sessions for our mutual interest which is mirrored across providers and the CCG's.

3. Walsall Together - Planning

Following the commitment of all partners last month to jointly fund the next steps of the Walsall Together Partnership, coordination has commenced to build a programme plan and consider which of the current meetings can be converted into a programme board. Further to this piece of work and ultimately preparation of a full business case, scoping is underway to establish



robust governance process for each organisation to consider and establish appropriate decision making that this complimentary to current Trust governance arrangements. This will be essential for the next stage of the programme and to assure that appropriate steps are taken to consult and approve in the correct order. Board members will be kept fully advised and briefed as this work progresses.

4. Walsall Together - Clinical / Practitioner Leadership Forum

Part of the programme planning mentioned above is a firm commitment from all partners that the next stage of clinical pathways and operational models are shaped by our front-line teams in the order in which the current challenges are face. To this end, a leadership forum has been established that met for the first time two weeks ago.

There was broad agreement in the room that our operational leaders have a willingness to shape the next part of our integration work, aligning the current pathways and removing the barriers that exist between organisations. It was expressed that pathways are often appropriate, but referral times and methods of communication are the issues that needed to be tackled together. It is anticipated with a concerted effort to remove unnecessary duplication of effort we can achieve a better outcome for our population in a shorter timeframe than currently.

There was a strong and universal view shared that a single record view of the patient / care record should be as much a priority as the pathway work itself and whilst it was accepted that different systems would remain in place across the borough, this should not prevent the integration of this information into a single view. The request to share information across systems and data to inform of patient flows and capacity is now being considered a material part of the next steps.

5. Single Care Record - End of life pathway

Towards the end of last year, the CCG with the support of the Walsall Together Partnership Board managed to secure some digital funding to commence a view of a shared record approach. This approach is in line with the request outlined in the previous section of this report.

Scoping work has been undertaken and all partners have agreed that this should be piloted against the national requirement for a single end of life register and patient record. In relation to Walsall Together, this is one of the patient groups that will be within the scope of phase one of the programme and most beneficial of integrated care for patients at the end of their lives.

The first project board met last week to scope out a deployment programme that will ultimately see this record delivered in Q4 of this year. As you can appreciate, this is a hugely complex piece of work, but has been achieved in other areas of the country and therefore those models are being used as templates for the Walsall deployment. This work will also provide the foundation for a wide whole system shared care record shortly afterwards which will need scoping and funding appropriately.

6. Integrated Care System development (formally STP)

A significant amount of work is going on in this area with numerous members of the Executive, Clinical and Technical leadership teams meeting weekly across the Black Country to work



through development plans with the support of NHSe. This is covered in the CEO report this month and therefore not duplicated here.

7. Primary Care Tender outcome for APMS practices

Board members will be aware that the Trust had submitted a joint bid with partners from Walsall Council, Mental Health and led by Modality for the APMS practices within Walsall. The tender relates to the practices noted below and is for a period of 5 years extendable to 10 years.

Lot	Practices	Actual List Size at 1/10/2017
1	Wharf Family Practice	3,542
	Sai Practice	3,750
	Manor Medical	2,913
2	Harden Family Practice	2,738
	Coalpool Family Practice	4,123
	Blakenhall Family Practice	5,844
3	Keys Family Practice	4,833
4	Collingwood Family Practice	5,105

I am pleased to announce that the Partnership was success in winning the Tender across all four lots. This is an amazing achievement for the all lead by Modality and signals a new phase in the Trusts operations across the borough. The successful nature of the bid was around the strength of the integrated working and our collective approach to putting the patient at the core of our place-based thinking. The Trust will be able to support the operation of these practices by linking primary and secondary care clinicians together with community colleagues so that they are able to wrap around the communities that they serve.

As planning for deployment progresses board members will be kept current through board committees.

8. RECOMMENDATIONS

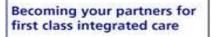
The Board is asked to **NOTE** the information within this report.

Report Author: Daren Fradgley – Director of Strategy & Improvement

Date of report: 27th June 2018



MEETING OF THE TRUST BO	ARD						
Change of Vision Statement						AGENDA ITEM: 19	
Report Author and Job Title:	e: Roseanne Crossey, Head Responsible			sponsible	Daren Fradgley,		
	of Business	Development	Dir	ector:	or: Director of Strate		
	and Planning			Imp	provement		
Action Required	Approval Decision Assurance a			Assurance an	nd Information		
	X		-	To receive and		To receive	
		c		discuss			
Recommendation		1					
	Members of the Trust Board are asked to approve the change of the Trust's Vision statement from: Becoming your Partners for First-Class Integrated Care to: Caring for Walsall Together.						
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	N/A						
Resource implications	Communications plan and engagement of stakeholders. Rebranding of Trust literature and signage.						
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equality & diversity implications associated with this paper."						
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue our journey on patient safety and clinical quality through a comprehensive improvement programme						
	Develop the culture of the organisation to ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership Improve our financial health through our robust improvement programme Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts						















EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In 2016/17 the Trust adopted the vision statement of **Becoming Your Partners for First-Class Integrated Care**. It is underpinned by five strategic objectives as depicted below:



Figure 1: Trust's Current Vision Statement and Strategic Objectives.

More recently the Trust has undertaken an engagement exercise to reset its values, which will be released in July. During this refresh we took the opportunity to revisit the existing vision statement, which has had mixed reviews and has been described as too complex and not memorable.

Developments in our partnering relationships confirm that our existing strategic objectives remain relevant to the Trust, and whilst the strategy requires additional work most notably by a supporting delivery plan, it remains fit for purpose.

The current vision statement draws together the ambition for high quality care delivered in partnership. It is felt that these components should not be lost in the refresh of the statement, but merely simplified.

Following a variety of views and discussions with, staff and other internal and external stakeholders, the Executive team feel that this is the right time to refresh our vision statement only.

The proposed new vision statement is:



Caring for Walsall Together.

It is the general consensus that the revised statement addresses the issues of memorability, and strategic intent, and importantly aligns with our determined ambition to be the host organisation of the Walsall Together Partnership.

The proposed change of vision statement has been discussed and endorsed by the Executive Committee and, subject to Board approval, will be implemented with immediate effect.

RECOMMENDATION

The Board is asked to **approve** the new vision statement.

Daren Fradgley 27th June 2018



MEETING OF THE PUBLIC	TRUST BOA	RD – Thursda	y 5 th July 201	8		
Charitable Funds Committee – Highlight Report					ENDA ITEM: 21	
Report Author and Job	Jackie White		Responsible	Vic	Vicky Harris	
Title:	Trust Secretary		Director:	No	Non-Executive	
					ector	
Action Required	Approval	Decision	Assuranc	Assurance and Information X		
			To receiv	e and	To receive X	
			discuss			
Recommendation	Members of	the Trust Boa	 rd are asked t	to:		
	Discuss the content of the report and raise any questions in relation to the assurance provided					
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	There are no risk implications associated with this report					
Resource implications	There are no resource implications associated with this report					
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equality & diversity implications associated with this paper					
Operational Objectives 2018/19	Continue ou clinical quali improvemen Develop the ensure matu	Х				
	ensure mature decision making and clinical leadership Improve our financial health through our					
	robust improvement programme					
	Develop the clinical service strategy focused on service integration in Walsall & in collaboration with other Trusts					

Charitable Funds Committee Highlight Report

Becoming your partners for first class integrated care













1. Introduction

The Committee reports to the Corporate Trustee meeting following its meeting. The Trustees receive the approved minutes from the previous Committee meeting and a highlight report on the key issues raised at the most recent meeting. The report covers the key issues from the meeting held on 21st June 2018 together with the approved minutes of the meeting held on the 19th April 2018.

2. Key Issues from Meeting Held on 21st June 2018

- 2.1 The meeting was quorate and Chaired by Mrs Vicky Harris, Non-Executive Director and Committee Chair
- 2.2 The Committee noted a number of substantial donations (£20,000 and £5,000) and wished to record its thanks. These donations provided sufficient funding for a Unique & CFM Starter Kit and a Sertain Chair.
- 2.3 The Committee discussed the fundraising events which were due including the A & E Fundraiser the coming weekend, NHS 70th Birthday June and July, and 'It's a Knockout' 14th July. Members are recommending attendance at the 70th Birthday and 'It's a Knockout'.

3. Recommendations

The Trustees are recommended to discuss the content of the report and raise any questions in relation to the assurance provided.

Report Author: Jackie White - Trust Secretary

Date of report: 29th June 2018

APPENDICES

Approved minutes of the Charitable Funds Committee held on 19th April 2018



MINUTES OF CHARITABLE FUNDS COMMITTEE HELD ON THURSDAY 19TH APRIL 2018 SEMINAR ROOM ROUTE 126

Present:

Mrs V Harris Non-Executive Director

In Attendance:

Mr R Caldicott Director of Finance

Mrs S Jones Charitable Funds Accountant
Mr T Kettle Deputy Director of Finance
Mrs G Westley Fundraising Manager
Mrs J White Trust Secretary

Apologies for Absence:

Mr T Baker Chief Financial Accountant

Mrs B Beal Director of Nursing
Mr R Beale Non-Executive Director

Action

Mrs Harris welcomed everyone to the meeting.

01/18 **Declarations of Interest**

There were no declarations of interest raised in relation to the agenda items.

02/18 Minutes of Meeting Held on 17th January 2018

The minutes of the meeting held on 17th January 2018 were agreed as a true record.

Resolution:

The Committee received and approved the minutes of the meeting held on 17th January 2018.

03/18 Action Tracker

The items on the action tracker were discussed and updated.

62/17 Retirement Lunches: Mrs Harris confirmed that a debate had previously been held regarding the funding of lunches, however, the committee were not aware that any communication had been circulated to the wider organisation. Mr Caldicott confirmed that in accordance with the amended Charitable Funds Policy the Committee would not agree any further funds for retirement lunches. Mrs Ilic to take forward.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the progress and update on the action tracker.

A communication to be made to the wider organisation regarding JI funding of retirement lunches

04/18 Matters Arising



NHS Trust

a) Pooling of Funds: Mr Caldicott advised that the committee should agree the priorities for investment from the General Fund and if the resource was exhausted then a priority list would be in place until the resource was available. Mr Caldicott expressed the view that the paper presented was radically different. Mr Kettle advised that the shortfall in funding was due to the £200,000 for the support of the Gamma Camera. Mr Caldicott confirmed that the support of the Gamma Camera was a separate conversation and a paper would be provided for the Corporate Trustees Meeting to agree a method of funding.

Mrs Jones gueried the Robotic Software and ED post, a commitment of £298,000 with £24,000 remaining in the General Fund. Mr Caldicott expressed the view that the committee needed to be clear about the commitments made from the General Fund which could not be afforded. Mrs Jones confirmed that some of the items had already been purchased and Mr Kettle reminded the committee that the items were agreed by a Chair's action from several months ago. Mrs Harris requested that the governance around charitable requests be tightened with a move back to a committee decision. Mrs White advised that the committee needed to agree how the process would be managed with the resources in the funds matched to the requests and the paperwork policed. It was agreed that Mrs Jones and Mrs Ward would liaise to clarify the process. Following discussion around taking Chair's action it was agreed that all decisions would be made within the committee process. The following requests were identified as agreed without the availability of funds:

- Enhanced therapy
- Robotic software
- ED post
- b) IPADS for Surgery and MLTC: Mr Kettle confirmed that no further information had been received regarding the request to purchase. It was agreed that the item would be removed from the agenda.
- c) Lifestyle Services: Mrs Westley advised that this was a pilot project to enable some members of staff within the organisation following the loss of the Lifestyle Services contract, Mrs Westley further confirmed that the members of staff had now left the Trust. Following discussion, it was agreed that feedback on the project should be provided and Mrs Davis, Head of Learning and Development would be invited to the next meeting to provide an appropriate report.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the progress with matters outstanding

Mr Caldicott to update the Corporate Trustees in relation to funding of the Gamma Camera

Funding requests for the Committee to be clarified IPADS to be removed from the agenda Report to be received on the Lifestyle Services Project

RC

SJ/AW AW AW



05/18 Quarterly Review of Expenditure Below £5k

The content of the report was noted by the Committee.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the contents of the report

06/18 Review of Expenditure Requests £5k to £99,999 for Authorisation

IPADS for Friends & Family Test – Mrs Harris advised that clarity would be needed around the request and the committee could not agree until the paperwork was presented.

Long Service Awards – Mrs Jones advised that the paperwork had been received today. Mr Caldicott expressed the view that there needed to be a discussion with the Corporate Trustees about the funding of Long Service Awards and the Trust Ball. Mr Caldicott agreed to present a paper to Corporate Trustees Meeting regarding the over commitment of the General Fund for a decision on whether to top slice or not from other funds, together with a resolution regarding the funding of staff events.

Birthing Pool Hire – Mrs Jones advised that the birthing pool hire request was for a decision in principle. A discussion took place regarding the offering of a birthing pool facility at home and Mr Caldicott suggested that the pools should be trialled through the Divisional budget. A further discussion took place regarding any liability insurance that would need to be in place prior to offering the facility in patients own homes in relation to damage or failure, Mrs Ilic confirmed that other hospitals offered the service and felt that a disclaimer would be in place. Mr Caldicott advised that he felt the request had come to the wrong committee as the request was a clinical change of practice and should be discussed at Trust Quality Executive. The Committee agreed that feedback should be provided to the Division and Mr Caldicott agreed to provide the detail to confirm that the committee did not endorse the request as it was felt it was a service change for enhancement.

Digitrapper – Mr Caldicott queried whether the VAT was recoverable and advised that if the VAT was recoverable then the requester had sufficient funds in their own Trust Fund. It was agreed that should the VAT not be recoverable then the committee could not approve.

HDU Monitors – Mrs Harris confirmed that she had approved from the maternity fund prior to the meeting. Mrs Harris signed the paperwork as agreed.

Mrs Jones queried the process for requests that were £4900 and whether there was any particular action the committee wished her to take, Mrs White suggested that a review could be taken afterwards, if the cost was not noted at the time.

Resolution:

The Committee agreed that approval would not be granted until appropriate paperwork received for requests

Mr Caldicott to discuss funding for Long Service Awards and the



NHS Trust

position of the General Fund at Corporate Trustees Meeting

RC

Birthing Pool Hire – rejected

Mrs Jones to advise regarding the VAT on Digitrapper

The Committee approved the purchase of HDU Monitors

SJ

07/18 Review of Expenditure Requests £100+ for Recommendation to Trustees

There were no requests for consideration.

08/18 Quarterly Review of Charitable Income & Expenditure

Mr Kettle summarised the income and expenditure and advised that expenditure was higher than income. The review also contained the list of individual funds. The balance of funds was noted at £1.2m with a commitment of £181,000 of which £200,000 was restricted funds. Mrs White queried whether the committee could do anything to encourage fund raising, Mrs White agreed to discuss further with Mr Caldicott outside the meeting.

Mrs White queried how people would feel if the committee decided to pool the funds, Mrs Westley responded that she felt staff would be unhappy. Mr Kettle confirmed that pooling had occurred previously but by specialty, Mrs White suggested a short-term movement of funds, Mr Caldicott responded that a proposal would be needed and the committee could agree to top slice, however, that could have a departmental effect on other funds and queried whether the Trustees would be happy for that to occur at the discretion of the Charitable Funds Committee. The comments were noted for information.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the contents of the Income & Expenditure report.

09/18 Estimate of Income & Expenditure for Year/Budget Planning

Mr Caldicott advised that the paper was a Trust summary highlighting the issue of going below the agreed level of available cash, Mrs White confirmed that a report would be needed to the Corporate Trustees if the fund decreased to below the threshold.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the contents of the Budget Planning report.

10/18 Report on Investment Portfolio Year to Date

Mr Kettle provided an overview of the Investment portfolio and advised that the fund had decreased between September 2017 – December 2017 from £1.5m - £1.3m due to selling of some investments to fund expenditure previously approved. Mr Kettle further confirmed that the transfer of the investment funds to the new fund manager had not yet occurred. Mr Caldicott requested a confirmed date when the transfer would be made and also requested that W H Ireland be asked why they had put all the funds into UK equities. Mr Caldicott requested that the committee be



made aware of the transfer date to the new provide.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the content of the investment report

Mr Kettle to query the funds all being in UK equities TK
Mr Kettle to advise the transfer date to the new investment provider TK

11/18 Fundraising Update

Mrs Westley provided an update on fundraising activities planned.

- Boxing evening including an auction
- Yam Yam Elvis date to be confirmed
- Make A Will Fortnight

Mrs Westley advised that work would be undertaken on legacy funding, a marketing package would also be put together for use on televisions that would help to fund the Trust Ball and Long Service Awards. Mrs Harris expressed the thanks of the committee to Mrs Westley.

Mrs Westley further advised that the organisation had been approached by Aston Villa Academy regarding fund raising, this would be in relation to Ward 21. Mrs Harris suggested that Skanska could be approached to undertake some refurbishment under their corporate charitable fund, Mrs Westley described a scheme that Skanska had previously discussed whereby they would pay in the Charitable Fund if they found items that needed attention in the retained estate, Mr Caldicott urged caution with the scheme, Mrs Westley agreed to obtain further detail.

Mrs Westly queried whether charitable money was being spent, Mrs White confirmed that fund managers could approve up to £5k and the trigger would be the list of requests which could be followed up with a communication.

Mrs Westley advised that the staff located in the Purple Hub would be relocated and fund raising would have a shop in the present ambulance bay. Mr Caldicott confirmed the plans. A discussion took place with regard to raising the profile of the organisation in relation to fund raising Mrs Westley confirmed that she had discussed with Enoch Evans and they had confirmed that legacy income had reduced in general terms, however, Mrs Westley would continue to work with people who wished to leave a sum of money to the organisation.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the Fundraising update

Mrs Westley to obtain further details of the Skanska Charitable GW

Scheme

12/18 Receipt of Fundraising Committee Highlight Report/Minutes

Mrs Westley confirmed that the last meeting was an update discussion



between three people. Mr Caldicott advised that going forward he would be part of the Fundraising Committee. Mrs Westley advised that a workshop would be held in conjunction with the Finance Department and Communications during May to which fund managers would be invited.

Resolution:

The Committee received and noted the verbal report.

13/18 Fundraising Strategy

Mrs Harris confirmed that the Fundraising Strategy was to be presented at the Corporate Trustee meeting for ratification, following discussion it was agreed that the strategy should be updated prior to the meeting on 3rd May, Mrs Ilic to re-circulate to members once refreshed.

Resolution:

The Committee agreed to receive an updated Fundraising Strategy JI for presentation to Corporate Trustees Meeting.

14/18 Any Other Business

There were no further items for discussion

15/18 Date & Time of Next Meeting

Thursday 21st June 2018 at 10.00 a.m., Seminar Room 5